

# FY2022 Second Quarter Financial Results 

(From April 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022)

## Scroll Corporation <br> (TSE Prime Section : 8005)

## Notice:

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## FY2022 Second Quarter Results (FY2022 First Half)

## Highlights (consolidated)

- Net sales: Overall sales decreased despite sales growth in the Solutions Business
- Ordinary profit : Decrease due to lower sales and cost increase factors

|  | H1 FY2021 <br> Actual | H1 FY2022 <br> Actual | Change <br> Yoy | \% Change <br> YoY |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net sales | 41,830 | 40,965 | -864 | $-2.1 \%$ |
| Operating profit <br> (Operating profit / net sales) | 4,680 <br> $(11.2 \%)$ | 3,496 <br> $(8.5 \%)$ | $-1,184$ | $-25.3 \%$ |
| Ordinary profit <br> (Ordinary profit / net sales) | 4,708 <br> $(11.3 \%)$ | 3,373 <br> $(8.2 \%)$ | $-1,335$ | $-28.4 \%$ |
| Profit attributable to <br> owners of parent | 3,231 | 2,333 | -898 | $-27.8 \%$ |
| Earnings per share | $¥ 92.69$ | $¥ 66.88$ | $-¥ 25.81$ |  |

## Changes in monthly net sales (consolidated)

- In the Mail-order Business, orders for spring and summer products (April-May) were sluggish, but recovered to the same level as the previous year from June onward.
- Sales since August have exceeded the previous year's results due to growth in the Solutions Business.

*Figures for FY2019 and FY2020 on this page are figures before the application of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, etc. It is displayed for reference.


## Analysis of Sales Increase/Decrease (consolidated)

- In the Mail-order Business, sales declined due to weak spring and summer sales (April-May).
- In the Solutions Business, increased due to the contribution of new distribution centers and growth in services.



## Analysis of Changes in Ordinary profit (consolidated)

- The decrease in profit was due to the occurrence of special factors in the previous fiscal year and cost increase factors, in addition to the decrease in profit due to lower sales.

Changes in sales and gross profit


4,708


H1
FY2021

H1
FY2022

## Selling, general and administrative expenses (consolidated)

- The selling, general and administrative (SG\&A) expense ratio increased 1.7 percentage points due to higher personnel expenses and others.
(Millions of yen)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H1 FY2021 } \\ & \text { Actual } \end{aligned}$ | H1 FY2022 <br> Actual | Change | Increase/Decrease Factors (round numbers) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freightage related expenses | 814 | 772 | -41 |  |
| Advertising expenses | 5,095 | 5,115 | +20 | [-] sales promotion expenses -30 (Streamlining the distribution of weekly deployment catalogs) [+] sales promotion expenses +100 (Increased circulation of booklet catalogs) |
| Personnel expenses | 2,209 | 2,427 | +218 | [+] Bonus-related expenses +300 (previous period factor: Change in bonus criteria) |
| Others | 3,139 | 3,402 | +263 | [+] Commission fee +186 (Change of account: <br> Transferred to cost) <br> [+] Provision for allowance for doubtful accounts <br> +51 (Payment agency business) |
| SG\&A expenses <br> (SG\&A expenses ratio) | $\begin{aligned} & 11,258 \\ & (26.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11,718 \\ & (28.6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +459 \\ (+1.7 \mathrm{P}) \end{array}$ |  |

## Performance by Segment

## Decrease in sales and profit

| Mail-order Business | Orders are recovering despite declining sales and profits |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net sales | $¥ 21,263$ million | ( -6.6\%) |
|  | Segment profit : | $¥ 3,341$ million | ( $-21.4 \%$ ) |
|  | Increase in sales and profit Growth in logistics services and other services |  |  |
| Business | Net sales : | $¥ 10,094$ million | ( +15.0\%) |
|  | Segment profit : | $¥ 229$ million | ( +38.2\%) |


| E-commerce | Struggled as market environment became more severe |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Business | Net sales : | $\neq 10,170$ million $\quad\left(\begin{array}{c}-4.8 \%) \\ \\ \\ \\ \text { Segment profit : }\end{array} \quad-\neq 235\right.$ million $(\neq 181$ million in H1 FY2021) |

Decrease in sales and profit
Decrease in sales and income due to business restructuring
HBT Business

| Net sales : | $\neq 660$ million |
| :--- | :--- |
| Segment profit : | $-38.7 \%)$ |
|  | $-\neq 95$ million $\quad(\neq 3$ million in H1 FY2021) |

## Increase in sales and decrease in profit

Due to the impact of intra-group balance of income and expenses in the real estate business

## Group <br> Jurisdiction <br> Business

Net sales :
Segment profit :
$\neq 1,688$ million $\quad(+1.9 \%)$
$\neq 100$ million ( $-16.3 \%$ )

[^0]* Effective from the beginning of the FY2022, the Company has changed its reportable segments. * Consolidation adjustments are not included.


## Mail-order Business Segment

- Sales in the second quarter were on par with the same period of the previous year, but sales and profits declined in the first half of the year due to lower sales of spring and summer products.
-Sales remained steady as orders recovered in midsummer and late summer.
-Profit decreased due to a decrease in gross profit and an increase in SG\&A expenses caused by a special factor (change in bonus criteria) in the previous period.

- Sales and profits increased due to growth in each of the mail-order solution services, including logistics agency services.
- Sales increased due to new distribution center and contact center operations and growth in marketing support business.
-Performance of Payment agency services remained steady.



## E-commerce Business Segment

- E-commerce market environment became more severe and struggled.
-Promoted differentiation strategies such as developing original products and offering new business models.
- Profitability deteriorated due to intensified price competition and higher purchase prices.
-Impairment of unutilized inventory in response to deteriorating market conditions.



## Balance sheet (consolidated)

- Net assets totaled 30,630 million yen (equity ratio 61.1\%) due to net profit and an increase in capital.



## Cash flows (consolidated)

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | H1 FY2021 Actual | H1 FY2022 <br> Actual | Change |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | -538 | 1,205 | +1,743 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | -491 | -232 | +258 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | -3,074 | -1,944 | +1,130 |
| Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents | 18 | 19 | +1 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | -4,086 | -952 | +3,134 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 8,084 | 7,142 | -941 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 3,997 | 6,189 | +2,192 |

■ Main components of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities
Profit before income taxes $\quad+\neq 3,374$ million
Increase in inventory $\quad-\neq 1,504$ million
■ Main components of net cash provided by (used in) investing activities
Purchase of intangible assets $-\neq 142$ million
■ Main components of net cash provided by (used in) financing activities
Dividends paid
$-¥ 1,893$ million

Medium-term Management Plan and Full-year Forecasts

## Changes in the external environment that we need to address

- The external environment is changing from a mid-term perspective, and in order to enhance growth potential and risk tolerance, it is necessary to change into a corporate entity that meets the needs of the times and reflect these changes in business activities.

Changes in the external environment
from a mid-term perspective
Declining birthrate and aging population

Global recession

Unstable World Situation

## Climate change

Lifestyle changes due to COVID-19

Changes that need to be reflected in business activities

Rising production costs
Accelerating yen depreciation
Shrink of consumer market and mindset

Diversification of customer needs of goods and services

Increased use of
E-commerce and Mail-order
Intensifying competition across industries and business categories

Growing awareness of sustainability

## Next Evolution 2024 ~To the Next Goal~ Transformation and Evolution of DMC

(Direct Marketing Conglomerate)
FY2022

FY2023-FY2024
Two priority policies for FY2022

## Promotion of second DMC management

Breaking away from single-business management that relies on the Mail-order Business

- Expanding SVB sales in the Mail-order Business segment
- Increasing profit in the Solutions Business segment
- Improve profitability in the E-commerce Business segment


## Stepped-up efforts in <br> Responsibility management

## Advancing initiatives that contribute to business profit

- Initiatives toward eco-friendliness and a decarbonized society (E / Environment)
- Promotion of task diversity management (S / Social)
- Enhancement of corporate governance (G / Governance)

Advancing efforts to achieve environmental and social goals

Optimizing our business portfolio for the second completion of DMC

(G/Governance)

## Progress of Medium-Term Management Plan

## Breaking away from single-business management that relies on the Mail-order Business

(Summary of the first half)
In ordinary profit, the composition ratio of the Solutions Business increased, but the E-commerce Business decreased.

: Promotion of second DMC management
Breaking away from single-business management that relies on the Mail-order Business
We will continue to accelerate growth in the Solutions Business and aim to optimize our business portfolio by promoting a differentiation strategy in the E-commerce Business.

## Expanding SVB sales in the Mail-order Business segment

Increasing profit in the Solutions Business segment

> Improve profitability in the
> E-commerce Business segment

> Promote efficiency in existing businesses

## Forecast for Full-year FY2022 (consolidated)

- Based on the results through the second quarter, we have revised our forecast figures as follows, due to the anticipated further decline in personal consumption in the third quarter and beyond, accompanying rising prices, and the expected stronger impact of higher production costs.
(Millions of yen)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY2021 } \\ \text { Actual } \end{gathered}$ | FY2022 Forecast |  | Change <br> (\% change) / [*] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Previous Forecasts (announced on May 10,2022 ) | New Forecasts (announced on October 28, 2022) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vs FY2021 } \\ & \text { Actual } \end{aligned}$ | Vs Previous Forecasts |
| Net sales | 81,391 | 84,000 | 79,000 | $\begin{aligned} & -2,391 \\ & (-2.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -5,000 \\ & (-6.0 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| Operating profit <br> (Operating profit / net sales) | $\begin{aligned} & 7,000 \\ & (8.6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,700 \\ & (6.8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,500 \\ & (5.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -2,500 \\ {[-2.9 \mathrm{P}]} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,200 \\ {[-1.1 \mathrm{P}]} \end{array}$ |
| Ordinary profit (Ordinary profit / net sales) | $\begin{aligned} & 7,096 \\ & (8.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,800 \\ & (6.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,500 \\ & (5.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -2,596 \\ {[-3.0 P]} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,300 \\ {[-1.2 P]} \end{array}$ |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 5,585 | 4,000 | 3,100 | -2,485 | -900 |
| Earnings per share | 19.7\% | 13.0\% | 10.1\% | -9.6P | -2.9P |

## Forecast for Full-year FY2022 (by Segment)

- By segment, we have revised the forecast figures for the Mail-order Business, Solutions Business, and E-commerce Business, as shown below.
(Millions of yen)


[^1]*2 (Ordinary profit / net sales)
*3 [change in percentage points]

## About shareholder return

■ Basic policy for return to shareholders

- We regards the return of profit to its shareholders as a management policy of utmost importance.
- Our basic policy regarding dividends is to "implement an annual dividend of 20 yen as the minimum and a consolidated dividend payout ratio of $40 \%$ in principle".
For fiscal years in which net income for the current term fluctuates significantly due to sales of real estate or securities not directly related to business activities and other special factors, the amount of dividends will be determined after excluding the impact of such sales.
- We use internal reserves primarily for appropriate investments to strive to maintain and strengthen inter-corporate competitiveness.

■ FY2022 Dividend per share (Forecast)

- With respect to the dividend forecast for the FY2022, we have revised the year-end dividend forecast to 25.5 yen and the annual dividend forecast to 35.5 yen, respectively, in line with the aforementioned revision of the earnings forecast.

Interim dividend $\quad ¥ 10.0$
Year-end dividend $¥ 25.5$ (forecast) Annual dividend $\quad ¥ 35.5$ (forecast)


Company Profile /
Business Segments Introduction

## Company profile

## 今日を，いい日に。

## scro｜

## Scroll Corporation


：2－24－1 Sato，Naka－ku，Hamamatsu－shi，Shizuoka
：Tomohisa Tsurumi
：October 1， 1943
：$¥ 6,064$ million（as of September 30，2022）
Representative
Established
Capital
Employees（consolidated）
Description of business
Representative
Established
Capital
Employees（consolidated）
Description of business
： 900 （as of September 30，2022）
：Mail－order Business of apparel，general merchandise， cosmetics and health food products，travel，etc．，as well as the Solutions Business for e－commerce and mail－order business vendors
Business structure ：Direct Marketing Conglomerate made up of 19 consolidated companies

## Business Segments and Business Overview

We are developing mail－order sales（catalog and partially internet）for members of the

## Mail－order Business

 co－op home delivery business．
## scrod｜

SCROLL TRADING （SHANGHAI）Co．，LTD．
Solutions

Business $\quad$| We provide＂one－stop solution services＂that provide 360 －degree support for EC and mail－ |
| :--- |
| order businesses． |

## E－commerce Business

We sell specialized product categories over the Internet，primarily through our own website and online shopping malls．
AXES scro|led (aturum 株式会社ミョョ

We sell cosmetics and health foods over the Internet，focusing on natural and organic products to help our customers stay healthy in mind and body．We also sell domestic travel planning．


We operate logistics centers and make effective use of real estate at our domestic locations． In addition，overseas subsidiaries manage the production of products．

## Contact

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Corporate Planning Department, Corporate Management Division Telephone : +81-53-464-1114 (direct line: from overseas)
Facsimile : +81-53-464-1309 (from overseas)
E-mail : ir@mb.scroll.jp

## Website address: https://www.scroll.jp/en/

$\star$ Caution regarding forward-looking statements
The forward-looking statements, including earnings forecasts, contained in these materials are based on information currently available to the Company and on certain assumptions deemed to be reasonable. These statements do not purport that the Company pledges to realize such statements. Actual business and other results may differ from the forecast figures due to various factors going forward.


[^0]:    * ( ) Figures in parentheses are year-on-year changes

[^1]:    *1 As the FY2021 is the first year of application of the "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" and other standards, \% change from the previous fiscal year is not shown.

