

HOYA Corporation Q2 FY2021 Earnings Presentation

October 28, 2021

Forward Looking Statement

HOYA may make comments and disclose information which include forward-looking statements with respect to HOYA s plans and future performance. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements and are based on management s assumptions and beliefs in light of the information available when such statements were prepared, including exchange and interest rates, international situations, market trends and economic conditions, competition, production capacity, estimates of revenues, operating margins, capital expenditures, cash, other financial metrics, expected legal, arbitration, political, regulatory, clinical or research and development capabilities, results or practices, customer patterns or practices, reimbursement activities and outcomes, effects of pandemics or other widespread health problems such as the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic on our business, and other such estimates and results. HOYA does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information and HOYA does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Key Takeaways

- 1. Record-high revenue and profit
- 2. Life Care Business continued to recover QoQ despite the resurgence of the Covid impact in some countries/regions
- 3. Double-digit growth for all products in the Information Technology Business. In particular, 3.5" substrates for data centers continued to show momentum
- 4. Infection resurged at facilities in Southeast Asia, but the impact was minimized by vaccinating employees as well as other measures

Financial Overview

(¥bn)	Q2 FY20	Q1 FY21	Q2 FY21	YoY	QoQ
Revenue	140.3	158.0	162.6	+16%	+3%
Pretax Profit	40.2	51.0	54.0	+34%	+6%
Net Profit	31.8	41.3	43.0	+35%	+4%
cf. Operating Profit	43.3	49.4	49.2	+14%	-0%
cf. Operating Profit Margin	30.9%	31.3%	30.3%	-0.6ppt	-1.0ppt

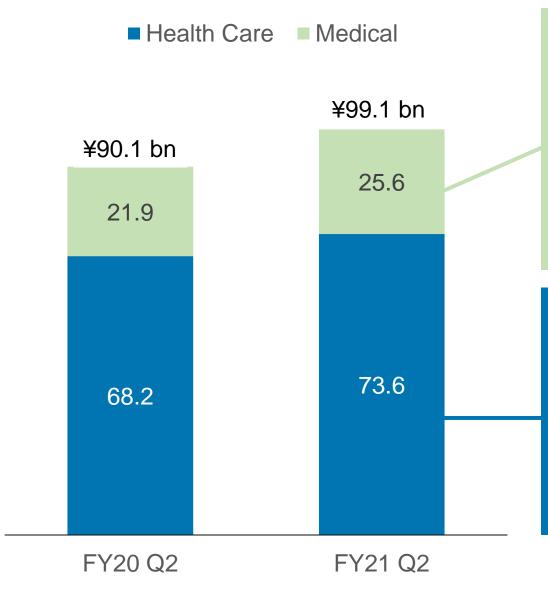
[•] On a constant currency basis, growth rate was +12% for revenue and +31% for PTP

Life Care

(¥bn)	Q2 FY20	Q1 FY21	Q2 FY21	YoY	QoQ
Revenue	90.1	96.8	99.1	+10%	+2%
Pretax Profit	17.7	21.8	23.4	+32%	+7%
cf. Operating Profit	21.2	20.6	19.8	-7%	-4%
cf. Operating Profit Margin	23.5%	21.3%	19.9%	-3.6ppt	-1.4ppt

- On a constant currency basis, growth rate was +6% for revenue and +30% for PTP
- Compared to pre-Covid (FY19 Q2), revenue was -5%

Life Care: Revenue by Product



Endoscopes [YoY +12% / vs FY19 -7%]

- -Continued to recover, although there were some differences between countries
- -However, we could not keep up with the demand due to shortage of semiconductors

IOLs [YoY +7% / vs FY19 -6%]

- -Europe, US and APAC continued to recover.
- -Japan to recover from Q3 with improved vax rates.

Eyeglass Lenses [YoY +3% / vs FY19 +1%]

- -Sales declined in SE Asia, but rose sharply in China, resulting in an overall increase
- -Sales grew for value accretive products such as MiYOSMART

Contact Lenses [YoY +8% / vs FY19 -4%**]

- -Home delivery services contributed to growth
- -Expect further recovery in 2H. Accelerate M&A

^{*}Constant currency basis

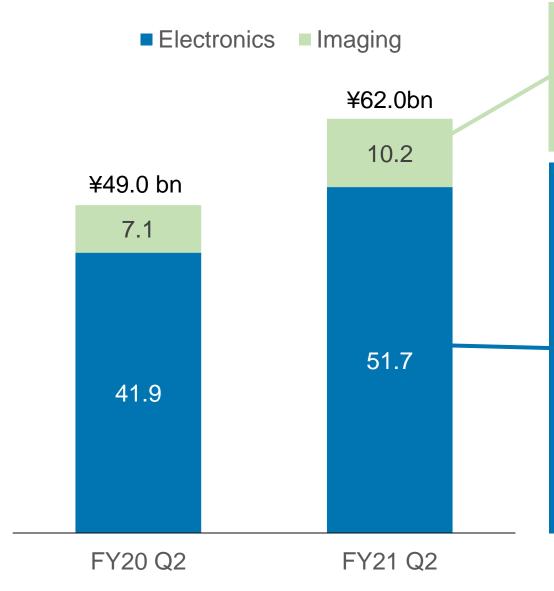
^{**} Excluding the impact of the pre-consumption tax hike surge in Q2 FY19 (approx. 4.6 billion yen)

Information Technology (IT)

(¥bn)	Q2 FY20	Q1 FY21	Q2 FY21	YoY	QoQ
Revenue	49.0	59.8	62.0	+27%	+4%
Pretax Profit	22.4	30.0	31.0	+39%	+3%
cf. Operating Profit	22.8	29.7	30.1	+32%	+1%
cf. Operating Profit Margin	46.7%	49.6%	48.6%	+1.9ppt	-1.0ppt

On a constant currency basis, growth rate was +23% for revenue and +35% for PTP

IT: Revenue by Product



Imaging [YoY +37%]

- -In addition to reversal demands, new mirrorless camera products contributed to the growth
- -Discover new applications considering profitability and production capacity

Mask & Blanks [YoY +15%] LSI

- -EUV blanks grew >40% with volume and ASP growth
- -No change in competitive environment

FPD

- -SKU increase in China resulted in sales growth
- -Plan to establish a JV with BOE to strengthen business in China

HDD Substrates [YoY +26%]

- -CSP investment continued, 3.5" grew QoQ
- -2.5" robust due to continued external drive demand

^{*}Constant currency basis

Highlights from the Balance Sheet & Cash Flow

Cash

- FCF generated in Q2 was 40.4 bn yen (+0.7 bn yen YoY)
- Cash & cash equivalents increased to 386.5 bn yen (+49.1 bn yen YoY)

CAPEX*

- Q2 actual was 6.5 bn yen (-2.0 bn yen YoY)
- We expect around 30 bn yen this fiscal year**

D&A

- Q2 was 10.6 bn yen (+1.7 bn yen YoY); slight increase QoQ (+0.3 bn yen)
- We expect around 43.0 bn yen annual D&A

^{*}Cash flow basis. Acquisition of PPE

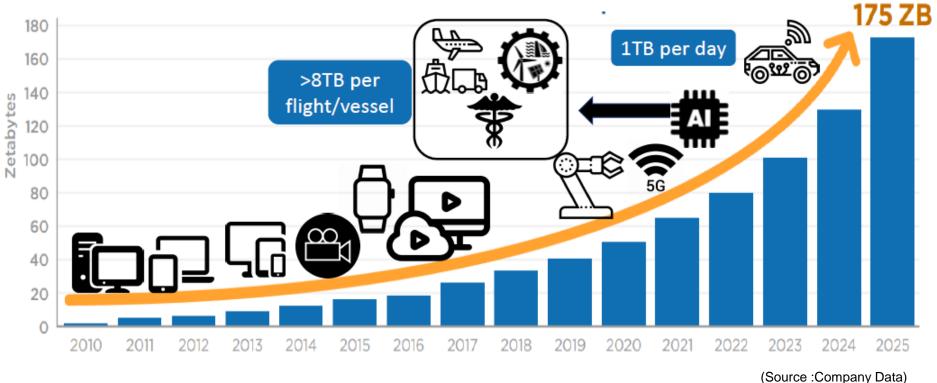
^{**}Decision basis. It may vary depending on the timing of cash-out

Topic: Why Data Centers Need Glass

A Data-driven World

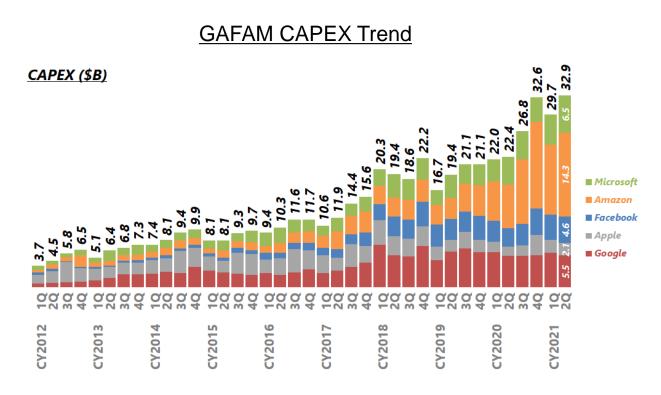
Growth of the global datasphere accelerated with the development of technologies such as
 5G and artificial intelligence

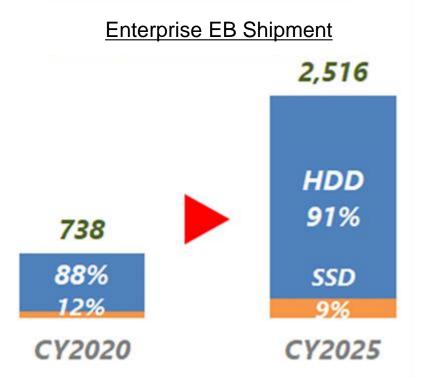
Global Datasphere



Growth Opportunity for HDDs

- Along with the growth in the datasphere, GAFAM's CAPEX continued to increase; record high in CQ2
- HDDs are expected to play a leading role in near-line storage, representing 80-90% of the enterprise data storage

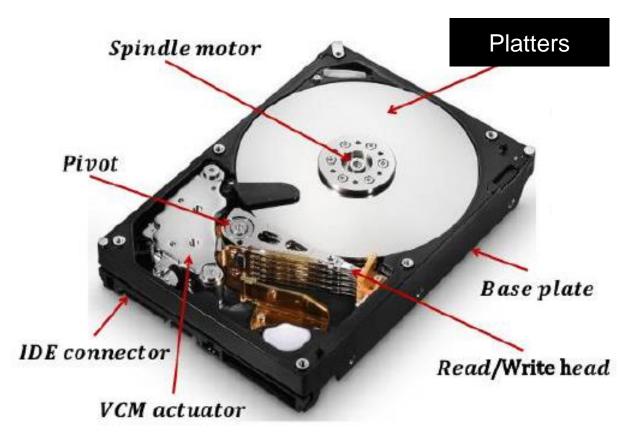




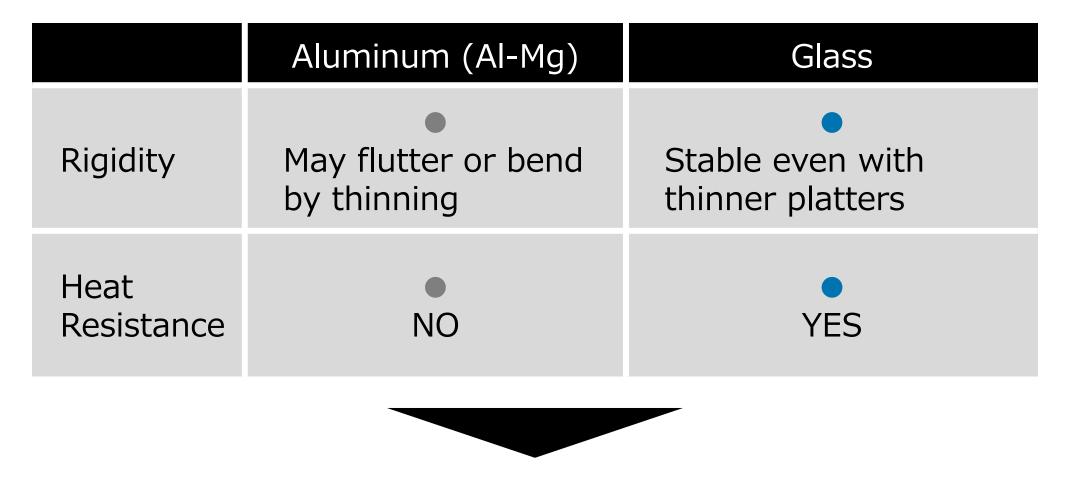
(Source: GAMFAM Capex report Aug 2021) (Source: Company Data)

Glass Substrates for HDDs

- The disk-shaped component in an HDD is called a platter
- A platter is a glass or aluminum substrate coated with magnetic material to enable data to be recorded
- Currently, HOYA is the only manufacturer of glass substrates for HDDs



Advantages of Glass



We will discuss this advantage more in detail on the following pages

Two Ways to Increase HDD Data Capacity

- TCO (Total Cost of Ownership) is critical for cloud service providers
- HDDs have increased data capacity by (1) enhancing areal density (2) increasing the number of platters, which has contributed to the improvement of TCO

(1) Improve Areal Density

Shrink bit cells to increase the amount of data that can be written per platter

✓ HAMR

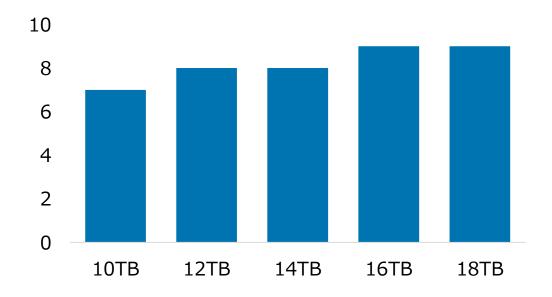
✓ MAMR

✓ ePMR

(2) Increase Number of Platters

Increase the number of platters per drive by making the platter thinner

Number of Platters / Data Capacity



(1) Improve Areal Density

Aluminum

Glass

290°C

710°C

- Next gen recording technology HAMR (Heat Assisted Magnetic Recording) requires higher heat resistance due to higher sputtering temperature etc.
- Glass-based platters are the only solution for HAMR adoption, due to higher heat resistance

	PMR	MAMR	HAMR
Max Capacity per Platter (Estimate)	Approx. 2TB	2.3TB-2.5TB	4.4TB*
Required Heat Resistance	Approx. 200°C	Approx. 200°C	Approx. 650°C or higher
			*Potential to go up to 6.7TB in the longer run
Heat Resistance of Platter			

(Source : Company Data, IDEMA Forum 2017, Seagate Analyst Day 2021)

(2) Increase Number of Platters

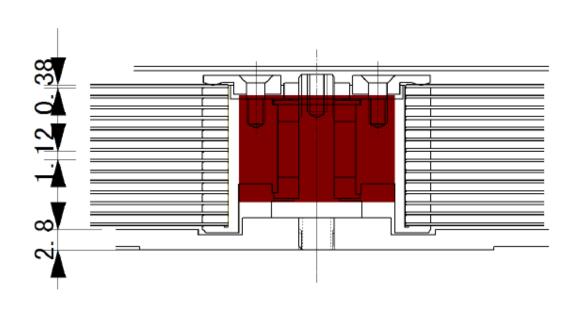
- Although it will depend on the composition of the material, glass platters generally have higher rigidity than aluminum and can be made thinner
- By using the most rigid glass substrate, 12 platters can be mounted with a thickness of 0.4 mm.* (c.f. Today's highest capacity drive: 9 platters / 0.5mm)
- If the platters are made thinner with low rigidity, there is a risk that the platters will deflect and collide with other components, generating particles that affect read/write performance

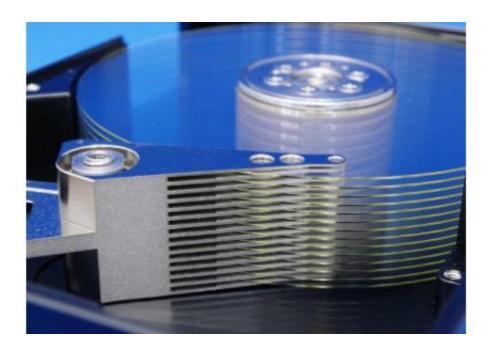
Material	Aluminum (Al-Mg)	Glass
Rigidity (Young's Modulus)	71 GPa	98 Gpa

^{*}Thinning the other components, such as heads and spacers, is also required.

(2) Increase Number of Platters - cont'd

- There is potential for us to go further; 14 platters per drive by 0.38mm thickness combined with thinner spacers
- We will continue to enhance our glass substrate supply capacity based on customer needs to support the secular growth of the near-line HDD market





Notes

- ✓ Accounting standard: IFRS
- ✓ The fiscal year ending March 2022 is referred to as "FY21" throughout this document.
- ✓ Figures less than 100 million yen are rounded down. Accordingly, some discrepancies may occur among totals. Ratios are calculated using actual numbers.
- ✓ Operating profit is calculated as reference information for investors; calculated by deducting finance income/costs, share of profits(loss) of associates, foreign exchange gain/loss and other temporary gain/loss from pretax profit.
- ✓ We have omitted a detailed breakdown of financial statements. Please refer to the *tanshin* or the quarterly report for detailed numbers. http://www.hoya.co.jp/english/investor/library.html

