# Outline of Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2022

November 11, 2022



# **Summary of Financial Results**

#### 6 months ended Year on Year Sep-22 ¥ (32.2)bn ¥ 48.2bn **Net income** (40.0) % (Individual Insurance) ¥ 9.8bn ¥ 32.7bn **Annualized** + 43.0 % premiums from (Medical Care) **New policies** ¥ 1.9bn ¥ 2.9bn + 196.9 % (Individual Insurance) ¥ (166.3)bn ¥ 3,372.6bn **Annualized** (4.7) % premiums from (Medical Care) **Policies in Force** ¥ (17.7)bn ¥ 609.3bn (2.8)%¥ (189.2)bn EV ¥ 3,429.7bn (5.2)%

#### **(Financial Highlights)**

- In addition to an increase in insurance claims payments for COVID-19, capital gains (losses) deteriorated mainly due to impairment losses.
- ➤ While the losses above were neutralized by the contingency reserves and price fluctuation reserves, net income for current period decreased by ¥ 32.2bn ((40.0) %) year on year because of decline in policies in force, etc.
- Regarding financial results forecasts for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023, the achievement in current period is 68.0%.

#### [Policy Sales]

- Annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance in FY23/3 2Q increased by ¥ 9.8bn (+ 43.0 %) year on year, which remained a slight improvement.
- ➤ Annualized premiums from policies in force decreased by ¥ 166.3bn ((4.7) %) year on year.

#### [Embedded Value]

➤ EV decreased by ¥ 189.2bn ((5.2) %) from the end of the previous fiscal year, mainly due to a decrease in unrealized gains of foreign bonds resulting from an increase in foreign interest rates.

# Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2022 (Year on Year)

#### **Statement of Income**

(¥bn)

					` '
		6months ended Sep-21	6months ended Sep-22	Change	(Reference) Year ended Mar-22
0	rdinary income	3,226.1	3,202.4	(23.6)	6,454.2
	Insurance premiums and others	1,274.8	1,151.4	(123.3)	2,418.9
	Investment income	561.3	556.1	(5.1)	1,149.1
	Reversal of policy reserves	1,376.8	1,492.6	115.7	2,864.2
O	rdinary expenses	3,042.2	3,167.9	125.6	6,098.0
	Insurance claims and others	2,779.7	2,769.1	(10.5)	5,549.3
	Investment expenses	19.0	117.0	98.0	69.7
	Operating expenses etc <sup>1</sup>	243.4	259.5	16.0	479.0
0	rdinary profit	183.8	34.5	(149.3)	356.1
E:	xtraordinary gains and losses	(35.8)	81.2	117.0	(62.4)
	Reversal of reserve for price fluctuations <sup>2</sup>	(35.5)	81.4	116.9	(67.7)
	rovision for reserve r policyholder dividends	36.0	27.1	(8.8)	73.1
To	otal income taxes	31.5	40.3	8.8	62.5
	et income attributable Japan Post Insurance	80.5	48.2	(32.2)	158.0

Note: Only major line items are shown.

- 1. Sum of Operating expenses and Other ordinary expenses.
- 2. Plus signs indicate reversals, while brackets ( ) indicate provisions.

#### **Details of Ordinary Profit (Non-Consolidated)**

(¥bn)

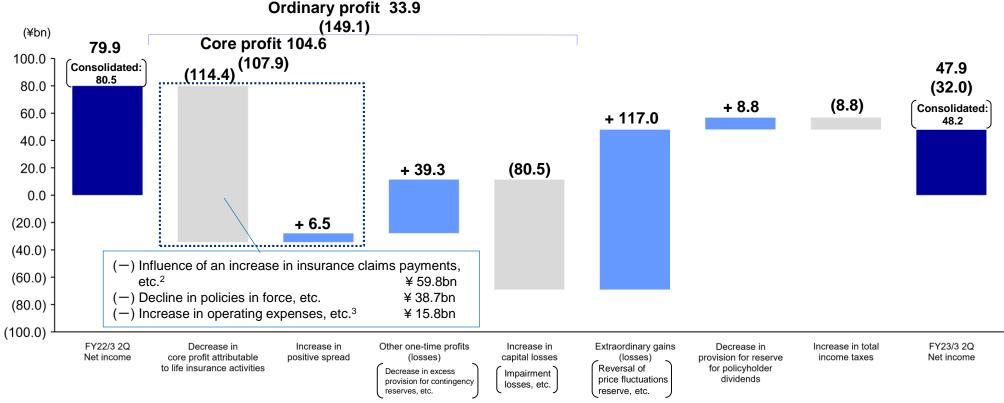
		6months ended Sep-21	6months ended Sep-22	Change	(Reference Year ended Mar-22
2	ore profit	212.5	104.6	(107.9)	429.7
	Core profit attributable to life insurance activities	158.5	44.1	(114.4)	296.4
	Positive spread	53.9	60.4	6.5	133.3
	Hedging costs related to foreign exchange	(4.6)	(13.4)	(8.7)	(7.3)
Ve	et capital gains (losses)	8.3	(72.1)	(80.5)	5.6
	Gains (losses) from mutual investment funds cancellation	0.0	20.3	20.3	0.0
2	ther one-time profits (losses)	(37.8)	1.5	39.3	(79.6)
C	rdinary profit	183.1	33.9	(149.1)	355.7

#### (Reference) Partial amendment to the method for calculating core profit

- Method for calculating core profit was partially amended in FY23/3 (hedging costs related to foreign exchange are included in the calculation of core profit and excluded from capital gains (losses), while gains from cancellation of investment trust are excluded from the calculation of core profit and included in capital gains (losses)). This amendment started to apply in FY23/3.
- Regarding the price fluctuation reserves, we continue to adopt accounting treatments to
  provide or reverse them corresponding to the amount of capital gains (losses) which
  include hedging costs related to foreign exchange, and exclude gains from cancellation of
  investment trust.
- Core profit, positive spread, investment return on core profit, and capital gains (losses) for, or at the end of the previous fiscal year stated in this material are calculated reflecting the aforementioned amendment.

# Factors for Year on Year Changes (Non-Consolidated)

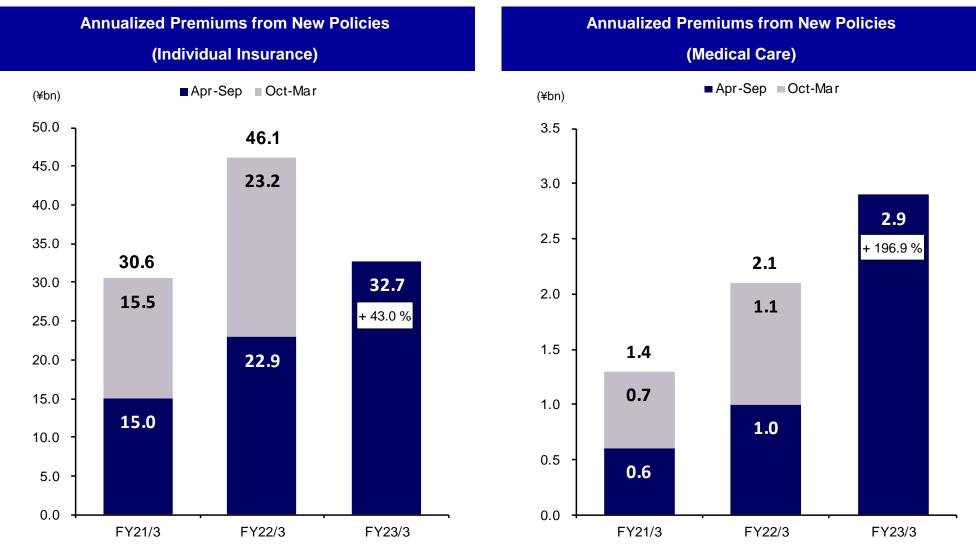
- Core profit decreased year on year to ¥ 104.6 billion as a result of a decrease in core profit attributable to life insurance activities, mainly due to an increase in insurance claims payments for COVID-19, a decline in policies in force, and an increase in operating expenses resulting from the establishment of the new Japan Post Insurance sales system.
- Regarding the increase in insurance claims payments for COVID-19, we partially reduced the excess provisions for contingency reserves and price fluctuation reserves. In addition, capital losses etc.¹ were offset by the reversal of price fluctuation reserves corresponding to the amount of them. As a result, net income for current period was ¥ 47.9 billion.



- 1. While hedging costs related to foreign exchange are offset by the reversal of price fluctuation reserves, the gains from cancellation of investment trust are excluded from provision of price fluctuation reserves.
- 2. An increase in insurance claims payments, etc. were due to impact mainly from the payment of, and provision of reserve for outstanding claims for death benefits and hospitalization benefits for COVID-19.
- 3. "Increase in operating expenses, etc." shows the difference between FY22/3 2Q and FY23/3 2Q. This figure is calculated by adding up "Operating expenses" and "Other ordinary expenses."



# Policy Sales (Annualized Premiums from New Policies)



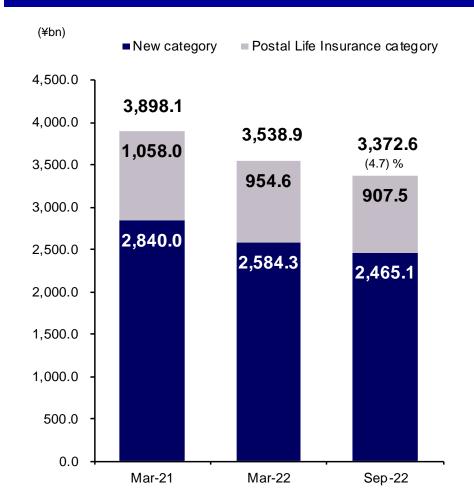
Note: Annualized premiums are calculated by multiplying the amount of a single premium installment payment by a multiplier determined according to the relevant payment method to arrive at a single annualized amount. (For lump-sum payments, annualized premiums are calculated by dividing the total premium by the insured period.) Medical care corresponds to medical and living benefits, etc.

Annualized premiums (individual insurance) include the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.

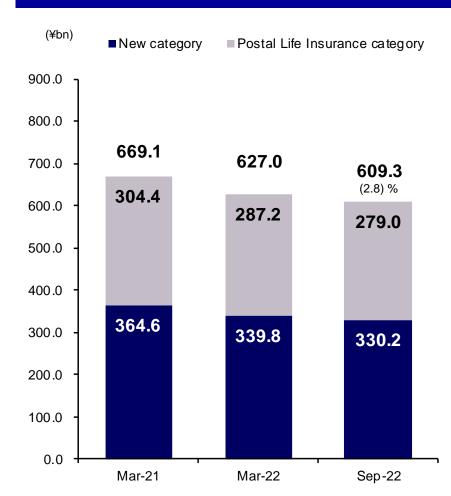


# Policy Sales (Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force)

# Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force (Individual Insurance)



# Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force (Medical Care)



Note: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. The "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network.



# **Investments** [Asset Portfolio]

#### **Asset Portfolio**

(¥bn)

	( <del>‡</del> Dn)					
		Mar	-22	Sep	-22	Change
		Amount	Share	Amount	Share	Change
	Bonds	46,563.5	69.3 %	45,639.7	70.5 %	(923.7)
	Japanese government bonds	37,408.9	55.7 %	37,435.9	57.8 %	26.9
	Japanese local government bonds	4,462.6	6.6 %	3,856.5	6.0 %	(606.1)
	Japanese corporate bonds	4,691.8	7.0 %	4,347.3	6.7 %	(344.5)
	Return seeking assets <sup>1</sup>	11,228.3	16.7 %	10,540.8	16.3 %	(687.4)
	Domestic stocks <sup>2</sup>	2,614.5	3.9 %	2,468.7	3.8 %	(145.7)
	Foreign stocks <sup>2</sup>	586.1	0.9 %	543.5	0.8 %	(42.5)
	Foreign bonds <sup>2</sup>	6,279.9	9.3 %	5,503.3	8.5 %	(776.5)
	Other <sup>3</sup>	1,747.7	2.6 %	2,025.1	3.1 %	277.4
	Alternative assets	914.9	1.4 %	1,290.2	2.0 %	375.3
	Loans	4,251.9	6.3 %	3,920.1	6.1 %	(331.8)
	Others	5,130.9	7.6 %	4,647.3	7.2 %	(483.5)
	Cash and deposits, call loans	1,310.7	2.0 %	1,218.8	1.9 %	(91.8)
	Receivables under resale agreements	2,120.1	3.2 %	1,597.1	2.5 %	(522.9)
To	otal assets	67,174.7	100.0 %	64,748.1	100.0 %	(2,426.6)

#### **Spread and Investment Yield**

(¥bn)

6months ended Sep-21	6months ended Sep-22		(Reference) Year ended Mar-22
53.9	60.4		133.3
(4.6)	(13.4)		(7.3)
1.69 %	1.67 %		1.68 %
1.88 %	1.90 %		1.92 %
8.3	(72.1)		5.6
0.0	20.3		0.0
	Sep-21 53.9 (4.6) 1.69 % 1.88 % 8.3 0.0	Sep-21         Sep-22           53.9         60.4           (4.6)         (13.4)           1.69 %         1.67 %           1.88 %         1.90 %           8.3         (72.1)           0.0         20.3	Sep-21         Sep-22           53.9         60.4           (4.6)         (13.4)           1.69 %         1.67 %           1.88 %         1.90 %           8.3         (72.1)           0.0         20.3

- Average assumed rates of return are the assumed return on general account policy reserves.
- 2. Investment return on core profit is the return with respect to earned policy reserves.

#### **Duration**

(years)

		•
	Mar-22	Sep-22
Assets	10.5	10.4
Liabilities	12.7	12.3
Difference	2.2	1.9

Note: The duration for accounting purposes of insurance liabilities related to individual insurance and individual annuities and yen-denominated interest-bearing assets.

- 1. Return seeking assets include domestic and foreign stocks, foreign-currency-denominated bonds, investment trusts, etc. held for investment purposes among the assets recorded under "money held in trust" and "securities" on the balance sheet.
- 2. "Domestic stocks," "Foreign stocks" and "Foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts that invest only in the specified assets.
- 3. Bank loans, multi-asset, alternative investment (real estate fund, private equity, infrastructure equity, etc.), etc.
- . Based on the adoption of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement," fair value of an investment trust that has no market transaction price is determined by assuming its net asset value as its fair value.



**JAPAN POST INSURANCE** 

# **Investments** [Fair Value Information of Securities]

#### **Fair Value Information of Securities**

(¥bn)

			Mar-22			Sep-22			Change	
		Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)
Т	otal	56,500.9	62,173.4	5,672.4	55,796.7	59,573.8	3,777.0	(704.1)	(2,599.6)	(1,895.4)
Н	eld-to-maturity bonds	34,126.2	38,143.1	4,016.9	33,428.3	36,143.6	2,715.2	(697.8)	(1,999.5)	(1,301.6)
	olicy-reserve-matching onds	8,604.7	9,106.0	,106.0 501.2 8,477.4 8,681.2 203.8 (127.2)		(424.7)	(297.4)			
Α	vailable-for-sale securities	13,769.9	14,924.2	1,154.2	13,890.8	14,748.8	857.9	120.9	(175.3)	(296.2)
	Securities etc.	10,976.2	11,103.7	127.5	10,530.3	10,178.6	(351.6)	(445.9)	(925.0)	(479.1)
	Bonds	4,043.7	4,016.9	(26.7)	4,079.6	3,911.4	(168.2)	35.9	(105.5)	(141.5)
	Domestic stocks	357.7	419.8	62.0	344.9	384.1	39.1	(12.7)	(35.6)	(22.8)
	Foreign securities	4,247.0	4,332.5	85.4	3,987.4	3,892.4	(95.0)	(259.6)	(440.0)	(180.4)
	Other securities	1,884.2	1,889.9	5.7	1,700.7	1,572.3	(128.3)	(183.4)	(317.5)	(134.0)
	Deposits etc.	443.3	444.5	1.1	417.4	418.3	0.8	(25.9)	(26.2)	(0.2)
	Money held in trust	2,793.7	3,820.4	1,026.6	3,360.5	4,570.1	1,209.5	566.8	749.7	182.9
	Domestic stocks <sup>1</sup>	1,495.7	2,194.7	699.0	1,505.1	2,073.8	568.7	9.3	(120.8)	(130.2)
	Foreign stocks <sup>1</sup>	311.9	586.1	274.2	316.9	543.5	226.5	5.0	(42.5)	(47.6)
	Foreign bonds <sup>1</sup>	700.0	742.0	42.0	618.9	669.3	50.3	(81.0)	(72.7)	8.2
	Other <sup>2</sup>	286.0	297.4	11.4	919.4	1,283.3	363.9	633.4	985.9	352.5

Note: This table only shows securities with a fair value. It also includes the handling of securities under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

<sup>3.</sup> Based on the adoption of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement," fair value of an investment trust that has no market transaction price is determined by assuming its net asset value as its fair value.



<sup>1. &</sup>quot;Domestic stocks," "foreign stocks" and "foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts investing only in the respective assets.

<sup>2. &</sup>quot;Cash and deposits", "bank loans" and "real estate fund."

# **Expenses**

#### **Expenses**

(¥bn)

	6months ended Sep-21	6months ended Sep-22	Change	(Reference) Year ended Mar-22
Operating expenses	192.2	220.7	28.4	385.9
Commissions <sup>1</sup>	92.9	69.4	(23.5)	178.6
Sales Commissions	19.6	18.7	(0.9)	30.7
Maintenance Commissions	73.3	50.7	(22.6)	147.9
Contributions <sup>2</sup>	27.0	25.0	(1.9)	54.0
Others <sup>3</sup>	72.2	126.1	53.9	153.2
Other ordinary expenses	51.1	38.8	(12.3)	93.0
Depreciation and amortization	30.0	19.9	(10.0)	54.5
Operating expenses etc	243.4	259.5	16.0	479.0

Commissions paid to Japan Post Co.

Figures for FY23/3 2Q includes ¥ 46.2 billion increase in personnel expenses (non-consolidated) including a result of the transition to the new Japan Post Insurance sales system in April 2022.



Contributions paid to Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network based on the related law.

#### **Financial Soundness**

#### **Internal Reserves**

(¥bn)

		Mar-22	ar-22 Sep-22		Provisions in the period
Contingency reser	ve	1,690.9	1,689.4		(1.5)
Postal Life Insucategory <sup>1</sup>	ırance	1,203.2 1,224.7		21.5	
New category		487.7	464.7		(23.0)
Price fluctuations	reserve	972.6	891.1		(81.4)
Postal Life Insucategory	ırance	695.1	670.2		(24.9)
New category		277.4	220.9	•	(56.4)
Additional policy re	eserve	5,618.6	5,498.7		(119.9)
Postal Life Insucategory <sup>1</sup>	ırance	5,613.8	5,494.8		(118.9)

4.8

3.8

#### **Solvency Margin Ratio**

(¥bn)

		Mar-22	Sep-22
Sc	olvency Margin Ratio	1,045.5 %	992.0 %
	Total amount of solvency margin	5,858.5	5,423.0
	Total amount of risk	1,120.6	1,093.3

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the postal life insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figures after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

(0.9)



New category

<sup>1.</sup> For the Postal Life Insurance category, the Company accumulated additional policy reserves which were funded by contingency reserves at the end of March, 2021. With this operation, the Company also provided contingency reserves in excess of the statutory reserve standards in order to restore the level of them from the end of March, 2021 onward.

#### **Embedded Value**

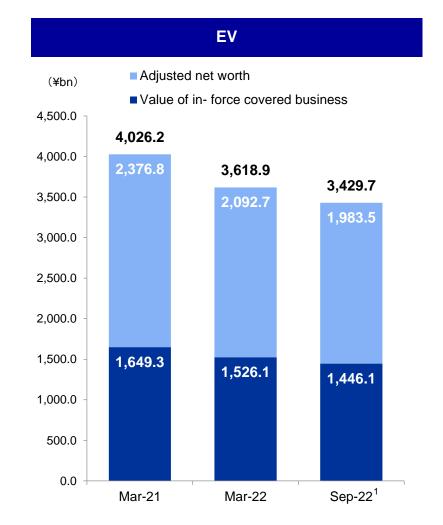
#### **Breakdown of EV**

(¥bn)

		Mar-22		Change
EV		3,618.9	3,429.7	(189.2) ((5.2) %)
	Adjusted net worth	2,092.7	1,983.5	(109.2) ((5.2) %)
	Value of in- force covered business	1,526.1	1,446.1	(79.9) ((5.2) %)

#### **Value of New Business**

 Certain amount of operating expenses for new policy acquisition is required regardless of the amount of new policies sold.
 As a result, the value of new business of current period turned negative.



<sup>3.</sup> The value of new business divided by the present value of future premium income.



Provisional calculations that have not been verified by a third party.

<sup>2.</sup> Using the economic assumptions as of June 30, 2022, based on the new policies written in the period from April 2022 to September 2022. The value of new business includes the increase or decrease due to conditional cancellation and conversion.

# The Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results for the Year Ending March 31, 2023

#### **Full-year Financial Results Forecast**

	Year ending Mar-23 (Forecast)
Ordinary income	6,220.0
Ordinary profit	160.0
Net income <sup>1</sup>	71.0

(¥bn)
Achievement
51.5 %
21.6 %
68.0 %

¥ 180.67 Net income per share

¥ 121.63

#### Full-year Financial Results Forecast (non-consolidated)

	Year ending Mar-23 (Forecast)
Core profit	Approx. 220.0

	(+011)
6months ended Sep-22	Achievement
104.6	47.6 %

(Yhn)

# ¥ 375.14 ¥ 295.33 ¥ 267.40 ¥ 200.86 ¥ 180.67 ¥ 174.21 FY19/3 FY21/3 FY22/3 FY18/3 FY20/3 FY23/3 (Forecast)

**Earnings Per Share** 

Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance.

#### Shareholder Return

#### **Shareholder Return Policies** during the period of the Medium-term Management Plan

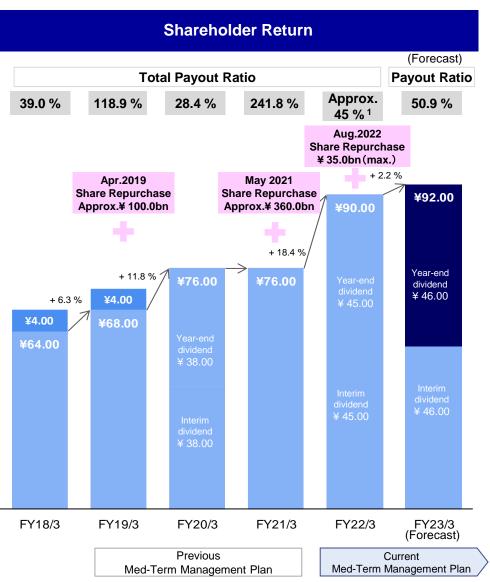
- The Company in principle aims not to decrease but to increase dividend per share for the period of the Medium-term Management Plan up to FY2025, while considering earning prospects and financial soundness
- By taking timely measures, including acquisition of treasury stock, to return profits to shareholders flexibly, we will aim for an average total payout ratio from 40% to 50% in the medium term

#### **Shareholder Return for the Year Ended March 31, 2022**

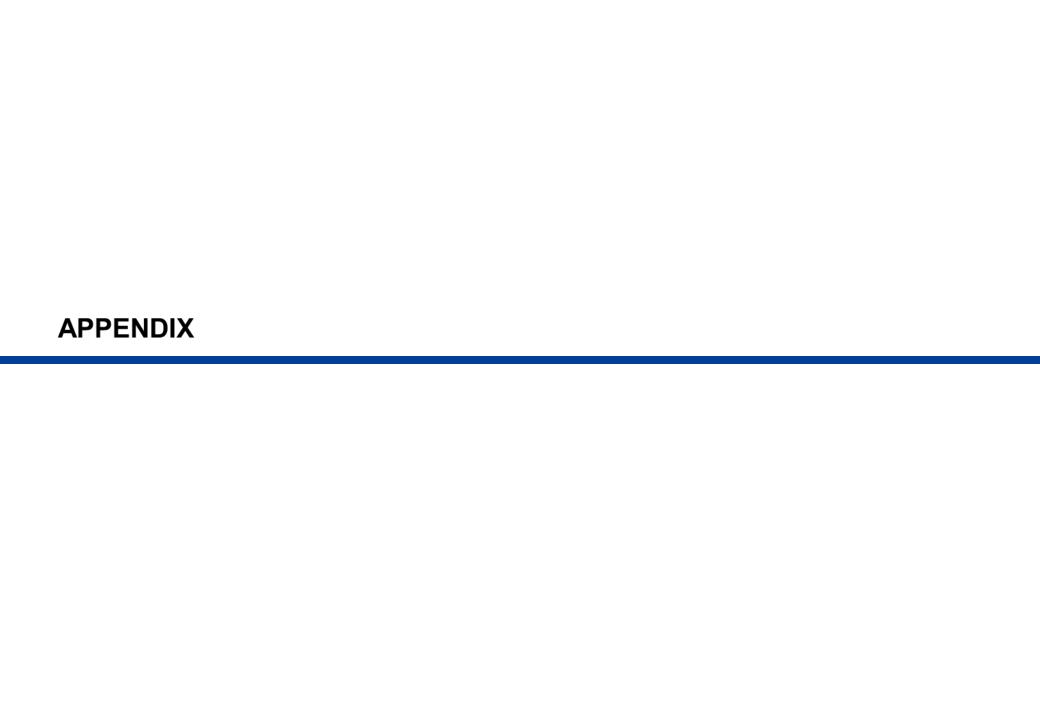
- For FY22/3, dividends to shareholders at ¥ 90 per share have been paid.
- Approximately 45% total payout ratio is expected for FY22/3, and on this basis, we decided to carry out acquisition of treasury stock not exceeding ¥ 35.0bn, as part of our shareholder return.
- In implementation of the acquisition of treasury stock, the Company will continue to ensure that the ratio of voting rights of JAPAN POST HOLDINGS Co., Ltd. will be maintained at 50% or less. Therefore, depending on the status of the ratio of voting rights, the amount of treasury stock to be acquired may be significantly less than ¥ 35.0bn.

#### **Shareholder Return for the Year Ending March 31, 2023**

- As for dividends to shareholders for FY23/3, no change is being contemplated to ¥ 92 per share as scheduled.
- The Company plans to provide cash dividends twice a year as the interim dividends and the year-end dividends



Assuming the implementation of the acquisition of ¥ 35.0bn (maximum) treasury stock.



# **Overview of Balance Sheets**

#### **Overview of Balance Sheets**

(¥bn)

		Mar-22	Sep-22	Change
To	otal Assets	67,174.7	64,748.1	(2,426.6)
	Cash and deposits	1,270.7	1,178.8	(91.8)
	Money held in trust	4,521.9	4,654.0	132.0
	Securities	53,417.5	51,708.9	(1,708.6)
	Loans	4,251.9	3,920.1	(331.8)
	Tangible fixed assets	94.4	93.4	(1.0)
	Intangible fixed assets	93.6	92.1	(1.4)
	Deferred tax assets	1,005.3	1,093.9	88.6

		Mar-22	Sep-22	Change
Tot	tal Liabilities	64,753.7	62,566.8	(2,186.8)
	Policy reserves	56,533.4	55,040.8	(1,492.6)
	Contingency reserve	1,690.9	1,689.4	(1.5)
	Additional policy reserve	5,618.6	5,498.7	(119.9)
	Bonds payable	300.0	300.0	-
	Reserve for price fluctuations	972.6	891.1	(81.4)
Ne	t assets	2,421.0	2,181.2	(239.7)
	Total shareholders'equity	1,544.5	1,552.5	8.0
	Capital stock	500.0	500.0	-
	Capital surplus	405.0	405.0	-
	Retained earnings	639.8	670.1	30.3
	Treasury stock	(0.3)	(22.5)	(22.2)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income		876.5	628.7	(247.8)

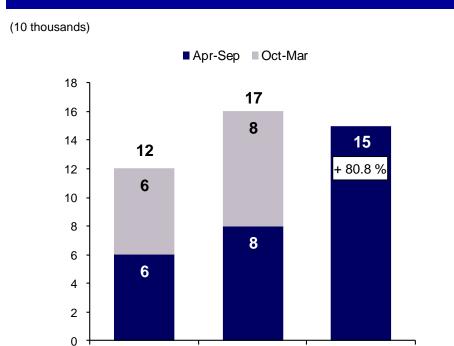
Note: Only major line items are shown.



# **Policy Sales**

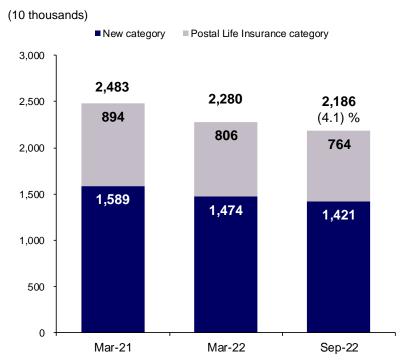
#### **Number of New Policies (Individual Insurance)**

#### **Number of Policies in Force (Individual Insurance)**



FY22/3

FY23/3



Note: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network.

#### **Numbers of Surrender and Lapse (Individual Insurance)**

(10 thousands)

	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3
Full year	51	50	-
Apr-Sep	24	25	22

Note: Sum of "New category" and "Postal Life Insurance category."



FY21/3

### **Breakdown of Policies**

#### **Breakdown of New Policies**

(10 thousands)

	6months ended Sep-21			6months ended Sep-22		
		Number of policies	Share	Number of policies	Share	
In	Individual insurance		100.0 %	15	100.0 %	
	Endowment insurance	6	77.7 %	10	70.8 %	
	Ordinary endowment insurance	4	58.0 %	7	49.7 %	
	Ordinary endowment insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	0	1.4 %	0	1.8 %	
	Special endowment insurance <sup>1</sup>	1	18.3 %	2	19.4 %	
	Whole life insurance	0	9.9 %	2	17.2 %	
	Ordinary whole life insurance (Fixed amount type)	0	2.2 %	0	4.9 %	
	Ordinary whole life insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	0	0.6 %	0	1.1 %	
	Ordinary whole life insurance (Increased amount type)	0	5.3 %	1	8.3 %	
	Special whole life insurance	0	1.8 %	0	2.9 %	
	Educational endowment insurance	0	11.6 %	1	9.2 %	
	Other insurance	0	0.8 %	0	2.8 %	

#### **Breakdown of Policies in Force**

(10 thousands)

(10 1100011						
Mar-22				Sep-22		
		Number of policies	Share	Number of policies	Share	
Individual insurance		2,280	100.0 %	2,186	100.0 %	
i	Endowment insurance	785	34.4 %	728	33.3 %	
	Ordinary endowment insurance	509	22.3 %	473	21.7 %	
	Ordinary endowment insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	3	0.1 %	3	0.2 %	
	Special endowment insurance <sup>1</sup>	271	11.9 %	250	11.5 %	
١	Whole life insurance	1,156	50.7 %	1,132	51.8 %	
	Ordinary whole life insurance (Fixed amount type)	352	15.5 %	341	15.6 %	
	Ordinary whole life insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	5	0.2 %	5	0.2 %	
	Ordinary whole life insurance (Increased amount type)	252	11.1 %	249	11.4 %	
	Special whole life insurance	545	23.9 %	536	24.5 %	
I	Educational endowment insurance		14.3 %	311	14.3 %	
(	Other insurance	12	0.6 %	13	0.6 %	

Note1: Only major products are shown.

Note2: Policies in force includes postal life insurance policies.

1. Increased amount type endowment insurance.



# **Quarterly Change of Annualized Premiums from New Policies**

#### **Annualized Premiums from New Policies (Individual Insurance)**

(¥bn)

	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3
1Q	93.5	6.0	11.6	16.6 + 42.0 %
2Q	38.0	9.0	11.2	16.1 + 44.0 %
3Q	12.2	7.2	11.4	<del>_</del>
4Q	3.0	8.3	11.7	_
Total	146.9	30.6	46.1	32.7

#### **Annualized Premiums from New Policies (Medical Care)**

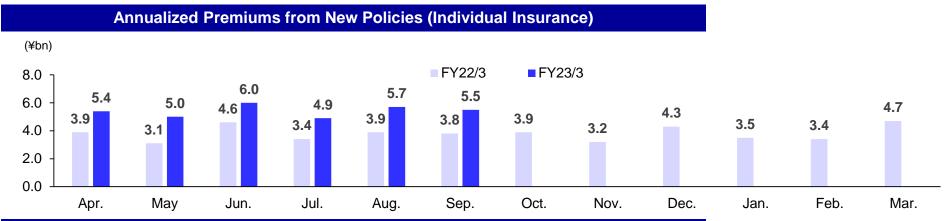
(¥bn)

				* *
	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3
1Q	16.6	0.2	0.4	1.2 + 157.8 %
2Q	4.4	0.4	0.5	1.7 + 234.1 %
3Q	0.8	0.3	0.5	_
4Q	0.1	0.4	0.5	<del>_</del>
Total	22.1	1.4	2.1	2.9

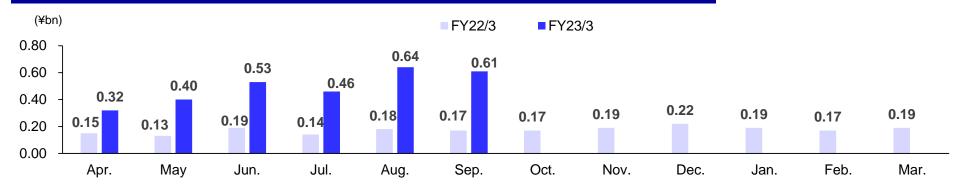
Note: Annualized premiums are calculated by multiplying the amount of a single premium installment payment by a multiplier determined according to the relevant payment method to arrive at a single annualized amount. (For lump-sum payments, annualized premiums are calculated by dividing the total premium by the insured period.) Medical care corresponds to medical and living benefits, etc. Annualized premiums (individual insurance) include the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.



# Monthly Change of Annualized Premiums from New Policies



#### **Annualized Premiums from New Policies (Medical Care)**



#### Medical Care<sup>1</sup> Ratio to Annualized Premiums from New Policies (Individual Insurance)

	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
FY22/3	3.9 %	4.4 %	4.3 %	4.3 %	4.8 %	4.6 %	4.5 %	6.1 %	5.2 %	5.6 %	5.1 %	4.1 %
FY23/3	5.9 %	8.0 %	8.8 %	9.4 %	11.2 %	11.2 %	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>1.</sup> Only for the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.



# Interest, Dividends and Other Income and Capital gains(losses)

#### Interest, Dividends and Other Income

(¥bn)

				(+011)
		6months ended Sep-21	6months ended Sep-22	(Reference) Year ended Mar-22
Investment income		561.3	556.1	1,149.1
	Interest, dividends and other income	497.8	491.5	985.8
	Interest on deposits	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Interest and dividends on securities	450.6	450.8	894.5
	Interest on corporate and government bonds	359.9	351.0	715.7
	Domestic stock dividends	4.8	5.5	10.8
	Interest and dividends on foreign securities	64.6	63.5	127.2
	Others	21.1	30.7	40.6
	Interest on loans	6.9	6.7	14.3
	Interest on loans to the Management Organization	38.1	31.6	72.8
	Rent revenue from real estate	-	-	-
	Interest and dividends on others	2.1	2.2	4.1

#### **Capital gains(losses)**

(¥bn)

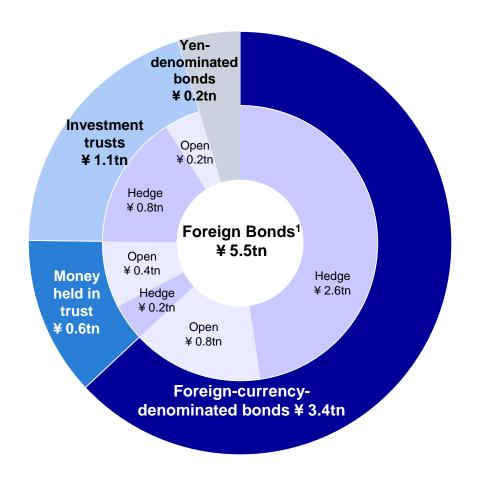
	6months ended Sep-21	6months ended Sep-22	(Reference) Year ended Mar-22
Capital gains	67.6	97.9	169.6
Gains on money held in trust	57.4	36.6	114.5
Gains on sales of securities	4.3	26.6	26.9
Gains on derivative financial instruments	-	-	-
Gains on foreign exchanges	1.2	0.9	20.8
Other capital gains <sup>1</sup>	4.6	33.7	7.3
Capital losses	(59.3)	(170.1)	(164.0)
Losses on money held in trust	-	-	-
Losses on sales of securities	(8.5)	(82.7)	(51.1)
Losses on valuation of securities	-	(15.6)	-
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(3.9)	(15.5)	(7.3)
Losses on foreign exchanges	-	-	-
Other capital losses <sup>2</sup>	(46.7)	(56.2)	(105.5)
Net Capital gains(losses)	8.3	(72.1)	5.6

Amount equivalent to hedging cost related to foreign exchange and gains from cancellation of investment trust is recognized as "other capital gains."

<sup>2.</sup> Amount equivalent to income gains associated with money held in trust is recognized as "other capital losses."

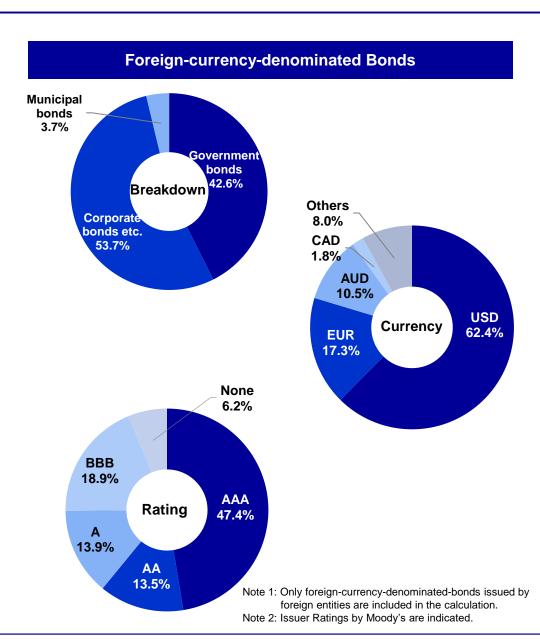
# **Exposure to Foreign Bonds (as of September 30, 2022)**

#### **Breakdown of Foreign Bonds**

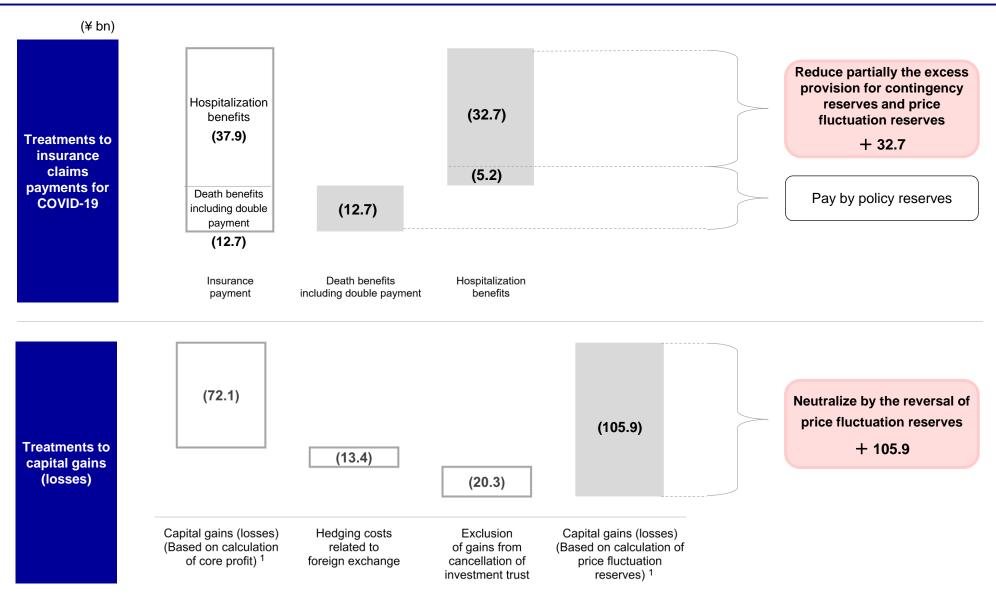








# **Treatments to Payments for COVID-19 and Capital Gains (Losses)**

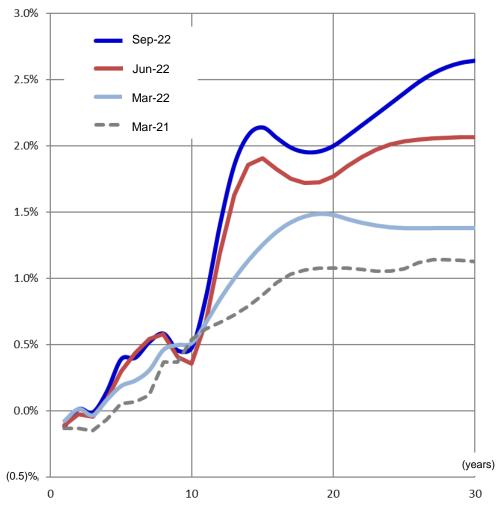


 <sup>&</sup>quot;Calculation of core profit" reflects partial amendment to the method for calculating core profit, while "calculation of price fluctuation reserves" is based on the method to calculate price fluctuation reserves without applying the amendment.



# Fluctuations of Interest Rates (EV Assumptions)<sup>1</sup>

#### Forward Rate (Mar-21 to Sep-22)



#### **Forward Rate**

	Mar-21 Mar-22		Jun-22 <sup>©</sup>	Sep-22 <sup>®</sup>		
10 years	0.539 %	0.513 %	0.359 %	0.479 %		
20 years	1.080 %	1.480 %	1.770 %	1.998 %		
30 years	1.126 %	1.382 %	2.067 %	2.640 %		

Note: The economic assumptions used for the calculation of EV and the value of new business are as follows:

EV as of March 31, 2022: 1

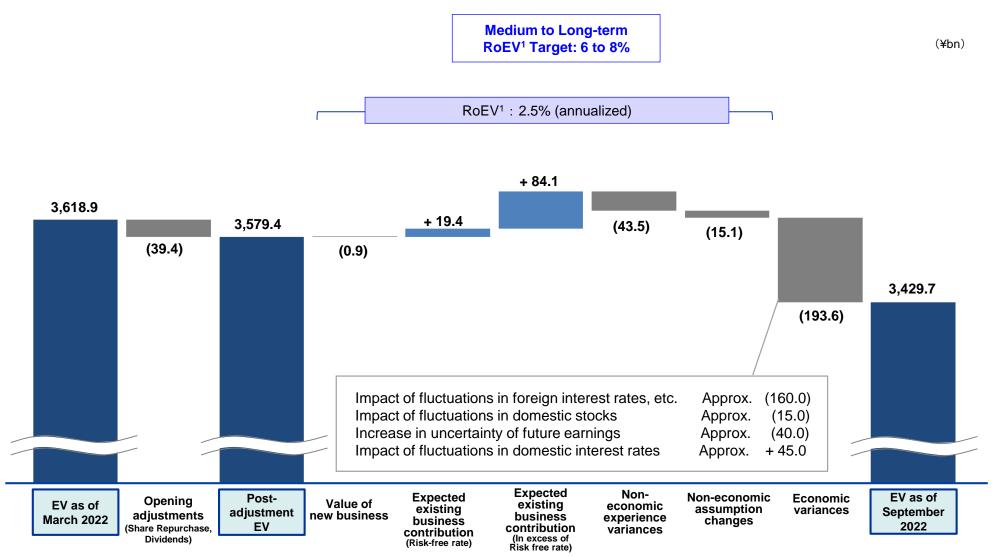
Value of new business for FY23/3 2Q: 2

EV as of September 30, 2022 : ③

1. Interest rates used herein (assumptions for EV) are forward rates calculated based on the market yields on JGBs announced by the Ministry of Finance, Japan.



# **Movement Analysis of EV**



<sup>1.</sup> Calculated by excluding economic variance factors.

Note: Provisional calculations that have not been verified by a third party.



# **Sensitivity Analysis of EV**

#### **Sensitivity to Economic Assumptions**

(¥bn)

Assumptions	EV	Change (%)
50bp increase in risk-free rate <sup>1</sup>	3,343.1	(86.5) ((2.5) %)
50bp increase in risk-free rate of foreign interest rates <sup>1</sup>	3,360.0	(69.6) ((2.0) %)
50bp decrease in risk-free rate <sup>1</sup>	3,497.1	+ 67.4 (+ 2.0 %)
50bp decrease in risk-free rate (parallel shift without zero floor) <sup>1</sup>	3,490.6	+ 60.9 (+ 1.8 %)
30% decrease in equity and real estate value <sup>1</sup>	2,970.0	(459.6) ((13.4) %)
10% appreciation of the yen1	3,340.3	(89.3) ((2.6) %)

	, ,
Adjusted net worth	Value of in-force covered business
1,887.2	1,455.9
1,978.2	1,381.8
2,051.6	1,445.5
2,087.6	1,402.9
1,965.7	1,004.2
1,983.2	1,357.1

#### **Sensitivity to Non-economic Assumptions**

(¥bn)

Assumptions	EV	Change (%)
Future volume of policies in force is 105% of the level assumed in the calculation of EV as of March 31, 20221	3,479.9	+ 50.2 (+ 1.5 %)
10% decrease in maintenance expenses <sup>1</sup>	3,613.4	+ 183.7 (+ 5.4 %)

Adjusted net worth	Value of in-force covered business
1,983.5	1,496.4
1,983.5	1,629.9

<sup>1.</sup> Provisional calculations that have not been verified by a third party



# **Status of Insurance payment for COVID-19**

- Faced with the seventh wave of COVID-19, having implemented payment systems to ensure the prompt payment of insurance claims, hospitalization benefits payments for COVID-19 increased to ¥ 37.9bn, which exceeded payments throughout FY22/3.
- As deemed hospitalizations comprise approximately 90% of all hospitalization benefits payments, considering the revision of conditions to pay for deemed hospitalization on September 26, hospitalization benefits payments for COVID-19 are expected to decrease.

#### Initiatives to ensure the prompt payment of insurance claims

- ◆ Implemented immediate bank transfers
  - Where a customer has made a claim at a post office, etc., we ensure that payments arrive in the customer's account the next working day
- ◆ Launched a dedicated webpage
  - Expanded the range of claims that can be made through the webpage in order to include policies in which an insured person is not a policyholder
- ◆ Set up a temporary call center
  - Established a contact point specializing in COVID-19 claims-related inquiries
- Set up dedicated lines to handle COVID-19 claims
  - Established dedicated lines specializing in COVID-19-related insurance claims at each service center

#### Conditions to pay for deemed hospitalization (Sep. 26 onwards)

- 1. 65-yeas-old and above
- 2. Those who need hospitalization
- Those who are more likely to have severe symptoms and need medications or, affected by COVID-19, need supplemental oxygen
- 4. Pregnant women

Status of insurance payment for COVID-19

		FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3 2Q	Total <sup>1</sup>	
	Death benefits <sup>2</sup>	¥ 4,989.81million		¥ 12,781.21million (4,002policies)	¥ 31,085.59million (9,265policies)	
	Double payment	¥ 2,454.08million (1,450policies)	¥ 6,553.58million (3,800policies)	¥ 6,342.11million (4,000policies)	¥ 15,349.77million (9,250policies)	
Н	lospitalization ¥ 824.57million (14,023policies)		¥ 5,469.51million (110,562policies)	¥ 37,968.38million (921,970policies)	¥ 44,263.20million (1,046,570policies)	
	Payment for deemed hospitalization	¥ 311.45million (7,425policies)	¥ 3,828.37million (94,917policies)	¥ 36,946.16million (908,108policies)	¥ 41,085.98million (1,010,450policies)	

#### [Reference] Status of insurance payment as a whole

	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3 2Q
Insurance	Approximately	Approximately	Approximately
benefits <sup>3</sup>	¥ 5.1trillion	¥ 4.9trillion	¥ 2.4trillion

- 1. Including insurance claims payments in FY20/3.
- 2. Including double payment.
- 3. Sum of "Insurance claims", "Annuity payments" and "Benefits." Insurance claims include cancellation refunds, etc. at the Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network.



# New and Postal Life Insurance Category in the Statement of Income (Non-consolidated)

(¥bn)

	FY19/3		FY2	0/3	FY2	1/3	FY2	2/3	FY22/	/3 2Q	FY23/	3 2Q
	New	Postal Life										
Ordinary income <sup>1</sup>	3,814.7	4,374.4	3,582.6	3,658.6	3,591.8	3,194.6	3,462.1	2,992.1	1,738.7	1,487.6	1,811.5	1,390.8
Insurance premiums and others	3,369.5	590.3	2,786.3	459.1	2,333.7	364.1	2,132.1	286.8	1,123.9	150.8	1,034.3	117.1
Investment income <sup>1</sup>	440.1	764.3	441.2	696.5	448.4	673.6	460.6	688.6	232.8	328.7	254.2	301.9
Other ordinary income <sup>1</sup>	4.9	3,019.8	354.9	2,503.0	809.7	2,156.8	869.3	2,016.6	381.9	1,007.9	523.0	971.7
Ordinary expenses <sup>1</sup>	3,663.5	4,260.4	3,388.2	3,566.1	3,329.3	3,112.2	3,215.3	2,883.2	1,600.6	1,442.6	1,789.7	1,378.6
Insurance claims and others	2,837.9	4,030.9	2,842.0	3,349.3	2,925.4	2,940.6	2,831.7	2,717.5	1,414.6	1,365.0	1,487.0	1,282.1
Provision for policy reserves and others <sup>1</sup>	272.5	-	29.9	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	19.8	2.2
Investment expenses <sup>1</sup>	99.1	46.8	85.7	38.2	59.5	11.7	56.5	13.3	17.3	2.0	102.0	14.9
Operating expenses	376.2	142.1	336.3	135.8	275.4	126.6	263.0	121.5	133.2	58.9	153.2	67.2
Other ordinary expenses	77.7	40.4	94.2	42.7	68.9	33.2	64.0	30.7	35.3	16.6	27.4	12.0
Ordinary profit	151.1	113.9	194.3	92.4	262.5	82.4	246.7	108.9	138.1	44.9	21.8	12.1
Extraordinary gains and losses <sup>2</sup>	13.8	3.6	9.3	29.8	(23.6)	(23.1)	(22.3)	(40.0)	(23.8)	(11.9)	56.3	24.9
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	19.6	92.1	15.4	93.7	18.7	46.7	18.2	54.8	8.9	27.0	8.3	18.7
Income before income taxes	145.3	25.5	188.2	28.5	220.2	12.6	206.1	14.0	105.2	5.9	69.7	18.3
Total income taxes	41.1	8.7	54.9	10.7	61.1	6.0	57.3	4.9	29.5	1.7	24.3	15.7
Net income	104.1	16.7	133.3	17.8	159.0	6.5	148.7	9.1	75.7	4.2	45.4	2.5

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

<sup>2. &</sup>quot;Extraordinary gains and losses" includes "Price fluctuations reserve, provision" and "Price fluctuations reserve, reversal."



<sup>1.</sup> Adjusted if the resulting number for the new category is negative when the Postal Life Insurance category is subtracted from Japan Post Insurance as a whole. (E.g.: FY22/3, ¥ 0.1billion was added to "Gains on foreign exchanges," under "Investment income," and to "Losses on foreign exchanges," under "Investment expenses")

# Figures by New and Postal Life Insurance Categories (Non-Consolidated)

		FY19/3	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY22/3 2Q	FY23/3 2Q
Total assets	¥mn	73,904,576	71,667,398	70,173,857	67,174,848	68,344,716	64,746,626
Postal Life Insurance category		41,354,076	39,225,493	37,815,270	35,929,138	36,763,223	34,576,323
New category		32,550,500	32,441,904	32,358,586	31,245,710	31,581,492	30,170,303
Number of policies in force	(000)	29,143	27,070	24,837	22,802	23,807	21,861
Postal Life Insurance category (insurance)		11,048	9,907	8,944	8,061	8,502	7,645
New category (individual insurance)		18,095	17,163	15,893	14,740	15,305	14,215
Numbers of new policies	(000)	1,711	644	124	173	83	150
Numbers of cancelled policies <sup>1</sup>	(000)	2,965	2,714	2,256	2,196	1,106	1,062
Postal Life Insurance category (insurance)		1,430	1,141	959	880	442	388
New category (individual insurance)		1,534	1,572	1,296	1,316	664	673
Contingency reserve (reversal) provision	¥mn	(151,592)	(165,388)	(186,023)	79,651	37,834	(1,541)
Postal Life Insurance category		(173,590)	(170,814)	(191,014)	73,581	34,749	21,505
New category		21,997	5,425	4,991	6,069	3,084	(23,047)
Price fluctuations reserve (reversal) provision <sup>2</sup>	¥mn	(19,251)	(39,152)	46,477	67,789	35,572	(81,410)
Postal Life Insurance category		(3,686)	(29,845)	23,121	40,045	11,942	(24,913)
New category		(15,564)	(9,306)	23,355	27,743	23,629	(56,497)
Additional policy reserve (reversal) provision	¥mn	(50,292)	(49,750)	27,652	(239,366)	(117,461)	(119,938)
Postal Life Insurance category		(46,698)	(46,396)	30,553	(236,996)	(116,206)	(118,961)
New category		(3,594)	(3,354)	(2,901)	(2,369)	(1,254)	(976)

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.



<sup>1. &</sup>quot;Numbers of cancelled policies" shows the sum of death, maturity, surrender and lapse.

<sup>2.</sup> Plus signs indicate provisions, while brackets ( ) indicate reversals.

# **Key Financial Indicators**

	FY19/3	FY20/3	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY22/3 2Q	FY23/3 2Q
Insurance premiums and others	3,959.9	3,245.5	2,697.9	2,418.9	1,274.8	1,151.4
Operating expenses etc <sup>1</sup>	636.8	609.4	503.5	479.0	243.4	259.5
Ordinary profit	264.8	286.6	345.7	356.1	183.8	34.5
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	111.8	109.2	65.4	73.1	36.0	27.1
Net income	120.4	150.6	166.1	158.0	80.5	48.2
Net assets	2,135.1	1,928.3	2,841.4	2,421.0	2,664.3	2,181.2
Total assets	73,905.0	71,664.7	70,172.9	67,174.7	68,343.4	64,748.1
Return on equity	5.8 %	7.4 %	7.0 %	6.0 %	-	-
RoEV <sup>2</sup>	8.6 %	(2.8) %	5.0 %	4.0 %	4.7 %	2.5 %
Dividends to shareholders	43.2	42.7	42.7	35.9	17.9	17.9
Share repurchase	99.9 <sup>3</sup>	-	358.8 <sup>4</sup>	21.5 <sup>5</sup>	-	-
Total return ratio	118.9 %	28.4 %	241.8 %	Approx. 45 %	-	-
EV	3,925.7	3,324.2	4,026.2	3,618.9	3,791.4	3,429.7
Value of New Business	223.8	60.6	(12.7)	(11.5)	(5.2)	(0.9)
Core profit (Non-consolidated)	377.1	400.6	421.9	429.7	212.5	104.6
Core profit attributable to life insurance activities	318.7	320.1	345.6	296.4	158.5	44.1
Spread (positive/negative spread) 7	58.4	80.4	76.3	133.3	53.9	60.4

- 1. Sum of Operating expenses and Other ordinary expenses.
- 2. Calculated by excluding economic variance factors.
- 3. Share repurchase in April 2019.
- 4. Share repurchase in May 2021.
- 5. Share repurchase implemented until September 30, 2022, based on the decision on August 10, 2022
- 6. Assuming the implementation of the acquisition of ¥ 35.0bn (maximum) treasury stock as decided on August 10, 2022
- 7. Following the partial amendment to the method for calculating core profit in FY23/3, Core profit (Non-consolidated) and Spread (positive/negative spread) are calculated by using the revised method from FY22/3 onward, as opposed to the period between FY19/3 and FY21/3.



(¥bn)

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Although Japan Post Insurance pays close attention to provide English translation of the information disclosed in Japanese, the Japanese original prevails over its English translation in the case of any discrepancy.