Securities Code: 5411.T



JFE Group

Financial Results for Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2021 ending March 31, 2022

JFE Holdings, Inc. February 8, 2022



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This presentation material is for information and discussion purpose only.

Any statements in the presentation which are not historical facts are future projections based on certain assumptions and currently available information. Please note that actual performance may vary significantly due to various factors.

Consolidated Results for Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2021 (April 1 to December 31, 2021)



Financial Results for Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2021

Despite sharply higher prices for raw materials and metals and scrap etc., strong demand for steel and market prices and the result of initiatives to improve sales price led to a significant increase in profit, particularly in the steel business.

(billion you)	FY2	2020	FY2	Change	
(billion yen)	Oct-Dec	Apr-Dec	Oct-Dec	Apr-Dec	Apr-Dec
Revenue	826.1	2,318.4	1,154.4	3,097.3	778.9
Business Profit	53.1	(61.1)	123.9	322.8	383.9
Finance Income/Costs	(3.0)	(9.4)	(2.9)	(8.5)	0.9
Segment Profit	50.1	(70.6)	121.0	314.2	384.8
Exceptional Items	_	1	(10.4)	(10.4)	(10.4)
Profit before Tax	50.1	(70.6)	110.6	303.8	374.4
Tax Expense and Profit (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	(14.0)	0.9	(28.3)	(80.7)	(81.6)
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	36.0	(69.6)	82.2	223.0	292.6

Business profit is profit before tax excluding financial income and one-time items of a materially significant value. Segment profit is profit including financial income in business profit.



Financial Results for Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2021 (by Segment)

(billion yen)		FY2	020	FY2	Change	
		Oct-Dec	Apr-Dec	Oct-Dec	Apr-Dec	Apr-Dec
Rev	venue					
	Steel Business	580.2	1,607.5	832.8	2,243.2	635.7
	Engineering Business	129.2	351.2	129.8	359.1	7.9
	Trading Business	224.9	676.6	329.3	873.7	197.1
	Adjustments	(108.2)	(316.9)	(137.5)	(378.6)	(61.7)
	Total	826.1	2,318.4	1,154.4	3,097.3	778.9
Bus	siness Profit (A)	53.1	(61.1)	123.9	322.8	383.9
Fin	ance Income/Costs (B)	(3.0)	(9.4)	(2.9)	(8.5)	0.9
Seg	gment Profit					
	Steel Business	34.3	(101.9)	93.5	252.0	353.9
	Engineering Business	10.9	19.6	10.2	21.3	1.7
	Trading Business	6.5	13.7	16.2	41.9	28.2
	Adjustments	(1.6)	(2.1)	1.0	(1.0)	1.1
	Total (A+B)	50.1	(70.6)	121.0	314.2	384.8

Consolidated Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021 (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022)



Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021

- Segment profit in the steel business is expected to <u>improve to 303.3 billion yen from the previous</u>
 forecast, due to the result of initiatives to improve steel prices and increase in profit of domestic and
 overseas subsidiary companies despite the impact of a decrease in production volume.
- The Group's overall business profit is expected to <u>improve by 30.0 billion yen</u> from the previous forecast, reflecting the increase in profits of the steel and trading business.

	FY2021 (Previous Forecast Nov. 5, 2021)	FY2021 (Updated Forecast Feb. 8, 2022)			Change
(billion yen)	Full Year	1H (Actual)	2H (Forecast)	Full Year	Full Year
Revenue	4,340.0	1,942.9	2,427.1	4,370.0	30.0
Business Profit	360.0	198.8	191.2	390.0	30.0
Finance Income/Costs	(10.0)	(5.6)	(4.4)	(10.0)	0.0
Segment Profit	350.0	193.2	186.8	380.0	30.0
Exceptional Items	_	_	(12.0)	(12.0)	(12.0)
Profit before Tax	350.0	193.2	174.8	368.0	18.0
Tax Expense and Profit (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	(100.0)	(52.4)	(45.6)	(98.0)	2.0
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	250.0	140.7	129.3	270.0	20.0



Financial Forecasts for Fiscal Year 2021 (by Segment)

	(billion yen)	FY2021 (Previous Forecast)	FY2021 (Updated Forecast)		Change	
	(billion yen)	Full Year	1H	2H	Full Year	Full Year
R	evenue					
	Steel Business	3,190.0	1,410.4	1,799.6	3,210.0	20.0
	Engineering Business	520.0	229.2	280.8	510.0	(10.0)
	Trading Business	1,210.0	544.4	665.6	1,210.0	0.0
	Adjustments	(580.0)	(241.1)	(318.9)	(560.0)	20.0
	Total	4,340.0	1,942.9	2,427.1	4,370.0	30.0
Вι	siness Profit (A)	360.0	198.8	191.2	390.0	30.0
Fir	nance Income/Costs(B)	(10.0)	(5.6)	(4.4)	(10.0)	0.0
S	egment Profit					
	Steel Business	280.0	158.5	144.5	303.0	23.0
	Engineering Business	25.0	11.1	13.9	25.0	0.0
	Trading Business	45.0	25.6	27.4	53.0	8.0
	Adjustments	0.0	(2.0)	1.0	(1.0)	(1.0)
	Total (A+B)	350.0	193.2	186.8	380.0	30.0



Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021

<u>Full-year segment profit is expected to be 390.0 billion yen, increased by 402.9 billion yen year-on-year</u>, due to recovery of steel demand, market price increase, and the result of initiatives to improve sales price.

	FY2020	(L	Change		
(billion yen)	(Actual) Full Year	1H (Actual)	2H (Forecast)	Full Year	Full Year
Revenue	3,227.2	1,942.9	2,427.1	4,370.0	1,142.8
Business Profit	(12.9)	198.8	191.2	390.0	402.9
Finance Income/Costs	(12.4)	(5.6)	(4.4)	(10.0)	2.4
Segment Profit	(25.4)	193.2	186.8	380.0	405.4
Exceptional Items	20.4	1	(12.0)	(12.0)	(32.4)
Profit before Tax	(4.9)	193.2	174.8	368.0	372.9
Tax Expense and Profit (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	(16.9)	(52.4)	(45.6)	(98.0)	(81.1)
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	(21.8)	140.7	129.3	270.0	291.8



Financial Forecasts for Fiscal Year 2021 (by Segment)

J	

(billion yen) FY2020 (Actual)		FY202	FY2021 (Updated Forecast)			
	(billion yen)	Full Year	1H	2H	Full Year	Full Year
Re	evenue					
	Steel Business	2,255.2	1,410.4	1,799.6	3,210.0	954.8
	Engineering Business	485.7	229.2	280.8	510.0	24.3
	Trading Business	932.5	544.4	665.6	1210.0	277.5
	Adjustments	(446.1)	(241.1)	(318.9)	(560.0)	(113.9)
	Total	3,227.2	1,942.9	2,427.1	4,370.0	1,142.8
Bu	siness Profit (A)	(12.9)	198.8	191.2	390.0	402.9
Fir	nance Income/Costs(B)	(12.4)	(5.6)	(4.4)	(10.0)	2.4
Se	egment Profit					
	Steel Business	(65.4)	158.5	144.5	303.0	368.4
	Engineering Business	24.0	11.1	13.9	25.0	1.0
	Trading Business	20.0	25.6	27.4	53.0	33.0
	Adjustments	(4.1)	(2.0)	1.0	(1.0)	3.1
	Total (A+B)	(25.4)	193.2	186.8	380.0	405.4

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Progress of Cash Flow Improvements, Debt/EBITDA Ratio

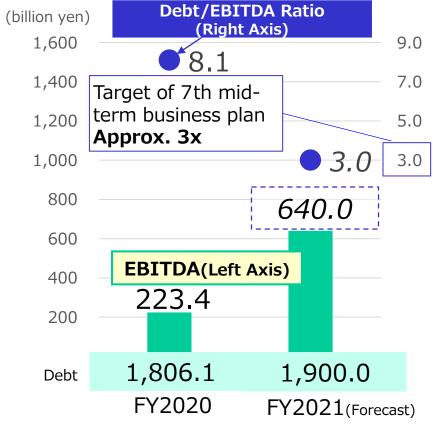
At the end of FY2021, the Debt/EBITDA ratio is expected to reach the target level of 7th mid-term business plan (3.0x).

FY2021 Consolidated Cash Flow Forecast

(billion yen)

Cash-in	Cash-out
Net Profit	CAPEX & Investments
270.0	THVESCHIENCS
	350.0
Depreciation and Amortization	
7 11 10 1 6 2 6 6 7 1	Dividend Payment 40.0
250.0	Working Capital
	etc. 265.0
Asset Compression 45.0	
Debt 90.0	

Progress of Debt/EBITDA Ratio



- EBITDA = Business profit + Depreciation and Amortization
- Debt/EBITDA Ratio = Interest-bearing debt outstanding/EBITDA

Dividends

JFE Holdings has decided to propose at its general meeting of shareholders a year-end dividend of 80 yen per share, which would bring the annual dividend of 140 yen per share.

JFE Steel Financial Results for Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2021 and Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021



Financial Results for Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2021

•	_	_
_		_

				FY2020				FY2021	
	Unit	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full	1Q	2Q	3Q
Revenue	billion yen	508.7	518.6	580.2	647.6	Year 2,255.2	638.5	771.9	832.8
Segment Profit	billion yen	(57.8)	(78.4)	34.3	36.4	(65.4)	69.7	88.8	93.5
Excluding Inventory Valuation etc.*	billion yen	(34.8)	(33.4)	14.3	22.4	(31.4)	25.7	42.8	(3.5)
Crude Steel (Standalone)	Mt	4.79	5.38	6.27	6.32	22.76	6.25	6.45	6.49
Crude Steel (Consolidated)	Mt	5.09	5.68	6.59	6.60	23.96	6.59	6.80	6.85
Shipment (Standalone)	Mt	4.59	4.75	5.42	5.72	20.49	5.26	5.56	5.63
Export Ratio on Value Basis (Standalone)	%	44.2	40.2	40.3	44.3	42.3	43.2	49.3	45.9
Average Sales Price (Standalone)	000 yen/ t	75.3	71.0	73.4	78.8	74.8	87.6	101.0	107.6
Exchange Rate	¥/\$	107.7	105.9	104.8	104.7	105.8	109.8	110.0	113.1
Exchange Rate (End of Term)	¥/\$	107.7	105.8	103.5	110.7	110.7	110.6	111.9	115.0

^{*} Excluding inventory valuation, carry over of raw materials and foreign exchange valuation from segment profit



353.9 Billion Yen Increase in JFE Steel's Segment Profit (FY2020 Apr-Dec vs. FY2021 Apr-Dec)

Segment profit increased by 353.9 billion yen due to an improvement of selling price, an increase in crude steel production, and profit improvement of both domestic and overseas subsidiaries.

						(billion yen)	
JFE Steel	FY2020		FY2	021		Change	
JFE Steel	Apr-Dec	1Q	2Q	3Q	Apr-Dec	Change	
Segment profit	(101.9)	69.7	88.8	93.5	252.0	+353.9	
1. Cost	+2	3.0 · Ca	pital investment	effects etc.			
2. Volume and Mix	+5	• Production increase amid recovery of steel demand (Crude steel (Standalone) 16.44Mt⇒19.20Mt)					
3. Sales and Raw mate	rials +1	7.0 · Alt	 (1,000 yen/t-shipment) Although raw material prices increased, the metal spread improved amid the supply-demand of steel and steel market prices in domestic and overseas markets. 				
4. Inventory valuation	+23	 Inventory valuation +164.0 (-41.0→+123.0) Carry over of raw materials +62.0 (-2.0→+60.0) Foreign exchange valuation +9.0(-5.0→+4.0) 					
5. Others	+2	2.9 cor	crease in profit on profit on profit of meanies in price of meaning in profit of me		overseas subsidetc.	iary 16	

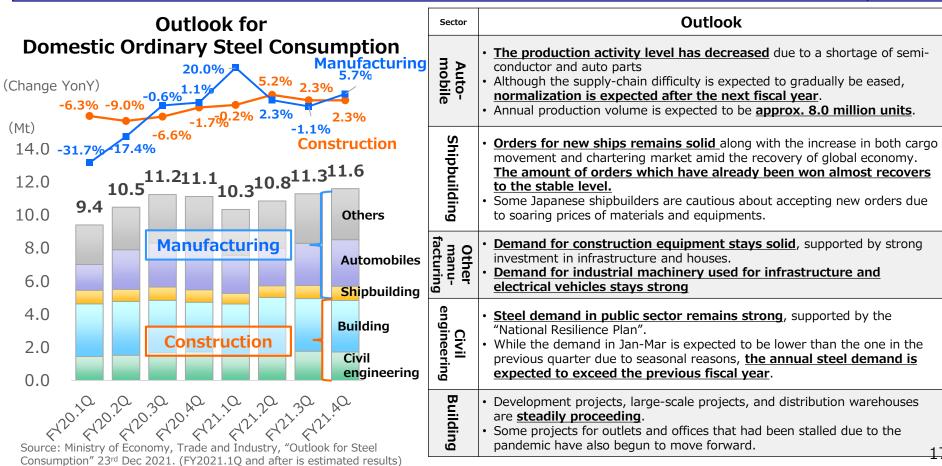


Current Business Environment (Domestic)

JFE

- Steel demand is expected to be in a recovery trend while steel demand is temporally weakening due to the reduction in automobile production resulted from shortage of semi-conductor and parts.
- Outlook for domestic ordinary steel consumption in 4Q of FY2021 increases by +4.2% YonY, and by +2.8% from the previous quarter.
- Though <u>the annual auto production</u>* is revised downward to <u>approx. 8.0 million units</u>, decreased by 0.2 million units from the previous forecast, the production activity level is expected to gradually recover.
- > The effect of Omicron variants on steel demand should be carefully monitored.

*Fiscal year basis

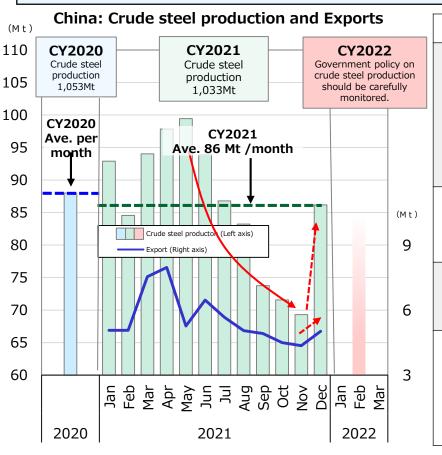




Current Business Environment (Overseas)

JFE

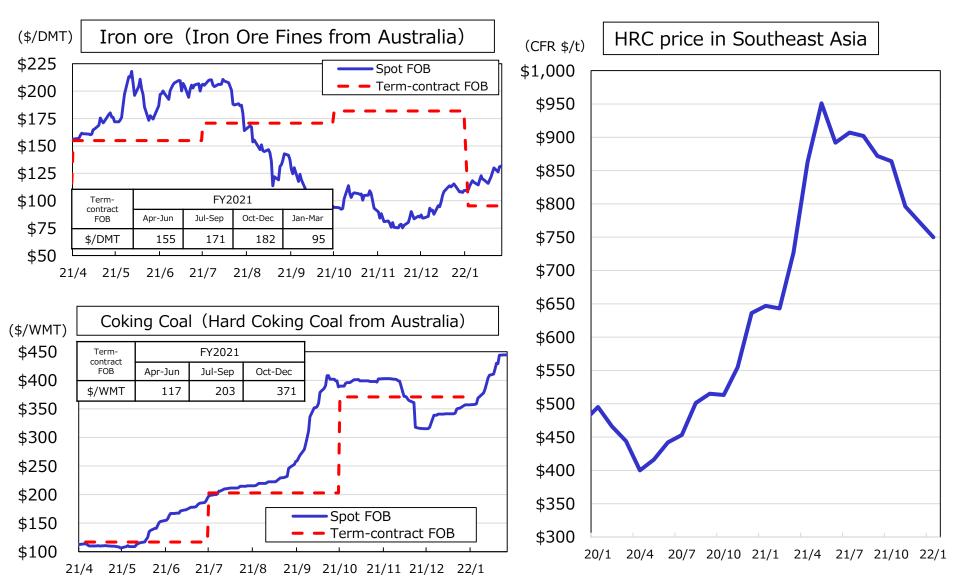
- > <u>Steel demand is expected to remain in a recovery trend</u> amid the global economic recovery. However, the <u>steel supply-demand balance is temporally eased and the steel market price declined</u> due to the prolonged production cuts in auto sector, sluggish steel demand in the construction sector due to the effect of the pandemic, and a slowdown in the Chinese economy.
- > The recovery of automobile production due to the alleviation of supply chain problems, the implementation of measures against COVID-19, and the recovery of the Chinese economy are expected to tighten the supply-demand balance and boost the steel market.



Factor	Outlook
Steel mills in China	 Domestic demand has temporally slumped due to a decline in infrastructure investment caused by restrictive monetary policy, and movement restrictions due to the pandemic. Steel export increased in December. Crude steel production cuts and export reduction policy is expected to continue since the Chinese government puts high priority on environmental measures. The domestic supply-demand is expected to be tightened amid the recovery in Chinese economy. The Chinese government policy should be carefully watched.
Steel mills in India	 The domestic pandemic has peaked out. However, <u>the demand</u> <u>recovery lacks vigor</u> due to the production cuts in auto sector. If the steel demand in Europe continued to slow down, <u>steel</u> <u>manufactured in India might be exported to SEA</u> instead of Europe.
Steel mills in Russia	 If the re-spread of COVID-19 in Europe and Turkey and production cuts in auto sector were prolonged, the Russian mills might begin price offensive and securing volumes all over the world including Asia, which should be carefully monitored.
Environment in Southeast Asia	 Construction sector is affected by the spread of COVID-19 which makes the local demand weakened. The supply-demand balance is temporally eased, and the steel market prices are currently decreased due to the factors such as securing volume by Indian steel mills. The supply-demand balance is expected to be tightened and the market prices are expected to recover amid the recovery in auto production and the implementation of measures against COVID-19.



Assumptions for Financial Forecast (price of raw materials, steel price)





Assumptions for Financial Forecast

Forecast of Crude Steel Production

- Standalone crude steel production in FY2021 is expected to be <u>approximately 26.00 Mt</u>, revised down by 0.5 Mt from the previous forecast.
 - Resuming schedule of Kurashiki No.4 BF successfully was moved up, and its operation has been on track.
 - ➤ Given the current situation where steel demand is temporally weakened, JFE is focusing on optimal production, putting a high priority on selling prices.

Metal Spread

 Domestic and overseas metal spread is expected to <u>improve by 7.0 billion yen</u> from the previous forecast.

Although raw material prices remain high and the overseas steel market is somewhat sluggish, metal spreads are expected to improve as a result of aggressive measures to improve domestic selling prices.

- Coking Coal prices
 Although coking coal prices appear to be overpriced, it may take time for the prices to fall, and are expected to remain at a high level for a while.
- > Selling Prices

<u>Domestic</u>: Further improvements of selling price are included in the forecast since the quick reflection of raw material cost in sales prices has more widely been accepted than expected.

Exports: Prices are expected to fall to a certain level amid the sluggish overseas market.

Metals

 Metal prices have <u>remained at historically high levels</u> due to rising electricity prices in various countries and tight supply-demand balance.



Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021

			2021年度					
	Unit	FY2020	1H		T	1 2H	Full Year	FY2021 Full Year
		Full Year	Actual	3Q Actual	4Q Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Previous Forecast
Revenue	billion yen	2,255.2	1,410.4	832.8	966.8	1,799.6	3,210.0	3,190.0
Segment Profit	billion yen	(65.4)	158.5	93.5	51.0	144.5	303.0	280.0
Excluding Inventory Valuation etc. **	billion yen	(31.4)	68.5	(3.5)	62.0	58.5	127.0	119.0
Crude Steel (Standalone)	Mt	22.76	12.70	6.49	Approx. 6.80	Approx. 13.30	Approx. 26.00	Approx. 26.50
Crude Steel (Consolidated)	Mt	23.96	13.39	6.85	Approx. 7.15	Approx. 14.00	Approx. 27.40	
Shipment (Standalone)	Mt	20.49	10.83	5.63	Approx. 6.24	Approx. 11.87	Approx. 22.70	
Export Ratio on Value Basis (Standalone)	%	42.3	46.5	45.9	44	45	46	
Average Sales Price (Standalone)	000 yen/ t	74.8	94.5	107.6	Approx.	Approx.	Approx.	
Exchange Rate	¥/\$	105.8	109.9	113.1	115	114	112	Approx. 110

 $[\]hbox{*Excluding inventory valuation, carry over of raw materials and foreign exchange valuation from segment profit}\\$



23.0 Billion Yen Increase in JFE Steel's Segment Profit (FY2021 (Previous Forecast) vs. FY2021 (Updated Forecast))

Segment profit is expected to increase from the previous forecast due to selling price improvements, such as quick reflection of raw material cost in selling prices, as well as increase in profit of domestic and overseas subsidiary companies.

JFE Steel	FY2021 Previous Forecas	FY2021 st Updated Forecast	Change (billion yen)			
Segment Profit	280	.0 303.0	+23.0			
1. Cost	±0.0					
2. Volume and Mix	(9.0) • Crude steel (Standalone) Approx.26.50Mt → Approx. 26.00Mt					
3. Sales and Raw materials	+7.0	+7.0 (+300 yen/t-shipment) • Expected improvements in metal spread due to improvement of steel selling prices, such as quick reflection of key raw material costs				
4. Inventory valuation	+15.0	 Inventory valuation +13.0 (+138.0→+151.0) Carry over of raw materials -1.0 (+22.0→+21.0) Foreign exchange valuation +3.0(+1.0→+4.0) 				
5. Others	 Increase in profit of domestic and overseas subsidiary companies Rising in price of metals etc. 					



368.4 Billion Yen Increase in JFE Steel's Segment Profit (FY2020 (Actual) vs. FY2021 (Forecast))

- The steel demand is expected to recover significantly from FY2020, which was greatly affected by COVID-19.
- Segment profit is expected to improve significantly from FY2020 due to quick reflection of raw material cost in domestic sales prices, higher steel prices in overseas markets, and higher production volumes, as well as higher profits at domestic and overseas subsidiary companies.

JFE Steel		2020 ctual	FY2021 Forecast	Change (billion yen)			
Segment Profit		(65.4)	303.0	+368.4			
1. Cost	+30.0	 Capital investment effects Expanded use of low-cost raw materials etc. 					
2. Volume and Mix	+63.0	• Production increase amid recovery of steel demand (Crude steel(Standalone) 22.76 ⇒ approx. 26.00Mt)					
3. Sales and Raw materials	+93.0	 (+4,100 yen/t-shipment) Expected improvements in metal spread due to supply-demand market condition, despite sharply increased prices for main raw materials 					
4. Inventory valuation	+210.0	 Inventory Valuation +188.0 (-37.0→+151.0) Carry over of raw materials +18.0 (+3.0→+21.0) Foreign exchange valuation +4.0(±0.0→+4.0) 					
5. Others	(27.6)	Increase in profit of domestic and overseas subsidiary companies.Rising in price of metals and scrap etc.					



14.0 Billion Yen Decrease in JFE Steel's Segment Profit (FY2021.1H vs. FY2021.2H)

- Crude steel production is expected to increase, and further cost reduction is anticipated in 2H
- While the metal spread is expected to increase due to the selling price improvements, such as quick reflection of key raw materials in selling prices, segment profit in 2H is expected to decrease due to rising in the price of other raw materials such as metals and scrap.

155 Ct 1		FY2021 Forecast		Change				
JFE Steel	1H Actual	2H Forecast	Full Year	(billion yen)				
Segment Profit	158.5	144.5	303.0	(14.0)				
1. Cost		+15.0 · Capital investment effects · Variable cost reduction etc.						
2. Volume and Mix		 Expected gradual recovery of steel demand amid the glob economic recovery Production volume increase along with the completion of Kurashiki No.4 BF refit (Crude steel (Standalone) 12.70Mt⇒13.30Mt) 						
3. Sales and Raw materials	+43.0	 +43.0 (+3,600 yen/t-shipment) Despite rising raw material prices, metal spread is expect to improve due to increase in steel selling prices such as quick reflection of raw material cost in steel selling prices 						
4. Inventory valuation	(4.0)	 Inventory valuation +33.0 (+59.0→+92.0) Carry over of raw materials -39.0 (+30.0→-9.0) Foreign exchange valuation +2.0(+1.0→+3.0) 						
5. Others		• Increase in depreciation cost and other expension. • Rising in price of metals and scrap etc.						

JFE Engineering Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021



Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021

JFE

Current Business Environment/ Overview of Financial Status

- > Domestic demand both in the <u>environment & energy sector</u> and <u>infrastructure sector</u> is expected to remain solid.
- Regarding the overseas market, demand of environment-related field in Europe is expected to remain solid. In Asia and other regions, bid solicitation of some projects delays due to the impact of the spread of COVID-19.
- > Due to an increase in revenue from M&A, etc., we expect stable segment profit for the full fiscal year, exceeding the results of the previous fiscal year.

Financial Forecast

	FY2020	(Actual)	FY2 (Updated	021 Forecast)	Change (Change (Y on Y)		021 Forecast)
(billion yen)	2H	Full Year	2H	Full Year	2H	Full Year	2H	Full Year
Orders	202.2	501.1	277.7	530.0	75.5	28.9	297.7	550.0
Revenue	263.7	485.7	280.8	510.0	17.1	24.3	290.8	520.0
Segment Profit	15.3	24.0	13.9	25.0	(1.4)	1.0	13.9	25.0

Compared to FY2020

<Full Year> •Orders +28.9 M&A, increase in large-scale orders in carbon neutral area

•Revenue +24.3 Increase in orders in previous year, increase from M&A

•Segment Profit +1.0 Increase in revenue

Compared to Previous Forecast

<2H> ·Orders (20.0) Decrease due to delay of bid solicitation of overseas projects

•Revenue (10.0) Decrease due to schedule change of projects

(Cost reduction can compensate for a decrease in segment profit due to a decrease in revenue)

JFE Shoji Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021



Financial Forecast for Fiscal Year 2021

JFE

Current Business Environment/ Overview of Financial Status

- Domestic business is expected to <u>remain solid</u> due to the recovery of steel demand for shipbuilding and the general rise in steel market price, despite the impact of the decline in production volume of automobile due to shortage of semiconductor.
- Earnings of overseas business, mainly subsidiaries in the US, are expected to remain high, despite the decline of steel market price.
- Segment profit is expected to be 53.0 billion yen.
 (up 8.0 billion yen from the previous forecast, up 33.0 billion yen from FY2020)

Financial Forecast

	FY2020 (Actual)		FY2020 (Actual)		FY2020 (Actual) FY2021 (Updated Forecast)		Change(Y on Y)		FY2021 (Previous Forecast)	
(billion yen)	2H	Full Year		Full Year	2H	Full Year	2H	Full Year		
Revenue	480.7	932.5	665.5	1,210.0	184.8	277.5	665.6	1,210.0		
Segment Profit	12.8	20.0	27.4	53.0	14.6	33.0	19.4	45.0		

Compared to FY2020

•Segment profit is expected to increase due to recovery in steel demand which had been dropped in FY2020 and due to steel price remaining high in the domestic and overseas markets.

Compared to the previous forecast

•Domestic and overseas businesses are expected to be solid. Especially subsidiaries in the US are expected to continue high earnings.

Topics (ESG Initiatives etc.)



CO₂ Emissions Reduction Target for JFE Group

Released on February 8th, 2022

 JFE holdings has raised 2030 CO₂ emissions reduction target to minimum 30% above FY2013

JFE's Announcement about CO₂ emissions reduction

September, 2020

Announced CO₂ emissions reduction target for steel business ahead of other Japanese steelmakers

May, 2021

Formulated the JFE Group Environmental Vision 2050 Announced the 7th Medium-Term Business Plan

This time

Revised CO₂ emissions reduction target for steel business

CO₂ emissions reduction target for steel business

*All targets are set above FY2013

FY2030

minimum 20%

End of FY2024

18%

FY2050

Carbon-Neutral

FY2030

minimum 30%



CO₂ Emissions Reduction Target for JFE Group

Released on February 8th, 2022

<Background to revise the target>

 JFE revised the target due to ongoing advancement of carbon-neutrality initiatives and steady progress of external conditions surrounding steel business.

Initiatives

- ✓ Establishment of an efficient framework for acceleration of the company's transition to carbon neutrality.
 - (Setting up both specialized organizations for elemental technology development and the Carbon Neutral Advancement Committee)
- ✓ Expanding application of existing environmental impactreduction technologies and adding new measures for CO₂ reduction.
 - Investigating the introduction of electric arc furnaces and other new processes.

External Conditions

- ✓ R&D is expected to be accelerated under the Green Innovation Fund adopted by NEDO* for steel sector in Dec. 2021.

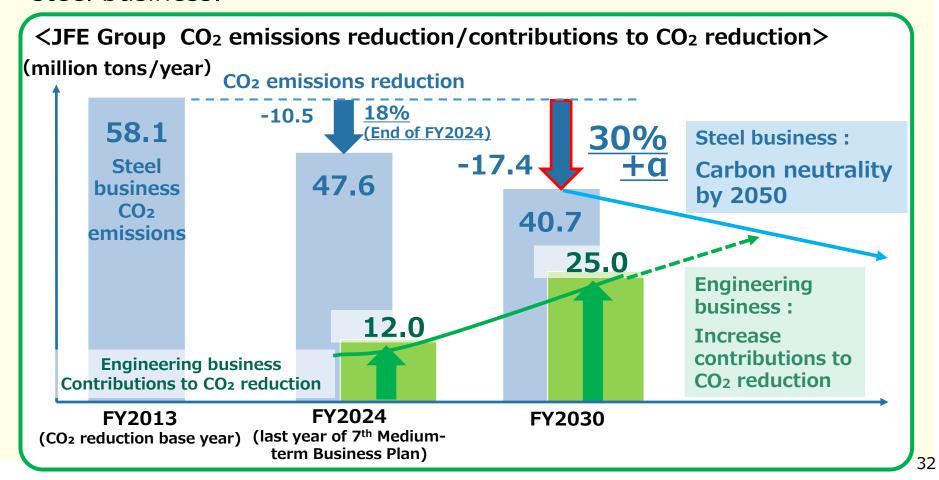
 *Japan's New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization
- ✓ Factors for purchasing energy emissions are expected to improve due to the country's Sixth Strategic Energy Plan which is approved by the Japanese Cabinet.
- JFE expects to provide updates concerning its progress with R&D and related capital investments going forward



CO₂ Emissions Reduction Target for JFE Group

Released on February 8th, 2022

 JFE is also contributing to CO₂ reduction across society through its engineering business in addition to CO₂ emissions reduction by steel business.





JFE's proposal of carbon neutral technologies was adopted as the Green Innovation Fund Project

Released on January 7th, 2022

 Proposal* to develop carbon-neutral technologies which includes JFE Steel's proprietary Carbon-recycling Blast Furnace, was adopted as part of the Green Innovation Fund Project.

*Joint proposal by JFE Steel, Nippon Steel, Kobe Steel, and The Japan Research and development center for metals (JRCM)

 This fund project helps to promote "Hydrogen Utilization in Iron and Steelmaking Processes" Project by subsidizing part of expense ranging from R&D to demonstration for social implementation of the outcomes.

"Hydrogen Utilization in Iron and Steelmaking Processes" Project

Amount of support: 193.5 billion yen (Total of 4 themes)

R&D items:

Development of hydrogen reduction technology using blast furnaces

- 1.Development of hydrogen reduction technology utilizing on-site hydrogen
- 2.Development of low-carbon technology utilizing hydrogen from external sources and Co2 contained in BF gas

Development of direct hydrogen reduction technology that reduces iron ore with hydrogen only

- 1.Development of direct hydrogen reduction technology
- 2.Development of impurity removal technology for the electric arc furnace using direct reduced iron



JFE Holdings Decided to Issue Transition Bonds in FY2022

Released on January 20th, 2022

- JFE Holdings has decided to **issue transition (corporate) bonds** through a public offering in FY2022 in order to promote carbon-neutrality initiatives
- JFE will be the first member of Japan's manufacturing industry to issue corporate bonds under the FY2021 climate-transition-finance model project of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI)

Overview

Issuance Period: FY2022

Use of Proceeds : ≥ Energy conservation and improved efficiency

(planned)

(Installation of AI and IoT to blast furnaces, expanding the use of scrap, improving coke evens etc.)

improving coke ovens etc.)

➤ Manufacturing eco-friendly products

(Electrical steel sheet, etc.)

- ➤ Development of ultra-innovative steelmaking processes (R&D on a carbon-recycling blast furnace, CCU, hydrogen ironmaking, an electric arc furnace for high grade steel production)
- ➤ Renewable energy

(Equipment investments targeting renewable energy projects including biomass, geothermal energy, solar power generation, etc.)

Appendix



Main Financial Data

(Forecast) J-GAAP TEDC

	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18		
(bn. Yen, times)								
Ordinary Income	173.6	231.0	64.2	84.7	216.3	221.1		
EBITDA	368.9	421.5	254.4	279.9	388.8	405.9		
ROS	4.7%	6.0%	1.9%	2.6%	5.9%	5.6%		
ROE	6.3%	7.7%	1.8%	3.7%	7.6%	8.3%		
ROA	4.5%	5.5%	1.7%	2.3%	5.2%	5.1%		
Debt Outstanding	1,534	1,501	1,379	1,375	1,331	1,450		
Debt/EBITDA Ratio	x4.2	x3.6	x5.4	x4.9	x3.4	x3.6		
D/E Ratio	67.9%	59.0%	56.9%	51.4%	58.1%	62.0%		
Profit attributable to owners of parent (yen/share)	177.4	241.6	58.4	117.8	250.8	285.0		
Dividend (yen/share)	40	60	30	30	80	95		
Pay-out Ratio	22.5%	24.8%	51.4%	25.5%	31.9%	33.3%		

_	IFRS (Forecas							
		FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21			
	(bn. Yen, times)							
1	Business profit	232.0	37.8	-12.9	390.0			
1	EBITDA *1	428.2	269.4	223.4	640.0			
	ROS *2	6.0%	1.0%	-0.4%	8.9%			
	ROE *3	8.6%	-11.1%	-1.3%	15.0%			
	ROA *4	5.0%	0.8%	-0.3%	8.0%			
	Interest-bearing debt outstanding	1,524	1,814	1,806	1,900			
	Debt/EBITDA multiple *5	x3.6	x6.7	x8.1	x3.0			
	D/E Ratio *6	68.2%	96.4%	93.2%	85.5%			
ļ								
	Profit attributable to owners of parent (yen/share)	283.8	-343.4	-38.0	468.9			
	Dividend (yen/share)	95	20	10	140			
	Pay-out Ratio	33.5%	_	_	29.9%			

Notes [IFRS]

- *1 EBITDA = Business profit + Depreciation and Amortization
- *2 ROS = Business profit / Revenue
- *3 ROE = Profit attributable to owners of parent company / Equity
- *4 ROA = Business profit / Total assets
- *5 Debt/EBITDA ratio = Interest-bearing debt outstanding / EBITDA
- *6 D/E ratio = Interest-bearing debt outstanding / Equity attributable to owners of parent For debt having a capital component, a portion of its issue price is deemed to be capital, as assessed by rating agencies.



4.7 Billion Yen Increase in JFE Steel's Segment Profit (FY2021.2Q (Actual) vs. FY2021.3Q (Actual))

	FY2021					
JFE Steel	1Q Actual	2Q Actual	3Q Actual	4Q Forecast	Full Year Forecast	
Segment Profit	69.7	88.8	93.5	51.0	303.0	

Change (billion yen) +4.7

1. Cost	+7.5	Variable cost reduction etc.
2. Volume and Mix	+2.0	• Crude steel (Standalone) 6.45⇒6.49Mt +0.04Mt
3. Sales and Raw materials	(50.0)	(-8,900 yen/t-shipment)Decline in metal spread due to soaring coking coal prices
4. Inventory valuation	+51.0	 Inventory valuation + 33.0 (+31.0→+64.0) Carry over of raw materials + 15.0 (+15.0→+30.0) Foreign exchange valuation + 3.0 (±0.0→+3.0)
5. Others	(5.8)	Rising in price of metals etc.



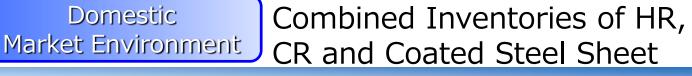
42.5 Billion Yen Decrease in JFE Steel's Segment Profit (FY2021.3Q (Actual) vs. FY2021.4Q (Forecast))

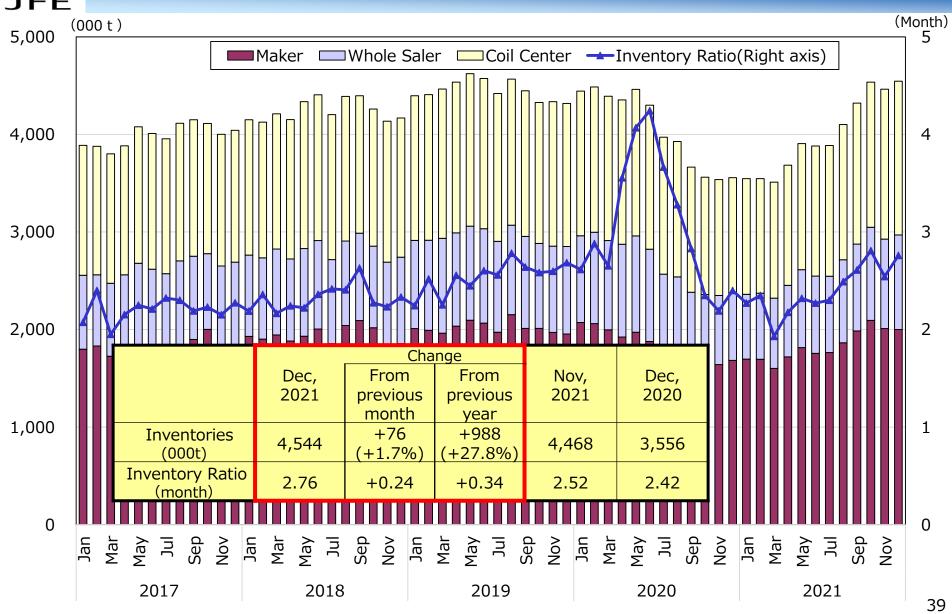
	FY2021					
JFE Steel	1Q Actual	2Q Actual	3Q Actual	4Q Forecast	Full Year Forecast	
Segment Profit	69.7	88.88	93.5	51.0	303.0	

Change (billion yen)

1. Cost	±0.0	
2. Volume and Mix	+8.0	• Crude steel (Standalone) 6.49⇒6.80Mt +0.31Mt
3. Sales and Raw materials	+100.0	 (+16,000 yen/t-shipment) Expected metal spread improvement by quickly reflecting the coking coal price which soared in the 3Q in the selling price, in addition to falling price of iron ore.
4. Inventory valuation	(108.0)	 Inventory valuation -36.0(+64.0→+28.0) Carry over of raw material -69.0 (+30.0→-39.0) Foreign exchange valuation -3.0 (+3.0→±0.0)
5. Others	(42.5)	Increase in depreciation cost and other expenses etc.





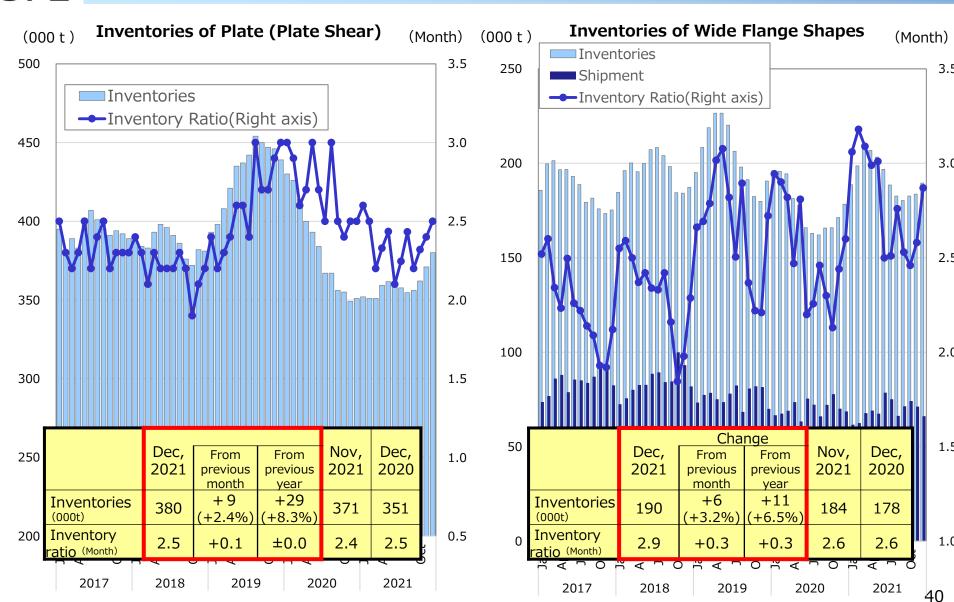




Domestic Market Environment

Inventories of Plate (Plate Shear) and Wide Flange Shapes

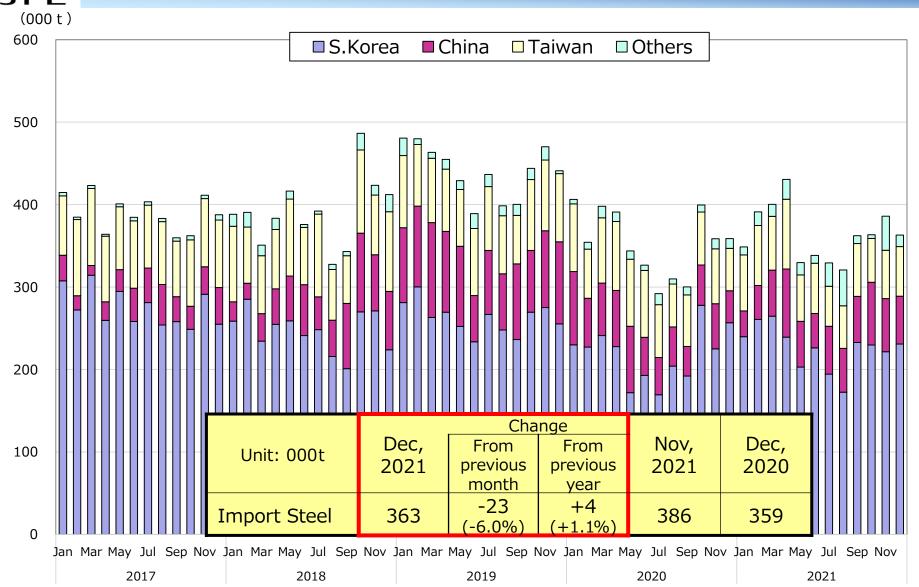
JFE Steel





Domestic Market Environment

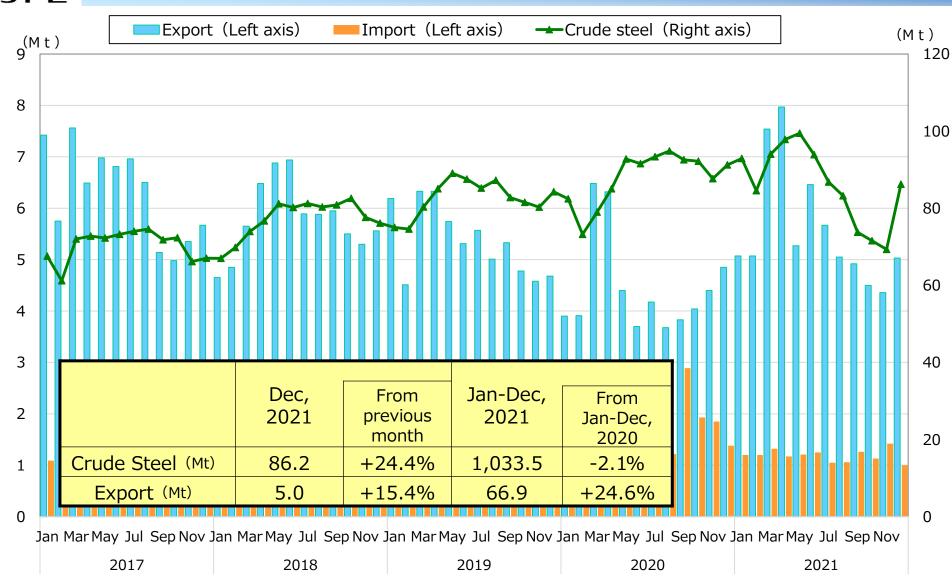
Trend of Import Steel (Ordinary Steel)





Overseas Market Environment

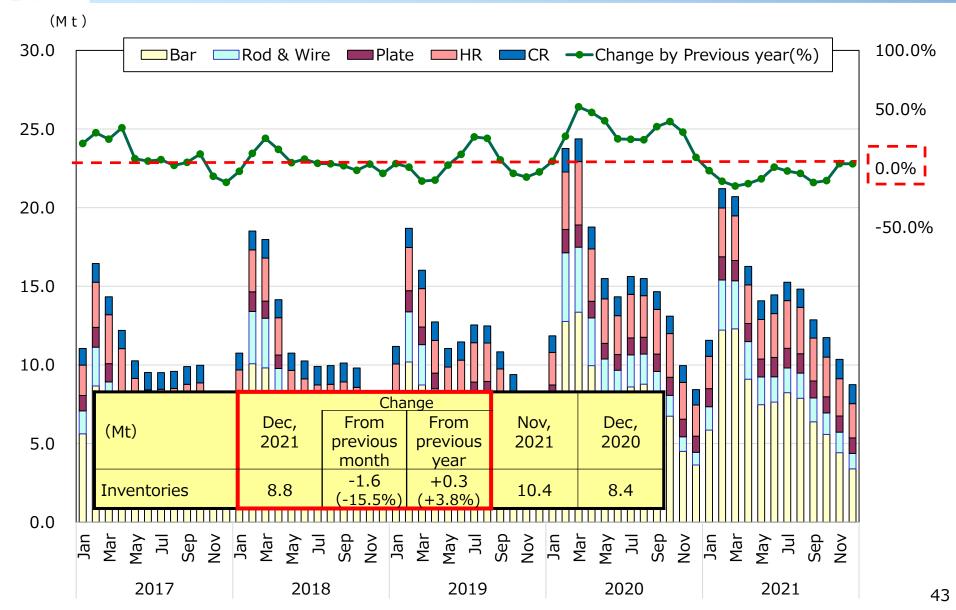
Crude Steel & Im/Export, China





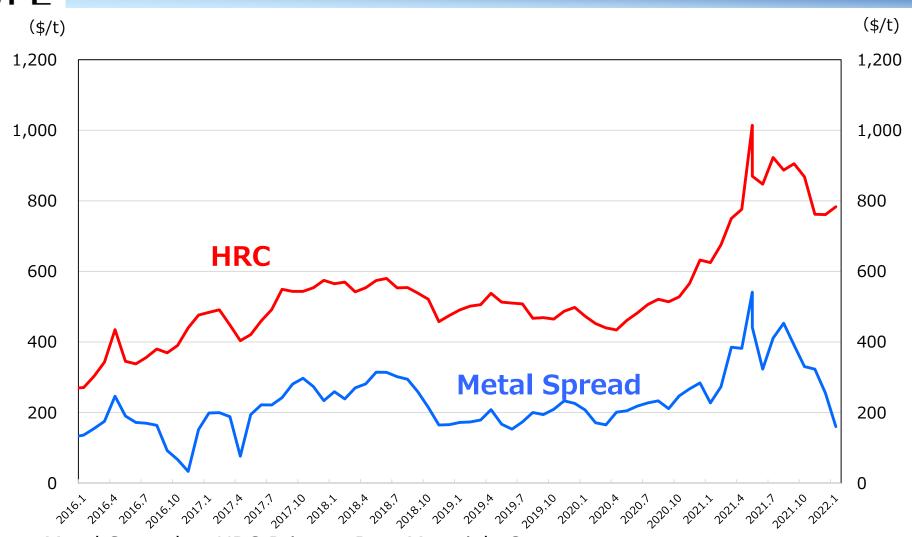
Overseas Market Environment

Inventories in China by Product





Metal Spread Trend (Chinese Spot Basis)



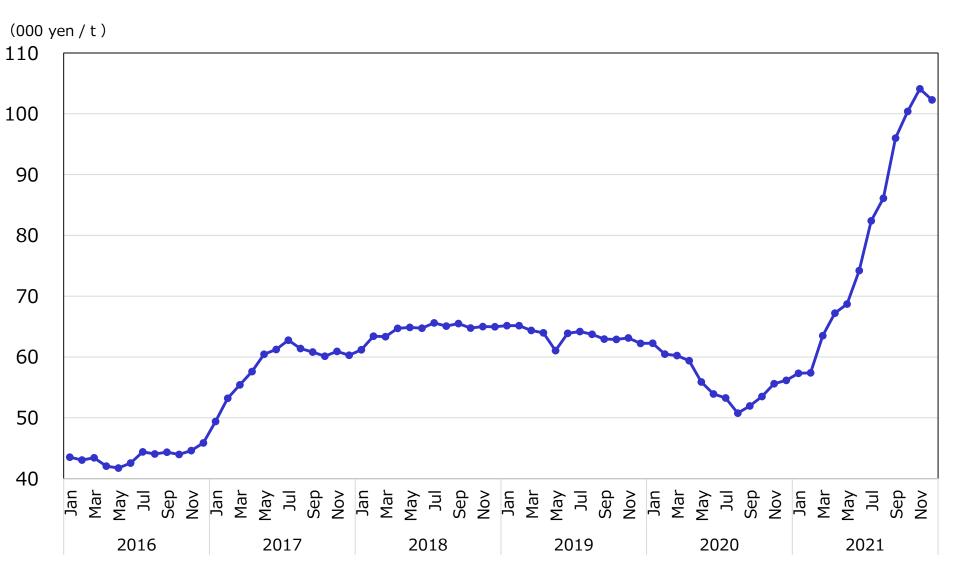
Metal Spread = HRC Price - Raw Materials Cost

Raw Materials Cost: Calculated from market price of Iron Ore and Hard Coking Coal

^{*}HRC Price: Chinese Spot basis



Price Trend of Import Steel



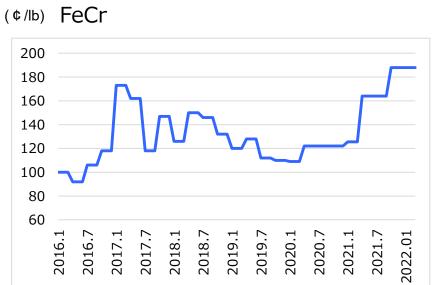
Data: The Japan Iron and Steel Federation Import Steel from S. Korea



Raw Materials

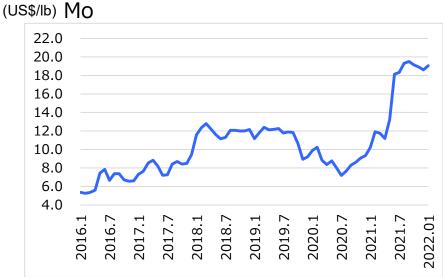
Trend of Sub Material's Market Price







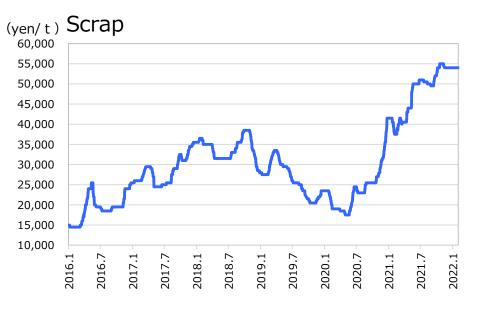
(US\$/t)FeMn2,400 2,200 2,000 1,800 1,600 1,400 1,200 1,000 800 600 2016.7 2019.7 2021.1 2021.7 2022.01 2017.1 2017.7 2018.1 2018.7 2019.1 2020.1 2020.7

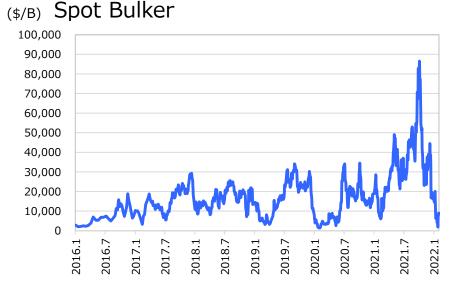




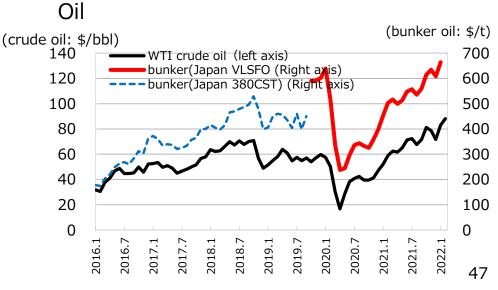
Raw Materials

Trend of Sub Material's Market Price











Progress of Initiatives of Steel Business

(Structural Reforms and Strategic Investment in Japan)

JFE

Fac	ilities		~FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23~
Stru	Structura Keihin District	Upstream Facilities					☆ To be shut down (~23.9)
ctura		Hot rolling Facilities					☆ To be shut down (~23.9)
l Reforms		Cold-rolling & Hot-dip Galvanizing Facilities	☆S	Shut dow	ned	Facilities	
rms	Chiba District	Tin Mills	☆ 5	Shut dow 2CAL·2ETI	ned -)		enufacturing steel sheet be shut down (~22.9)
	Chiba & Kurashiki	Blast Furnace			☆ Kur No.	ashiki Refit 4 BF(~21.12)	Chiba Refit No.6 BF(22.9~12)
St	Kurashiki	Continuous Casting Machine			☆ Installed n Casting Ma	new Continuous achine (21.6)	FY24 Reinforce Non-oriented Electrical
Strategic	District	Electrical Steel Sheet Facilities					Steel Sheet Production
	I	Coke Oven	☆ Rene No.3	ewed Coke Over	Renewed Noten(B) (2	lo.3 Coke 21.6)	
vest	Fukuyama	Sintering Machine	☆ Insta	alled new S	Sintering Machine		
	District	Energy Plants		☆ Ins		nerator in Joint Ther	mal
ts		Ferro Coke Production Facility		—	Develop ferro coke	production technolog	ЭУ
	Overseas	Mexico NJSM	ڼ ا	Begun Ope	rating CGL for Aut	omotive Applicatio	ns



Orders by Business Area

(billion ven)

				(billion yen)
Business	FY2020	FY2021	Chango	Main orders received in FY2021
Area	Actual	Forecast	Change	★: New projects received in FY2021 3Q
Waste to Resource	220.0	220.0	0.0	Construction of domestic waste treatment plant [Nara,★Nagoya] Improvement works of domestic waste treatment plant [Kochi] Construction of overseas waste treatment plant [Vietnam]
Carbon	26.0	000	46.0	Renewal construction of Matsukawa geothermal power generation plant[Iwate prefecture]
Neutral 36.		82.0	46.0	Construction of Mori Binary power generation plant [Hokkaido]
				★Construction of Tahara Biomass Power plant [Aichi]
Combined Utility Service	11.0	15.0	4.0	
				Installation of offsite equipment of Himeji power generation [Hyogo]
Core	234.1	213.0	-21.1	★Reconstruction of Sludge Treatment Plant at Iriezaki General Sludge Center [Kawasaki]
Infra- stracture				Construction of domestic bridge (Tokai-Kanjo Expressway [Gifu])
				Reconstruction of domestic bridge (Tomei Expressway [Shizuoka], Shuto Expressway [Tokyo], Chuo Expressway[Nagano])
Total	501.1	530.0	28.9	



Evaluation for ESG initiatives etc.

Evaluation by CDP 2021: A High Rating of [A-] for Climate Change and Water Security

Released on December 7th, 2021



- Received [A-] for 2 areas, climate change and water security, by the CDP, a British nongovernmental organization (NGO) that conducts ESG evaluation.
- The score for climate change <u>ranked up from [B] to [A-]</u> this year, in accordance with our continuous measures to environmental reservation and our initiatives for carbon neutrality.
- JFE is <u>one of the best-rated steelmakers in the world</u> to be received [A-] both for climate change and water security.

Evaluation by The 5th NIKKEI Smart Work Management: ★ 4

- The NIKKEI selects companies that try to improve productivity through work style reforms in "NIKKEI Smart Work Management Survey".
- The score improved from ★3.5 to ★4, one of the highest rated steelmakers in Japan*.

*BF steel manufacturers, EAF steel manufacturers, and other steelmakers



Revision of Corporate Governance Report

Disclosed on December 3rd, 2021

- Corporate Governance Code has been revised in June 2021 by Financial Services Agency amid the revision of market divisions in Tokyo Stock Exchange.
- As JFE has decided to be listed on the Prime Market, JFE has also revised its corporate governance report following the revised Corporate Governance Code.



Links to the reports published during FY2021

Report	URL	QR code
JFE Group REPORT 2021	https://www.jfe- holdings.co.jp/en/investor/library/gro up-report/index.html	
JFE Group CSR REPORT 2021	https://www.jfe- holdings.co.jp/en/csr/data/index.html	
JFE Group CSR REPORT 2021 ESG Data	https://www.jfe- holdings.co.jp/en/csr/pdf/2021/2021 _08.pdf	
DX REPORT 2021	<coming soon=""></coming>	

