

[Provisional Translation Only]

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Ichigo (2337)

Additional Accounting Notes for the Twenty-Third Annual Shareholder Meeting

- Business Report
 - Employee Stock Option Details
 - Controls to Ensure Appropriate Business Conduct
- Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
- Notes to the Parent Financial Statements

Pursuant to Japanese law and Article 14 of Ichigo's Articles of Incorporation, these Notes are posted on Ichigo's website at www.ichigo.gr.jp/en

Employee Stock Option Details

1. Stock Options Issued as Compensation for Execution of Duties by Officers

		15th Stock Option Plan	
Date of resolution		January 13, 2017	
Nu	mber of stock options	1,498,500 units ¹	
Ty	pe and number of shares	1,498,500 common shares (1 share per unit)	
Issu	ue price	N/A	
Exe	ercise price	JPY 423 per share	
Exercise period		January 14, 2020 – January 13, 2025	
Exercise conditions ²			
ails	Directors (excluding Independent Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	260,000 units 260,000 shares 3
Holding Details	Independent Directors	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	60,000 units 60,000 shares 4
Hol	Statutory Executive Officers (excluding those who are also	Number of stock options: Number of shares:	231,200 units 231,200 shares
	Directors)	Number of holders:	7

¹ Of the total stock options 551,200 units have been issued to Officers. (No units have been exercised in the fiscal year ending February 2023.)

- (i) Any person who is allotted stock options is required to remain in the position of Director, Statutory Executive Officer, or employee of Ichigo, or Director, Statutory Executive Officer, Auditor or employee of Ichigo's subsidiaries and other similar positions until the rights are exercised, except for retirement due to expiration of term, mandatory retirement, and other cases approved by the Board of Directors.
- (ii) Pledges and other disposition of stock options are not permitted.
- (iii) If a person who is allotted stock options should become deceased, the heir may exercise the rights subject to the conditions provided for in the Stock Options Allotment Agreement as described in (iv).
- (iv) Other conditions are subject to the Stock Options Allotment Agreement entered into between Ichigo and recipient of stock options pursuant to the resolution of Ichigo's Board of Directors.

² Exercise Conditions

		16th Stock Option Plan	
Da	te of resolution	January 12, 2018	
Nu	mber of stock options	1,453,700 units ¹	
Ty	pe and number of shares	1,453,700 common shares (1 share per unit)	
Issi	ue price	N/A	
Exe	ercise price	JPY 519 per share	
Exercise period		January 13, 2021 – January 12, 2026	
Exercise conditions ²			
ails	Directors (excluding Independent Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	218,700 units 218,700 shares 3
Holding Details	Independent Directors	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	67,500 units 67,500 shares 5
Holo	Statutory Executive Officers (excluding those who are also Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	228,400 units 228,400 shares 7

¹ Of the total stock options 514,600 units have been issued to Officers. (No units have been exercised in the fiscal year ending February 2023.)

- (i) Any person who is allotted stock options is required to remain in the position of Director, Statutory Executive Officer, or employee of Ichigo, or Director, Statutory Executive Officer, Auditor or employee of Ichigo's subsidiaries and other similar positions until the rights are exercised, except for retirement due to expiration of term, mandatory retirement, and other cases approved by the Board of Directors.
- (ii) Pledges and other disposition of stock options are not permitted.
- (iii) If a person who is allotted stock options should become deceased, the heir may exercise the rights subject to the conditions provided for in the Stock Options Allotment Agreement as described in (iv).
- (iv) Other conditions are subject to the Stock Options Allotment Agreement entered into between Ichigo and recipient of stock options pursuant to the resolution of Ichigo's Board of Directors.

² Exercise Conditions

		17th Stock Option Plan	
Da	te of resolution	January 11, 2019	
Nu	mber of stock options	1,502,600 units ¹	
Ty	pe and number of shares	1,502,600 common shares (1 share per unit)	
Issi	ue price	N/A	
Exe	ercise price	JPY 432 per share	
Exercise period		January 12, 2022 – January 11, 2027	
Exercise conditions ²			
ils	Directors (excluding Independent Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	177,300 units 177,300 shares 3
Holding Details	Independent Directors	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	67,500 units 67,500 shares 5
Holo	Statutory Executive Officers (excluding those who are also Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	230,400 units 230,400 shares 7

¹ Of the total stock options 475,200 units have been issued to Officers. (No units have been exercised in the fiscal year ending February 2023.)

² Exercise Conditions

- (i) Any person who is allotted stock options is required to remain in the position of Director, Statutory Executive Officer, or employee of Ichigo, or Director, Statutory Executive Officer, Auditor or employee of Ichigo's subsidiaries and other similar positions until the rights are exercised, except for retirement due to expiration of term, mandatory retirement, and other cases approved by the Board of Directors.
- (ii) Pledges and other disposition of stock options are not permitted.
- (iii) If a person who is allotted stock options should become deceased, the heir may exercise the rights subject to the conditions provided for in the Stock Options Allotment Agreement as described in (iv).
- (iv) Other conditions are subject to the Stock Options Allotment Agreement entered into between Ichigo and recipient of stock options pursuant to the resolution of Ichigo's Board of Directors.

		18th Stock Option Plan	
Da	te of resolution	October 14, 2020	
Nu	mber of stock options	1,816,700 units ¹	
Ty	pe and number of shares	1,816,700 common shares (1 share per unit)	
Issi	ue price	N/A	
Exe	ercise price	JPY 340 per share	
Exercise period		October 15, 2023 – October 14, 2028	
Exercise conditions ²			
ils	Directors (excluding Independent Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	240,000 units 240,000 shares 3
Holding Details	Independent Directors	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	75,000 units 75,000 shares 5
Hole	Statutory Executive Officers (excluding those who are also Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	203,000 units 203,000 shares 7

¹ Of the total stock options 518,000 units have been issued to Officers.

² Exercise Conditions

- (i) Any person who is allotted stock options is required to remain in the position of Director, Statutory Executive Officer, or employee of Ichigo, or Director, Statutory Executive Officer, Auditor or employee of Ichigo's subsidiaries and other similar positions until the rights are exercised, except for retirement due to expiration of term, mandatory retirement, and other cases approved by the Board of Directors.
- (ii) Pledges and other disposition of stock options are not permitted.
- (iii) If a person who is allotted stock options should become deceased, the heir may exercise the rights subject to the conditions provided for in the Stock Options Allotment Agreement as described in (iv).
- (iv) Other conditions are subject to the Stock Options Allotment Agreement entered into between Ichigo and recipient of stock options pursuant to the resolution of Ichigo's Board of Directors.

		19th Stock Option Plan	
Da	te of resolution	April 19, 2021	
Nu	mber of stock options	1,855,200 units ¹	
Ty	pe and number of shares	1,855,200 common shares (1 share per unit)	
Issi	ue price	N/A	
Exe	ercise price	JPY 388 per share	
Exercise period		April 20, 2024 – April 19, 2029	
Exe	ercise conditions ²		
ils	Directors (excluding Independent Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	236,200 units 236,200 shares 3
Holding Details	Independent Directors	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	75,000 units 75,000 shares 5
Holo	Statutory Executive Officers (excluding those who are also Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	208,000 units 208,000 shares 7

¹ Of the total stock options 519,200 units have been issued to Officers.

² Exercise Conditions

- (i) Any person who is allotted stock options is required to remain in the position of Director, Statutory Executive Officer, or employee of Ichigo, or Director, Statutory Executive Officer, Auditor or employee of Ichigo's subsidiaries and other similar positions until the rights are exercised, except for retirement due to expiration of term, mandatory retirement, and other cases approved by the Board of Directors.
- (ii) Pledges and other disposition of stock options are not permitted.
- (iii) If a person who is allotted stock options should become deceased, the heir may exercise the rights subject to the conditions provided for in the Stock Options Allotment Agreement as described in (iv).
- (iv) Other conditions are subject to the Stock Options Allotment Agreement entered into between Ichigo and recipient of stock options pursuant to the resolution of Ichigo's Board of Directors.

		20th Stock Option Plan	
Dat	te of resolution	August 19, 2022	
Nu	mber of stock options	1,973,900 units ¹	
Tyı	pe and number of shares	1,973,900 common shares (1 share per unit)	
Issu	ue price	N/A	
Exercise price		JPY 350 per share	
Exercise period		August 20, 2025 – August 19, 2030	
Exercise conditions ²			
ails	Directors (excluding Independent Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	232,100 units 232,100 shares 3
Holding Details	Independent Directors	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	90,000 units 90,000 shares 6
Hole	Statutory Executive Officers (excluding those who are also Directors)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	212,000 units 212,000 shares 6

¹ Of the total stock options 534,100 units have been issued to Officers.

- (i) Any person who is allotted stock options is required to remain in the position of Director, Statutory Executive Officer, or employee of Ichigo, or Director, Statutory Executive Officer, Auditor or employee of Ichigo's subsidiaries and other similar positions until the rights are exercised, except for retirement due to expiration of term, mandatory retirement, and other cases approved by the Board of Directors.
- (ii) Pledges and other disposition of stock options are not permitted.
- (iii) If a person who is allotted stock options should become deceased, the heir may exercise the rights subject to the conditions provided for in the Stock Options Allotment Agreement as described in (iv).
- (iv) Other conditions are subject to the Stock Options Allotment Agreement entered into between Ichigo and recipient of stock options pursuant to the resolution of Ichigo's Board of Directors.

² Exercise Conditions

Stock Options Issued for Compensation for Execution of Duties by Officers and Employees during the Current Fiscal Year

		20 th Stock Option Plan		
Dat	te of resolution	August 19, 2022		
Number of stock options		2,000,000 units ¹		
Type and number of shares		2,000,000 common shares (1 share per unit)		
Issu	ue price	N/A	N/A	
Exercise price		JPY 350 per share		
Exercise period		August 20, 2025 – August 19, 2030		
Exercise conditions ²				
; Details	Employees (excluding those who are Directors and Statutory Executive Officers)	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	1,444,900 units 1,444,900 shares 200	
Holding	Directors and Employees of Subsidiaries	Number of stock options: Number of shares: Number of holders:	21,000 units 21,000 shares 3	

¹ Of the total stock options 1,465,900 units have been issued to employees.

- (i) Any person who is allotted stock options is required to remain in the position of Director, Statutory Executive Officer, or employee of Ichigo, or Director, Statutory Executive Officer, Auditor or employee of Ichigo's subsidiaries and other similar positions until the rights are exercised, except for retirement due to expiration of term, mandatory retirement, and other cases approved by the Board of Directors.
- (ii) Pledges and other disposition of stock options are not permitted.
- (iii) If a person who is allotted stock options should become deceased, the heir may exercise the rights subject to the conditions provided for in the Stock Options Allotment Agreement as described in (iv).
- (iv) Other conditions are subject to the Stock Options Allotment Agreement entered into between Ichigo and recipient of stock options pursuant to the resolution of Ichigo's Board of Directors.
- 3. Other Material Matters regarding Stock Options

N/A

² Exercise Conditions

Controls to Ensure Appropriate Business Conduct

Pursuant to Article 416 of the Company Law and Article 112 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Company Law, Ichigo's Board of Directors approved and enacted a "Basic Policy for the Establishment of Structure of Internal Controls," with details shown below. Pursuant to Article 14 of Ichigo's Articles of Incorporation, Ichigo has made this policy available on its corporate website:

www.ichigo.gr.jp/en/ir/management policies/internal controls.html

1. Internal Controls to Ensure that Statutory Executive Officers and Employees Execute Their Duties in Full Compliance with Japanese Law and Ichigo's Articles of Incorporation (Article 416, Paragraph 1, Item 1 of the Company Law, Article 112, Paragraph 2, Item 4 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Company Law)

Overview

- (1) The Board of Directors complies with relevant laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, resolutions adopted at shareholders' meetings, Ichigo's mission, Ichigo's Code of Corporate Ethics, and Ichigo's Code of Conduct in making its decisions and delegating daily management to the Statutory Executive Officers, who in turn supervise employees within their respective delegated areas of management. The Board of Directors supervises the Statutory Executive Officers by receiving periodic reports on the status of business execution. The Audit Committee audits the performance of both Statutory Executive Officers and employees.
- (2) The Board of Directors sets internal rules, establishes relevant divisions and appoints Statutory Executive Officers, and engages external experts with respect to establishing compliance, financial reporting controls, internal audit, prevention of dealings with anti-social forces, and prevention of insider trading.

Status

- (1) The Board of Directors is comprised of six independent and four internal Directors, and had a total of 9 meetings during FY23/2 with a 96.6% attendance rate. Statutory Executive Officers make decisions and/or seek board approval through board proposals, and report their activities to the Board of Directors at least quarterly. The Audit Committee is comprised of three Independent Directors, and held a total of 18 meetings during FY23/2 with a 100% attendance rate.
- (2)
- (a) Compliance The Compliance Committee held two meetings to deliberate material compliance matters and conducted training sessions based on the company's Code of Corporate Ethics and Code of Conduct. A whistle-blowing system exists, including the ability to directly notify an external lawyer.
- (b) Financial Reporting Controls The President and Statutory Executive Officers of each division and subsidiary work to ensure compliance with internal controls and the evaluation thereof.
- (c) Internal Audit Department The objective of the Internal Audit Department for FY23/2 was to contribute to management level decision-making through a group-wide, risk-based approach along with the Audit Committee and auditors of subsidiaries. Specifically, the Internal Audit Department examined the execution of management duties, the status of investment securities, and the status of information management.

- (d) Prevention of Dealings with Anti-Social Forces Ichigo has written manuals on how to handle Anti-Social Forces as well as rules that require Anti-Social Force clauses to be included in contracts. Furthermore, Ichigo works with the Tokyo Metropolitan Police Department and other external experts in conducting due diligence of business counterparties. (See "System Against Anti-Social Forces.")
- (e) Prevention of Insider Trading Through its internal rules on the management of insider information, Ichigo strictly manages all critical corporate information and ensures proper disclosure thereof. Internal rules require that all officers and employees must pre-clear any transaction in designated securities with the Statutory Executive Officer of their respective divisions.
- 2. Systems to Ensure Proper Storage and Management of Information Required for Execution of Duty by Statutory Executive Officers (Article 112, Paragraph 2, Item 1 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Company Law)

Overview

Ichigo has internal rules with respect to the creation, management, and storage of information and documents pertaining to the execution of duties by Statutory Executive Officers. Ichigo remains fully compliant with all relevant laws and regulations.

Status

Handling of information is stipulated in the Information Management Policy and handling of documents is stipulated in the Document Management Policy, and all officers and employees conduct business in full compliance with both policies.

3. Risk Management Policies and Systems (Article 112, Paragraph 2, Item 2 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Company Law)

Overview

Ichigo's policy is that the Statutory Executive Officer of each division is responsible for the compliance of respective business operations and for managing business risks. In addition, a Chief Risk Officer has been appointed and a Risk Management Division established in order to ensure a proper risk management framework exists across the entire group and to deal with any significant risks that arise. Ichigo's risk management framework also prescribes how to respond to any loss of basic business functions as a result of natural disasters or accidents.

Status

Ichigo continually monitors business execution and the risk thereof, and the Chief Risk Officer reports monitoring results to the Board. Ichigo has business continuity plans that specify how to recover from natural disasters and accidents, and all officers and employees are fully aware of these plans.

4. Systems to Ensure Effective Execution of Duties by Statutory Executive Officers (Article 112, Paragraph 2, Item 3 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Company Law)

Overview

Ichigo provides for efficient and agile execution of duties by establishing clarity with respect to scope of responsibilities and associated authority. Ichigo sets business plans and monitors progress based on the group's management philosophy and mission, annual group policies, and annual business targets. Furthermore, Ichigo holds a regular Senior Management Meeting comprised of the Chairman, President, Executive Vice President, and representatives of each subsidiary to evaluate and make decisions on material business matters.

<u>Status</u>

Statutory Executive Officers execute their duties within their respective delegated scopes of responsibilities without any undue overlap or negligence. For FY23/2, Statutory Executive Officers set their business policies and targets in accordance with the Ichigo 2030 long-term vision and successfully achieved these targets. The Head of Finance provides analytic support to the Senior Management Meeting to support its effectiveness as a forum for vigorous discussion and review of key business issues.

5. Audit Committee and Audit Systems (Article 416, Paragraph 1, Item 1 of the Company Law, Article 112, Paragraph 1, Items 1~7 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Company Law)

Overview

- (1) Ichigo appoints Directors and employees that assist the Audit Committee in the execution of its duties. Such Directors and employees carry out their duties independent from the Board of Directors, other Directors, and Statutory Executive Officers, with any change in appointment requiring the authorization of the Audit Committee.
- (2) Audit Committee Members attend important meetings, and can request explanations from officers and employees as well as view all related materials.
- (3) Officers and employees must report to the Audit Committee or Audit Committee Members matters that have material impact on the business and financial situation of Ichigo. Any person making such report shall not receive disadvantageous treatment for making such report.
- (4) The Audit Committee maintains a close relationship with the Internal Audit Department by discussing audit plans and receiving reports on audit results. The Audit Committee also receives periodic reports from the Independent Auditor as well as exchanges views on any material audit matters.
- (5) The Audit Committee holds meetings with Audit Committee Members and auditors of subsidiaries, attends important meetings at subsidiaries, and receives explanations and reports from subsidiaries in order to assess the appropriate execution of duties by Directors and Statutory Executive Officers of subsidiaries.
- (6) The Audit Committee, at its sole discretion, can appoint external specialists necessary for the execution of audits and can request that Ichigo bear associated costs.

Status

- (1) In accordance with internal rules pertaining to Directors and employees assisting in the duties of the Audit Committee, Ichigo has appointed several employees to assist the Audit Committee and has ensured their independence. Furthermore, the prior consent from the Audit Committee has been sought for any organizational or compensation matter with respect to these appointed individuals.
- (2) In accordance with Audit Committee Rules, the Audit Committee attended important management meetings and received explanations as well as reviewed any relevant materials. In addition, officers and employees have made all required reporting to the Audit Committee, and no disadvantageous treatment has resulted from such reporting.
- (3) The Audit Committee approved internal audit plans and received reports on the results of audits. Furthermore, the Audit Committee has received periodic reports from the external auditor and has engaged in discussion of material audit matters.
- (4) The Audit Committee holds two liaison meetings a year with Audit Committee Members and auditors of subsidiaries, and receives explanations and reports from the officers and employees of subsidiaries.
- (5) The Audit Committee has requested that Ichigo bear the costs associated with auditing of subsidiaries.
- 6. Systems to Ensure Fully Appropriate Business Activities by Ichigo and its Subsidiaries (Article 112, Paragraph 2, Item 5 of the Enforcement Regulation of the Company Law)

Overview

- (1) Ichigo and all subsidiaries share Ichigo's Management Philosophy, Code of Corporate Ethics, and Code of Conduct, and have executed a management agreement requiring that they work collaboratively in dealing with corporate governance, compliance, risk management, and prevention of dealings with Anti-Social Forces.
- (2) Ichigo has appointed a Statutory Executive Officer and established a Corporate Operations Division responsible for monitoring business activities of subsidiaries, and requires each subsidiary to provide business reports.
- (3) With respect to any transaction with Ichigo Trust Pte. Ltd., the major shareholder of Ichigo, Ichigo takes special care to protect the interests of minority shareholders by having the Board of Directors evaluate the purpose, process, and price of any such transactions and ensure that they contribute to increasing Ichigo's corporate value and protect all Ichigo shareholders.
- (4) Ichigo supports, advises, and manages its subsidiaries to ensure their business activities are fully compliant with the Company Law. Ichigo oversees appropriate business conduct of subsidiaries by receiving periodic reports with respect to their business operations as well as execution of duties by Directors and officers.

(5) Through its internal rules on the management of insider information, Ichigo strictly manages all critical corporate information and ensures proper disclosure thereof. Internal rules require that all officers and employees must pre-clear any transaction in designated securities with the Statutory Executive Officer of their respective divisions.

Status

(1) Structure to Ensure that Ichigo Subsidiaries Execute Their Duties in Compliance with Laws and Regulations and Ichigo's Articles of Incorporation

The Boards of each subsidiary have approved a "Basic Policy for the Establishment of Structure of Internal Controls," pursuant to the one established by Ichigo. Audit Committee Members and internal auditors of respective subsidiaries attend Board of Directors meetings as well as any other important management meetings and examine related materials to ensure Directors and officers are executing their duties in compliance with laws and regulations, and Ichigo's Articles of Incorporation.

(2) Structure for Ichigo Subsidiaries to Report to Ichigo on the Execution of Their Duties

The President receives a report every three months from the presidents of each subsidiary with respect to business operations and the execution of duties by Directors and officers.

(3) Structure of Risk Management at Ichigo Subsidiaries

Each subsidiary monitors business risks pursuant to their respective risk management policies, and reports results to Ichigo's Risk Management Division. The Head of Ichigo's Risk Management Division, in turn, reports this information to Ichigo's Board. The Chief Risk Officer provides the Board of Directors with a comprehensive update on the status of group-wide risk management.

(4) Structure to Ensure Efficient Execution of Duties at Ichigo Subsidiaries

Each subsidiary has policies in place to ensure clarity of scope of
responsibilities, with management decisions being made in line with such
policies, therefore resulting in the efficient execution of duties.

Reference: Establishment and Status of Internal Structures to Prevent Dealings with Anti-Social Forces

As part of its internal control systems, Ichigo has established an internal structure to prevent dealings with Anti-Social Forces:

- (1) Ichigo and its subsidiaries have clear policies on preventing dealings with Anti-Social Forces stipulated within its Code of Corporate Ethics.
- (2) Ichigo has appointed the Executive Vice President and the Corporate Operations Division as being responsible in handling requests from Anti-Social Forces, and also receives advice on this issue from external legal counsel. Furthermore, Ichigo augments its efforts in this area by collaborating with external experts such as the Organized Crime Control Division of the Tokyo Metropolitan Police Department, the Marunouchi Police Station, and the National Center for Removal of Criminal Organizations.
- (3) Ichigo's Statutory Executive Officer (Corporate Operations) centrally manages group-wide information pertaining to Anti-Social Forces.

- (4) Under no circumstance will Ichigo heed to the request from an Anti-Social Force, and working together with external experts Ichigo shall firmly reject any request. All contracts with external parties will include language that aims to prevent dealings with Anti-Social Forces. Ichigo will terminate business relationships with any existing counterparty that is identified as being an Anti-Social Force.
- (5) All officers and employees of Ichigo and subsidiaries receive compliance training, and are made fully aware of their obligation to prevent dealings with Anti-Social Forces and escalate any concerns on this matter.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

I. Material Matters for Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

A. Scope of Consolidation

1. Consolidated Subsidiaries

Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 47

Major Consolidated Subsidiaries

Ichigo Investment Advisors Co., Ltd.

Ichigo Estate Co., Ltd.

Ichigo ECO Energy Co., Ltd.

Ichigo Owners Co., Ltd.

Ichigo Marché Co., Ltd.

Miyako City Co., Ltd.

Centro Co., Ltd.

Storage Plus Corporation

Ichigo Animation Co., Ltd.

Hakata Hotels Inc.

Ichigo Si Co., Ltd.

Ichigo Land Shinchiku Co., Ltd. and Ichigo Real Estate Services Fukuoka Co., Ltd., which were merged into Ichigo Estate Co., Ltd. on December 1, 2022, have been excluded from the scope of consolidation.

Three investment partnerships have been excluded from the scope of consolidation because their materiality decreased during FY23/2.

2. Major Non-Consolidated Subsidiaries

N/A

3. Reason Why Some Companies Were Not Classified as Subsidiaries Despite the Possession of a Majority of their Voting Rights

N/A

4. Disclosure of Special Purpose Companies (SPC)

An overview of SPC, SPC transactions, and SPC transaction amounts are noted in **X. Notes on Special Purpose Companies (SPC)**.

B. Equity-Method Accounting

1. Equity-Method Affiliates

N/A

2. Non-Consolidated Subsidiaries Accounted for Under the Equity-Method

N/A

3. Material Non-Consolidated Subsidiaries Not Accounted for Under the Equity-Method

N/A

4. Non-Equity-Method Affiliates

N/A

5. Reason Why Some Companies Were Not Classified as Affiliates despite Ichigo Possessing between 20% and 50% of Their Voting Rights

N/A

C. Fiscal Year of Consolidated Subsidiaries

The fiscal year-ends of consolidated subsidiaries are as follows:

January-end 25 companies
February-end 8 companies
March-end 2 companies
November-end 1 company
December-end 11 companies

For subsidiaries whose fiscal year-ends are in December or January, financial data as of that date have been used. For subsidiaries whose fiscal year-ends are in March and November, provisional financial data (created at a point in time within three-months from March-end) have been used. All necessary adjustments for consolidation have been made with respect to significant transactions which occurred in FY23/2.

D. Accounting Standards

- 1. Valuation of Material Assets
 - a. Other Securities

Securities without market prices (excluding equities)

Mark-to-market (Valuation difference is reported as a component of shareholders' equity; the cost is calculated using the moving average cost method.)

Equities without market prices

Moving average cost method (The valuation method for investment partnerships is noted in 6. (c) Investment Partnerships.)

b. Derivatives Mark-to-market

c. Real Estate for Sale Cost (however, impair assets whose

profitability declines)

2. Depreciation Methods for Material Depreciable Assets

Property, Plant, and Equipment Primarily straight-line method

Useful life Buildings and structures: 8~39 years

Solar power plant equipment: 20 years

3. Accounting Standards for Material Allowances

a. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Reserved based on the record of bad debts with respect to ordinary receivables and loans, plus an estimate of uncollectible amounts determined with reference to specific doubtful receivables from customers experiencing financial difficulties.

b. Allowance for Employee Bonuses

Reserved based on an estimated amount for the current fiscal year.

4. Standards for Recognition of Important Revenues and Costs

a. Recognition of Revenues

Details of the performance obligations and the fulfillment of performance obligations (i.e., time of revenue recognition) accounted for by its core businesses that arise from contracts with Ichigo's and Ichigo subsidiaries' clients are as follows:

Asset Management

Asset-Related Fee Revenue

As for the fees received from the REITs, infrastructure fund, and private funds, the performance obligation to operate and manage an asset arises based on the client contract. A performance obligation is satisfied over a certain period as stipulated in the contract, and revenue is recognized during that period. However, fees linked to asset acquisitions and sales are recognized as revenue at the time of the closing of the acquisition or sale, as the obligation is fulfilled all at once.

Sustainable Real Estate

Revenue from Asset Sales

As for the revenue from asset sales, the performance obligation to transfer ownership of an asset arises based on the purchase and sale agreement with the client. The performance obligation is fulfilled and revenue is recognized at the time of the closing of the sale.

The sale price is determined in the purchase and sale agreement, and part of the sale price is received as a deposit upon the signing of the contract, and the balance is paid when the asset is transferred.

Real Estate Rental Revenue

Real estate rental revenue is recognized in accordance with the Accounting

Standard for Lease Transactions (ASBJ Statement No. 13, March 30, 2007).

In addition, fees arising from the provision of ancillary services to the lease contract are recognized as revenue when the term of service ends or throughout the contract term depending on the details of the agreement.

Clean Energy

Power Production Revenue

Ichigo's consolidated subsidiary bears the performance obligation to supply electricity generated at its power plants based on its power supply contracts with its clients. The performance obligation is satisfied and revenue is recognized at the time electricity is supplied.

5. Material Hedge Accounting Method

a. Hedge Accounting Method

In general, Ichigo adopts the deferral hedge accounting method. However, interest rate swaps and interest rate caps that meet the criteria for special treatment are accounted for under the special treatment method.

b. Hedging Instruments and Hedging Targets

Hedging instruments

Interest rate swaps and interest rate caps

Hedging targets Loans

c. Hedging Policy

Pursuant to its internal rules, Ichigo hedges against interest rate risks that arise from its business activities.

d. Evaluation Method of the Effectiveness of Hedges

Ichigo evaluates the effectiveness of hedging activities with reference to the accumulated gain or loss on the hedging instruments and related hedging targets for a period from the commencement of the hedges to the time of evaluation. Interest-rate swaps and interest rate caps accounted for under the special treatment method are omitted from this evaluation.

Ichigo has adopted the special treatment, pursuant to Practical Solution on the Treatment of Hedge Accounting for Financial Instruments that Reference LIBOR (ASBJ Guidance No. 40, March 17, 2022), for all in-scope hedge transactions.

Details of in-scope hedge transactions are shown below:

Hedge Accounting Method Deferral hedge accounting method

Hedging Instruments Interest rate swaps

Hedging Targets Loans

Hedge Transaction Type Cash-flow hedge

6. Goodwill Amortization Period and Method

Goodwill is amortized on a straight-line basis for a period of 10 to 20 years depending on the specific characteristics of each subsidiary.

7. Other Material Matters Related to the Preparation of the Financial Statements

a. Consumption Tax

For most items, consumption taxes are excluded from the relevant revenue, costs, or expenses.

Non-deductible consumption taxes are generally accounted for as costs in the current fiscal year; however, certain items paid in connection with the acquisition of assets are amortized over 5 years using the straight-line method or are included in acquisition costs.

b. Operational Investments

Operational investments are separated from non-operational investments and are accounted for under Operational Securities Investments and Operational Loan Investments within Current Assets. Profits and losses arising from operational investments are accounted for under Operating Profits and Losses.

Although Ichigo may control the decision-making body of investment vehicles or hold significant influence over them by holding shares, shares are held solely for operational investment purposes and Ichigo has no intention of holding them as subsidiaries or affiliates. Therefore, such investment vehicles are excluded from subsidiaries or affiliates.

c. Investment Partnerships

Ichigo accounts for investments in investment partnerships as Operational Securities Investments. Such investments are recorded at the time the investments are made. Gains and losses distributed from the investment partnerships are recorded as Revenue, and Operational Securities Investments increases or decreases by the same amount. Refunds received from the investment partnerships are credited to Operational Securities Investments.

d. Consolidated Tax Treatment

Ichigo qualifies for consolidated tax treatment.

e. Tax Effect Reflecting Transition to Group Aggregate Tax Treatment From Consolidated Tax Treatment

Ichigo and certain domestic subsidiaries will shift to a group aggregate tax treatment from a consolidated tax treatment from FY24/2. With respect to reporting deferred tax assets and liabilities, accounting items that were subject to change as part of the shift to a group aggregation system and changes in standalone tax rules under the 2020 Tax Reform, Ichigo and certain domestic subsidiaries apply pre-revision tax rules pursuant to the Tax Accounting With Respect to the Shift from the Tax Consolidation System to Group Aggregation System (ASBJ Guidance No. 39, March 31, 2020), and do not apply the rules prescribed under Clause 44 of the Accounting Standards Implementation Guidance for Tax Accounting (Implementation Guidance No. 28, February 16, 2018).

From the beginning of FY24/2, Ichigo will apply the accounting treatment and disclosure rules prescribed under the Accounting and Disclosure Under the Group Tax Aggregation System (ASBJ Guidance No. 42, August 12, 2021) for its reporting of corporate tax and local corporate tax, and tax accounting under its group aggregation system.

II. Notes on Changes in Accounting Policies

Application of Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard

The Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020; hereinafter the "Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard") has been applied from the beginning of FY23/2. Under this accounting standard, revenue is recognized in an amount expected to be received in exchange for goods or services when control of promised goods or services is transferred to a customer. Ichigo applies the transitional treatment provided in the notes to Clause 84, and there is no impact from this change on retained earnings as of the beginning of FY23/2.

Accordingly, the impact from the change in Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard on FY23/2 earnings is minimal.

Application of Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement

The "Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Statement No. 30, July 4, 2019; hereinafter the "Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard") has been applied from the beginning of FY23/2. In accordance with the transitional treatment provided for in Clause 19 of the Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement and Clause 44-2 of the Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments (ASBJ Statement No. 10, July 4, 2019), the Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard will henceforth be applied on an ongoing basis.

Financial instruments such as corporate bonds and other bonds for which it is difficult to obtain a market value were previously recorded on the balance sheet based on acquisition price. Under the Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard, these financial instruments will be recorded on the balance sheet using a market value derived from unobservable inputs based on the best available information.

Ichigo discloses the breakdown of financial instruments by market value in <u>VII.</u>

Notes on Financial Instruments.

III. Notes on Accounting Estimates

Valuation of Real Estate

A. Amount Recorded in FY23/2 Financial Statements

Real Estate for Sale JPY 79,151 million Fixed Assets JPY 166,227 million

B. Information on Material Accounting Estimates for Specific Line Items

Ichigo and its subsidiaries invest in real estate including offices, hotels, residential assets, and retail assets, and record real estate expected to be sold as Real Estate for Sale as of FY23/2-end. Real estate expected to be held over the longer term is recorded as Fixed Assets.

If the net sale value of Real Estate for Sale is less than the book value, the net sale value is recorded on the balance sheet, and the difference is recorded as Valuation Loss on Real Estate for Sale under Cost of Goods Sold. With respect to Fixed Assets, for assets and asset groups that show indications of impairment, if the total undiscounted future cash flow is less than the book value, Ichigo impairs the book value to the asset's recoverable amount and an equivalent impairment loss is

recorded. When recording the impairment loss, the net sale value is recorded as the recoverable amount.

Ichigo uses the lower of the internally-calculated valuation amount based on the direct capitalization method (income approach) and the third-party real estate appraisal value as the net sale value.

Both the internal valuation amount and third-party real estate appraisal value are calculated using the income approach based on the net income or the future cash flows expected to be generated by the real estate assets and the cap rate.

Net income and future cash flow forecasts are impacted by rent levels in the area where the asset is located and by the asset's occupancy. The cap rate is impacted by interest rate fluctuations, land prices per region and asset type, real estate market conditions, and the age, grade, rights, and regulatory compliance of the asset. Due to sustained high real estate transaction prices, cap rates have been trending downward in FY23/2. As a result, the impact on the valuation of real estate is limited. With respect to its hotel assets, Ichigo has reflected a certain level of inbound demand in its forecasts of future cash flows on the back of the lifting of overseas travel restrictions last year. However, compared to pre-Covid levels, the estimates are conservative.

Ichigo makes efforts to reduce the uncertainty of its internally-calculated valuations that are based on publicly available data via means such as obtaining third-party verifications of the cap rates per region and asset type. However, because there exists a large number of factors that impact the estimate of net sale value, any change in the preconditions and assumptions of the valuation caused by a change in business environment may result in the recording of a Valuation Loss on Real Estate for Sale or an Impairment Loss.

IV. Notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheet

A. Assets Provided as Collateral and Secured Obligations

Assets Provided as Collateral

Cash and deposits	JPY 2,395 million
Trade notes and accounts receivable	JPY 181 million
Operational loan investments	JPY 1,324 million
Real estate for sale	JPY 47,551 million
Current assets – other	JPY 12 million
Buildings and structures	JPY 32,822 million
Solar and wind power plants	JPY 9,919 million
Land	JPY 67,623 million
Buildings and structures under construction	JPY 323 million
Property, plant, and equipment – other	JPY 777 million
Leasehold rights	JPY 1,200 million
Total	JPY 164,132 million

Figures shown in Buildings and structures, Solar and wind power plants, and Property, plant, and equipment – other are net amounts.

Secured Obligations

Long-term loans (due within one year)	JPY 6,653 million
Long-term loans	JPY 118,327 million
Total	JPY 124,981 million

B. Non-Recourse Loans

Non-recourse loans are borrowings where funds for repayment are limited only to the value of the underlying real estate and profits from such real estate. The lender has no recourse to Ichigo in the event of a failure of payment.

Assets provided as collateral and the related non-recourse loans are as follows:

Assets Provided as Collateral

Cash and deposits	JPY 4,888 million
Trade notes and accounts receivable	JPY 228 million
Current assets – other	JPY 10 million
Buildings and structures	JPY 12,350 million
Solar and wind power plants	JPY 13,856 million
Land	JPY 29,582 million
Fixed Assets – other	JPY 44 million
Investment and other assets – other	JPY 344 million
Total	JPY 61,307 million

Figures shown in Buildings and structures, Solar and wind power plants, and Property, plant, and equipment – other are net amounts.

Non-Recourse Loans

Long-term non-recourse loans (due within one year)	JPY 4,218 million
Long-term non-recourse loans	JPY 38,012 million
Total	JPY 42,231 million

C. Deferred Gains (Losses) on Long-Term Interest Rate Hedges

Using interest rate swaps and interest rate caps, Ichigo has significantly reduced its interest rate risk should Japanese interest rates rise. Unrealized gains or losses on these hedges are recorded as a deferred gains (losses) on long-term interest rate hedges.

D. Overdraft, Loan Commitment, and Term Loan Agreements

To secure funding flexibility and stability, Ichigo has overdraft, loan commitment, and term loan agreements with financial institutions.

Unused balance of the above agreements (as of the end of FY23/2)

Total amount of overdraft, loan commitment, and term loan agreements	JPY 46,190 million
Draw-down amount	JPY 22,456 million
Unused balance	JPY 23,733 million

V. Notes to the Consolidated Income Statement

Valuation Gains (Losses) on Derivatives

Using interest rate swaps and interest rate caps, Ichigo has significantly reduced its interest rate risk should Japanese interest rates rise. Any increase (decrease) in the market value of these instruments is recorded as valuation gains (losses) on derivatives.

VI. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

A. Type and Number of Shares Issued and Type and Number of Treasury Shares

	Number of shares at the beginning of FY23/2	Increase in shares during FY23/2 ¹	Decrease in shares during FY23/2 ²	Number of shares at the end of FY23/2
Shares issued				
Common shares	505,381,018		_	505,381,018
Total	505,381,018	_	_	505,381,018
Treasury shares				
Common shares	37,466,500	14,552,200	26,500	51,992,200
Total	37,466,500	14,552,200	26,500	51,992,200

¹ Increase in treasury shares due to share buyback: 14,552,200 shares

² Decrease in treasury shares due to sale of treasury shares: 26,500 shares

B. Employee Stock Options

		U	nderlying Nu	mber of Shar	es	Value
Stock Options	Share Type	March 1, 2022	Increase in FY23/2	Decrease in FY23/2	February 28, 2023	(as of February 28, 2023)
14 th stock option issuance	Common shares	1,093,200	_	1,093,200	_	_
15 th stock option issuance	Common shares	1,554,500	ı	56,000	1,498,500	JPY 243 million
16 th stock option issuance	Common shares	1,507,700	I	54,000	1,453,700	JPY 296 million
17 th stock option issuance ¹	Common shares	1,567,000	-	64,400	1,502,600	JPY 111 million
18 th stock option issuance ¹	Common shares	1,897,900	I	81,200	1,816,700	JPY 78 million
19 th stock option issuance ¹	Common shares	1,932,500	l	77,300	1,855,200	JPY 66 million
20 th stock option issuance ¹	Common shares		2,000,000	26,100	1,973,900	JPY 18 million
Total	_	9,552,800	2,000,000	1,452,200	10,100,600	JPY 814 million

¹ The 18^h, 19th, and 20th stock option issuances are currently not exercisable, because their exercise dates are in the future.

C. Dividends

1. Dividends Paid

Ichigo's Board of Directors approved the following dividend on April 19, 2022:

(a) Total Dividend(b) SourceJPY 3,275 millionRetained earnings

(c) Dividend per Share JPY 7

(d) Record Date February 28, 2022
(e) Payment Date May 30, 2022

2. Dividends where the Record Date is in FY23/2, but the Payment Date is in FY24/2 Ichigo's Board of Directors approved the following dividend on April 19, 2023:

(a) Total Dividend JPY 3,627 million (b) Source Retained earnings

(c) Dividend per Share JPY 8

(d) Record Date February 28, 2023
(e) Payment Date May 29, 2023

VII. Notes on Financial Instruments

A. Matters Concerning Status of Financial Instruments

1. Policies on Financial Instruments

Ichigo funds itself primarily via bank loans and bonds, taking into account Ichigo's asset acquisition and disposition activity. Short-term excess funds are managed in liquid financial instruments such as bank deposits, and short-term working capital is financed via bank loans. Ichigo's policy is to use derivatives only for hedging purposes and not for speculative transactions.

2. Details and Risks of Financial Instruments

Accounts receivable is an operating receivable that is exposed to customer credit risks. Foreign currency-denominated financial instruments in overseas business operations are exposed to currency risks.

Operational securities investments are primarily investments in Japanese and foreign equities, and securities investments primarily take the form of equity and are typically investments in companies with which Ichigo has a business relationship. All of these investments are exposed to issuer credit risk, interest rate risk, and market price fluctuation risk.

Bank loans, bonds, and non-recourse loans are for the purpose of financing investments and capital expenditures, and are expected to be redeemed or repaid within approximately thirty years after the fiscal year-end. Floating-rate loans are exposed to interest rate risk, a part of which is hedged using derivative transactions (e.g. interest rate swaps and interest rate caps). Please refer to (I) Material Matters for Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements (D) Accounting Standards, (4) Material Hedge Accounting Method.

3. Risk Management of Financial Instruments

(a) Management of Credit Risk

Operating receivables exist primarily at subsidiaries. Responsible departments monitor the collection status pursuant to the designated procedure for mitigation of collection risk. Other operating receivables arise irregularly, e.g. at the time of investment monetization, and the responsible department determines the execution of the transaction based on the time needed for collection and the credit worthiness of the counterparty and monitors the receivable until it is collected in accordance with the agreement. Ichigo monitors operational securities investments and securities investments with respect to the financial status of the issuers and reviews holding policies, as necessary and appropriate.

(b) Management of Market Risk

Ichigo uses interest rate swaps and interest rate caps for the purpose of reducing interest rate risk on corporate and non-recourse loans. Ichigo monitors operational securities investments and securities investments which have market risks (e.g., real estate funds) or are denominated in foreign currencies regularly for the impact from changes in market value and currency rates and reviews the holding policies as necessary. Derivative transactions are executed and controlled in the Finance Department in accordance with the designated procedure.

(c) Management of Liquidity Risk

Ichigo establishes and updates its funding plan as necessary based on new investment and disposition plans set by the responsible departments, and manages liquidity risk by maintaining short-term liquidity.

4. Supplement to Matters Concerning Market Values of Financial Instruments

Market values of financial instruments include prices based on market prices as well as prices calculated based on rational assumptions where market prices are not available. Such prices may fluctuate, since their calculations include variables that can vary based on assumptions.

B. Adjustments to Market Values of Financial Instruments

Amounts recorded on the consolidated balance sheet, corresponding market values, and their differences as of February 28, 2023 are shown below.

(JPY million)

	Amount Recorded on Consolidated Balance Sheet	Market Value	Difference
Assets			
(1) Securities investments	2,993	2,993	-
Total Assets	2,993	2,993	
Liabilities			
(1) Bonds ³	5,603	5,631	27
(2) Long-term loans ⁴	161,164	161,145	-19
(3) Long-term non-recourse loans ⁵	42,231	42,311	79
Total Liabilities	208,999	209,087	87
Derivative Transactions ⁶	841	841	_

¹ "Cash and deposits," "Accounts receivable," "Short-term loans," and "Income taxes payable" are omitted because they are cash or items to be settled in the short term with market values approximately equal to book value.

	Amount Recorded on Consolidated Balance Sheet
Operational securities investments	47
Securities investments	1,462
Total	1,509

³ "Bonds (due within one year)" are included in "(1) Bonds."

² The amounts of equities without market values and investment partnerships recorded on the consolidated balance sheet are shown below. Such figures are not included in (1) Securities investments. Equities without market values are not subject to disclosure as prescribed in Clause 5 of the Implementation Guidance on Disclosures of Fair Value of Financial Instruments (ASBJ Implementation Guidance No. 19, July 4, 2019). The market value of investment partnerships are not subject to disclosure as prescribed in the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement (ASBJ Implementation Guidance No. 31, July 4, 2019) Article 24-16.

⁴ "Long-term loans (due within one year)" are included in "(2)Long-term loans."

⁵ "Long-term non-recourse loans (due within one year)" are included in "(3) Long-term non-recourse loans."

⁶ Claims and obligations associated with derivative transactions are shown in net amounts. For figures whose net amounts are net obligations, the figure is shown in parenthesis.

C. Breakdown of Financial Instruments by Market Value

Ichigo has classified the market values of financial instruments into three levels based on the observability and importance of the inputs used to calculate market value.

Level 1: Market value calculated based on observable inputs that reflect market prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets

Level 2: Market value calculated based on observable inputs other than those included in Level 1

Level 3: Market value calculated based on unobservable inputs

If multiple significant inputs are used to calculate market value, the financial instrument is classified under the lowest level of the multiple inputs.

1. Financial Instruments Recorded at Market Value in Consolidated Balance Sheet

	Market Value (JPY million)					
	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total					
Securities investments	2,093	870	30	2,993		
Derivative transactions	_	841	_	841		
Total Assets	2,093	1,711	30	3,835		

2. Financial Instruments Recorded at Market Value in Consolidated Balance Sheet

	Market Value (JPY million)				
	Level 1	Total			
Corporate Bonds	_	5,631	_	5,631	
Long-Term Loans	_	161,145	_	161,145	
Long-Term Non-Recourse Loans	_	42,311	_	42,311	
Total Assets	_	209,087	_	209,087	

(Note) Valuation Methods Applied to Market Value Calculations and Explanation of Inputs Used in Market Value Calculations

Securities Investments

Listed stocks are valuated using market price and classified as Level 1 because they are traded on an active market. Meanwhile, because market prices for Ichigo's bonds, which are not actively traded on the market, are not available, the value of the bonds are calculated using the present value of future cash flow discounted by a discount rate and bonds are classified as Level 2.

Derivative Transactions

The market value of interest rate swaps and interest rate caps are calculated using information obtained from the lender banks, and are classified as Level 2. The market value of interest rate swaps and interest rate caps under special treatment is included in long-term loans and long-term non-recourse loans since it is accounted for with the instrument it hedges.

Bonds (Due Within One Year)

The market value of bonds issued by Ichigo is calculated based on the present value of the total amount of principal and interest using a discount rate that accounts for the remaining period and credit risk of the bonds, and is classified as Level 2.

Long-Term Loans and Long-Term Non-Recourse Loans

The market values of long-term loans and long-term non-recourse loans are calculated based on the present value of the total amount of principal and interest using a discount rate that accounts for the remaining period and credit risk of the loans.

VIII. Notes on Leased Real Estate Not Currently Held for Sale A. Income From Leased Real Estate Not Currently Held for Sale

Ichigo and some of its consolidated subsidiaries own leased real estate mainly in the Tokyo Metropolitan area that are not currently held for sale. Income on this leased real estate in FY23/2 was JPY 3,677 million (rental revenue is recorded in Revenue and the cost of lease is recorded in Costs of Goods Sold). Gains on sales of real estate were JPY 4,416 million (recorded as extraordinary gains).

B. Market Value of Leased Real Estate Not Currently Held for Sale

Book Value	Market Value as of Feb 28,		
Mar 1, 2022	Mar 1, 2022 Increase/Decrease ² Feb 28, 2023		
173,165	-6,938	166,227	218,859

¹ Book Value on Consolidated Balance Sheet = Acquisition Cost – (Cumulative Depreciation + Cumulative Impairment Loss)

² The main components of the increase for the fiscal year are JPY 4,699 million due to the acquisition of real estate and JPY 1,373 million from Capital Expenditures. The main components of the decrease for the fiscal year are JPY 9,607 million resulting from asset sales and JPY 3,179 million of Depreciation.

³ Market value as of February 28, 2023 is based upon third-party real estate appraisals and calculated by Ichigo using reasonable indices reflecting market prices.

IX. Notes to Revenue Recognition

A. Breakdown of Revenue From Contracts with Customers

(JPY million)

	Revenue F	rom External	Customers	Inter-	Total
	Revenue From Client Contract	Revenue From Other Sources ¹	Total	Segment Activities or Reclassifi cations	
Asset Management	3,755	_	3,755	485	4,241
Asset-Related Fee Revenue	3,677		3,677	485	4,163
Other	78		78		78
Sustainable Real Estate	18,343	40,294	58,637	1	58,639
Revenue From Asset Sales	13,767	27,377	41,144	_	41,144
Real Estate Rental Revenue	4,246	12,828	17,074	1	17,076
Other	329	88	418		418
Clean Energy	5,576	123	5,699		5,699
Power Production Revenue	5,576	_	5,576	_	5,576
Other	_	123	123	_	123
Total	27,675	40,417	68,093	487	68,580
Adjustment	_	_	_	-487	-487
Amount Recorded in Financial Statements	27,675	40,417	68,093	_	68,093

¹ Revenue from other sources includes gains on sale of real estate based on the Accounting Treatment for Sellers Regarding Real Estate Securitization Using Special Purpose Companies (ASBJ Report No. 15, November 4, 2014) and rental income based on the Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions (ASBJ Statement No. 13, March 30, 2007).

B. Information on Understanding Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Please refer to (I) Material Matters for Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements (D) Accounting Standards, (4) Recognition of Revenues and Costs for information regarding revenue.

C. Information on Understanding FY23/2 and FY24/2 Revenue

1. Financial Instruments Recorded at Market Value in Consolidated Balance Sheet

(JPY million)

	FY23/2
Liabilities From Client Contracts (as of Mar 1, 2022)	1,865
Liabilities From Client Contracts (as of Feb 28, 2023)	3,610
Contract Assets (as of Mar 1, 2022)	_
Contract Assets (as of Feb 28, 2023)	_
Contract Liabilities (as of Mar 1, 2022)	994
Contract Assets (as of Feb 28, 2023)	43

Contract liabilities are advances received as deposits with respect to real estate transactions under the Sustainable Real Estate business. Contract liabilities decrease in line with revenue recognition. In FY23/2, the amount of revenue recognized for the satisfaction of performance obligations from prior periods is not material.

2. Financial Instruments Recorded at Market Value in Consolidated Balance Sheet Ichigo did not have any contracts with an expected contract term over one year.

X. Notes on Special Purpose Companies (SPC)

A. Overview of SPC and SPC Transactions

Ichigo Owners, an Ichigo consolidated subsidiary providing real estate investment services to individual investors, launched a business that allows investors to make diversified, small-scale investments in a broad array of real estate assets pursuant to the Act on Specified Joint Real Estate Ventures. This new business employs voluntary partnerships as part of its structure.

Under this business, investors invest in a voluntary partnership pursuant to a specified real estate venture agreement. The voluntary partnership receives distributions of the income generated from the real estate asset it acquires using the invested funds. dividends on the gains from the real estate purchased via the investments. Rental income and gains on sales associated with the real estate asset are attributed to the investors.

Pursuant to the voluntary partnership agreement, Ichigo Owners receives a fee for serving as managing partner. Ichigo Owners also engages in real estate transactions with the voluntary partnership.

	FY23/2
Number of Voluntary Partnerships	2
Total Assets as of Fiscal Period-end	JPY 1,362 million
Total Liabilities	JPY 3 million

B. SPC Transaction Amounts

(JPY million)

	Transaction Amount	Category	Amount
Real Estate Transactions ¹	868	Revenue	868
Managing Partner Fee ²	3	Revenue	3

¹ The Real Estate Transaction amount is the sale price of the asset at the time of sale, and recorded under Revenue in the Consolidated Income Statement.

XI. Per Share Data

Net Assets per Share	JPY 227.24
Net Income per Share	JPY 20.45
Net Income per Share (fully diluted)	JPY –

Note: Ichigo had no dilutive common shares. Therefore, diluted net income per share information has not been disclosed.

² The Managing Partner Fee is calculated as a percentage of the sale price and recorded under Revenue in the Consolidated Income Statement.

XII. Material Subsequent Events

N/A

XIII. Other Notes

Ichigo wrote down the below asset in FY23/2.

(1) Asset and Write-down Amount

Asset	Туре	Location	Impairment Loss	
Other	Goodwill	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	JPY 712 million	
Clean Energy Plant	Plant Under Construction	Isumi County, Chiba	JPY 91 million	

(2) Write-down Rationale

Ichigo impaired the goodwill and the plant under construction to their respective recoverable amounts based on the current business environment and the cancellation of plant construction. The equivalent amounts were recorded as losses under Extraordinary Losses.

(3) Asset Grouping Method

When applying impairment accounting, Ichigo classifies assets into discrete groups using the minimum asset unit that generate independent cash flow. For goodwill, the grouping method is applied individually. For plants under construction, the grouping method uses each plant as the minimum asset unit.

(4) Calculation of Recoverable Amount

Ichigo calculates the recoverable amount of goodwill based on value-in-use, and the recoverable amount is set to zero because there is no possibility of conversion or sale. For the plant under construction, the recoverable amount is based on net sale price.

Notes to the Parent Financial Statements

I. Material Accounting Policies

A. Valuation Method for Securities

1. Shares in subsidiaries and affiliates Moving average cost method

2. Other securities

Securities without market prices (excluding equities) Mark-to-market

(Valuation difference is reported as a component of shareholders' equity; the cost is calculated using the moving average cost method.)

Equities without market prices Moving average cost method (Valuation

method for investment

partnerships is noted in (G) Other Material Matters Related to the Preparation of the Financial Statements (3) Investment Partnerships.)

3. Derivatives Mark-to-market

4. Real estate for sale Cost (however, impair assets whose

profitability declines)

B. Depreciation Method for Fixed Assets

1. Property, Plant, and Equipment Primarily straight-line method

Useful life Buildings and Structures: 8~39 years

2. Intangible Assets Straight-line method

Useful life Software: 5 years

C. Amortization of Deferred Assets

Issuance cost of shares: Full amount is recorded as cost.

D. Accounting Standards for Allowances

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Reserved based on the record of bad debts with respect to ordinary receivables and loans, plus an estimate of uncollectible amounts determined with reference to specific doubtful receivables from customers experiencing financial difficulties.

E. Accounting Standard for Recognition of Important Revenue and Costs

Details of the performance obligations and the fulfillment of performance obligation (i.e., time of revenue recognition) accounted for by its core businesses that arise from contracts with Ichigo's clients are as follows:

Management Advisory Fee

Ichigo receives a management advisory fee from some of its subsidiaries and its performance obligation is to provide management advice and guidance. The performance obligation is satisfied over a period of time, and revenue is recognized at the time it is satisfied.

Dividend Income

Dividend income consists of dividend income from Ichigo subsidiaries and gains and losses distributed from the investment partnerships. Dividend income from Ichigo subsidiaries are recognized as revenue on the payment date. For details of gains and losses distributed from the investment partnerships, please refer to I. Material Accounting Policies (G) Other Material Matters Related to the Preparation of the Financial Statements (3) Investment Partnerships.

As revenue from dividend income is a financial instruments transaction within the scope of the Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments (ASBJ Statement No. 10, July 4, 2019), it is not accounted for as revenue arising from contracts with clients.

Real Estate Rental Revenue

Real estate rental revenue is recognized as revenue when the term of the provision of ancillary services to the lease contract ends or throughout the contract term depending on the details of the agreement.

Real estate rental revenue is recognized in accordance with the Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions (ASBJ Statement No. 13, March 30, 2007).

F. Hedge Accounting Method

1. Hedge Accounting Method

In general, Ichigo adopts the deferral hedge accounting method. However, interest rate swaps that meet the criteria for special treatment are accounted for under the special treatment method.

2. Hedging Instruments and Hedging Targets

Hedging instruments Interest rate swaps

Hedging targets Loans

3. Hedging Policy

Pursuant to its internal rules, Ichigo hedges against interest rate risks that arise from its business activities.

4. Evaluation of Hedge Effectiveness

Ichigo evaluates the effectiveness of hedging activities with reference to the accumulated gain or loss on the hedging instruments and related hedging targets for a period from the commencement of the hedges to the time of evaluation. Interestrate swaps accounted for under the special treatment method are omitted from this evaluation.

G. Other Material Matters Related to the Preparation of the Financial Statements

1. Non-deductible Consumption Tax

Non-deductible consumption taxes are generally accounted for as costs in the current fiscal year; however, certain items paid in connection with the acquisition of assets are amortized over 5 years using the straight-line method.

2. Operational Investments

Operational investments are separated from non-operational investments and are accounted for under Operational Securities Investments and Operational Loan Investments within Current Assets. Profits and losses arising from operational investments are accounted for under Operating Profits and Losses.

Although Ichigo may control the decision-making body of investment vehicles or hold significant influence over them by holding shares, shares are held solely for operational investment purposes and Ichigo has no intention of holding them as subsidiaries or affiliates. Therefore, such investment vehicles are excluded from subsidiaries or affiliates.

3. Investment Partnerships

Ichigo accounts for investments in investment partnerships as Operational Securities Investments or Investment Securities in Other Affiliates. Such investments are recorded at the time the investments are made. Gains and losses distributed from the investment partnerships are recorded as Revenue, and the corresponding balance sheet item increases or decreases by the same amount. Refunds received from the investment partnerships are credited to the corresponding balance sheet item.

4. Consolidated Tax Treatment

Ichigo qualifies for consolidated tax treatment.

5. Tax Effect Reflecting Transition to Group Aggregate Tax Treatment From Consolidated Tax Treatment

Ichigo will shift to a group aggregate tax treatment from a consolidated tax treatment starting in FY24/2. With respect to reporting deferred tax assets and liabilities, accounting items that were subject to change as part of the shift to a group aggregation system and changes in standalone tax rules under the 2020 Tax Reform, Ichigo and certain domestic subsidiaries apply pre-revision tax rules pursuant to the Tax Accounting With Respect to the Shift from the Tax Consolidation System to Group Aggregation System (ASBJ Guidance No. 39, March 31, 2020), and do not apply the rules prescribed under Clause 44 of the Accounting Standards Implementation Guidance for Tax Accounting (Implementation Guidance No. 28, February 16, 2018).

From the beginning of FY24/2, Ichigo will apply the accounting treatment and disclosure rules prescribed under the Accounting and Disclosure Under the Group Tax Aggregation System (ASBJ Guidance No. 42, August 12, 2021) for its reporting of corporate tax and local corporate tax, and tax accounting under its group aggregation system.

II. Notes to Restatement

A. Application of Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard

The Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020) has been applied from the beginning of FY23/2. Under this accounting standard, revenue is recognized in an amount expected to be received in exchange for goods or services when control of promised goods or services is transferred to a customer. Ichigo applies the transitional treatment provided in the notes to Clause 84, and there is no impact from this change on retained earnings as of the beginning of FY23/2. Accordingly, the impact from the change in Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard on FY23/2 earnings is minimal.

B. Application of Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement

The Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard (ASBJ Statement No. 30, July 4, 2019) has been applied from the beginning of FY23/2. In accordance with the transitional treatment provided for in Clause 19 of the Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard and Clause 44–2 of the Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments (ASBJ Statement No. 10, July 4, 2019), the Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard will henceforth be applied on an ongoing basis.

Financial instruments such as corporate bonds and other bonds that are recognized as being difficult to obtain a market value for were previously recorded on the balance sheet based on acquisition price. Under the Fair Value Measurement Accounting

Standard, these financial instruments will be recorded on the balance sheet using a market value derived from unobservable inputs based on best available information.

III. Notes to Accounting Estimates

Valuation of Real Estate

A. Amount Recorded in FY23/2 Financial Statements

Fixed Assets JPY 7,928 million

B. Information on Material Accounting Estimates for Specific Line Items

Please see the Valuation of Real Estate section under **III. Notes to Accounting Estimates for the Consolidated Financial Statements**.

IV. Notes to the Balance Sheet

A. Assets Provided as Collateral and Secured Obligations

Assets provided as collateral

Cash and deposits	JPY 43 million
Buildings and structures	JPY 204 million
Land	JPY 2,099 million
Property, plant, and equipment – other	_
Shares of affiliated companies	JPY 1 million
Long-term loans to affiliates	JPY 1,399 million
Total	JPY 3,747 million

Figures in Buildings and structures and Property, plant, and equipment – other are net amounts.

Secured obligations

Long-term loans (due within one year)	JPY 100 million
Long-term loans	JPY 725 million
Total	JPY 825 million

B. Contingent Liabilities

Ichigo is guaranteeing the following subsidiaries' loans from financial institutions:

Ichigo Estate Co., Ltd.	JPY 39,918	million
Ichigo ECO Energy Co., Ltd.	JPY 9,688	million
Ichigo Owners Co., Ltd.	JPY 13,637	million
Centro Co., Ltd.	JPY 431	million
Storage Plus Corp.	JPY 1,032	million
Hakata Hotels Inc.	JPY 22	million
GK Daiba Jisho	JPY 8,000	million
GK Kawabata Holdings	JPY 2,966	million
GK Nakasu Holdings	JPY 2,123	million

GK ACZ	JPY 5,194	million
GK Ichigo Yubetsu Barou ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 150	million
Ichigo Toyokoro Sasadamachi ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 79	million
Ichigo Betsukai Kawakamicho ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 114	million
Ichigo Akkeshi Shirahama ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 108	million
Ichigo Yonago Izumi ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 391	million
Sera Aomizu Ushinoro ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 326	million
Ichigo Hamanaka Bokujo ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 793	million
Ichigo Toki Oroshicho ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 221	million
Ichigo Toride Shimotakai ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 227	million
Ichigo Kijo Takajo ECO Power Plant Co., Ltd.	JPY 151	million
Ichigo Ebino Suenaga ECO Power Plant GK	JPY 2,823	million
Total	JPY 88,401	million

C. Affiliate Receivables and Payables (excluding items separately indicated)

Short-term receivables from affiliates	JPY 1,664 million
Short-term payables to affiliates	JPY 227 million
Long-term payables to affiliates	JPY 52 million

D. Deferred Gains (Losses) on Long-Term Interest Rate Hedges

Using interest rate swaps and caps, Ichigo has significantly reduced its interest rate risk should Japanese interest rates rise. Any unrealized gains (losses) on these hedges are recorded as deferred gains (losses) on long-term interest rate hedges.

V. Income Statement

A. Transactions with affiliates

Operational Transactions

Revenue	JPY 6,767 million
Operating expenses	JPY 171 million
Non-Operational Transactions	JPY1,010 million

B. Mark-to-market gains (losses) on long-term interest rate hedges

Using interest rate swaps and interest rate caps, Ichigo has significantly reduced its interest rate risk should Japanese interest rates rise. Any increase (decrease) in the market value is recorded as a mark-to-market gains (losses) on long-term interest rate hedges.

VI. Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Type and Number of Treasury Shares

Common shares 51,992,200 shares

VII. Taxes

Breakdown of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Deferred Tax Assets

Accrued business taxes	JPY 31 million
Surplus for provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	JPY 14 million
Valuation loss on operating securities investments	JPY 173 million
Valuation loss on securities investments	JPY 184 million
Valuation loss on investments in real estate	JPY 1,505 million
Valuation loss on securities of affiliates	JPY 575 million
Other	JPY 248 million
Sub-total	JPY 2,733 million
Allowance for valuation	-JPY 2,534 million
Deferred Tax Assets Total	JPY 198 million
Deferred Tax Liabilities	
Valuation gain on other securities	-JPY 149 million
Deferred gains (losses) on long-term interest rate hedges	-JPY 23 million
Other liabilities	-JPY 2 million
Deferred Tax Liabilities Total	-JPY 174 million
Net Deferred Tax Assets	JPY 24 million

VIII. Related Party Transactions

Affiliation	Name	Voting Rights Held by Ichigo	Nature of Relationship	Transaction	Transaction Amount		Balance Outstanding
				Lending ¹	10.401	Short-term loans to affiliates	11,155
		100%			10,491	Long-term loans to affiliates	31,444
				Interest	312	Current assets – other	54
				received	312	Current liabilities – other	_
a 1 · 1	Ichigo Estate Co., Ltd.		Service contract	Provision of credit guarantee ²	39,918	_	_
Subsidiary				Receipt of credit guarantee ^{7,8}	1,444	_	_
				Receipt of credit guarantee and collateral ^{4,5}	1,474	-	_
				Receipt of credit guarantee and collateral ⁵	10,058	-	_
				Management advisory fee ¹⁰	1,235	_	_
Subsidiary	Ichigo ECO Energy Co., Ltd.	100%	Service contract	Provision of credit guarantee ²	9,688	_	_
Subsidiary	Ichigo Land Shinchiku Co., Ltd. ¹¹	100%	Service contract	Interest received	23	_	_

Affiliation	Name	Voting Rights Held by Ichigo	Nature of Relationship	Transaction	Transaction Amount	Account	Balance Outstanding
Subsidiary	Ichigo Real Estate Services Fukuoka Co., Ltd. ¹¹	100%	Service contract	Interest received	71	1	_
			Service contract	Lending ¹	17,304	Short-term loans to affiliates	11,650
	Ichigo Owners Co., Ltd.				17,504	Long-term loans to affiliates	15,723
				Interest received	235	Current assets – other	42
Subsidiary				Provision of credit guarantee ²	13,637	_	_
				Receipt of credit guarantee and collateral ⁵	13,759	-	_
				Receipt of collateral ³	700	_	_

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Affiliation	Name	Voting Rights Held by Ichigo	Nature of Relationship	Transaction	Transaction Amount	Account	Balance Outstanding
C-1 -: 1:	Hakata Hotels	100%	Service	Underwriting of Bonds ¹	400	Affiliate bonds	2,248
Subsidiary	Inc.	(Indirectly held)	contract	Interest received	8	Current assets – other	8
Subsidiary	GK Daiba	09	TK Equity	Provision of credit guarantee ²	8,000	_	_
Subsidiary	Jisho	U	TK Equity	Receipt of credit guarantee fee	2	Advances received	8
Subsidiary	GK Kawabata	09	TK Equity	Provision of credit guarantee ²	2,966	_	_
Subsidialy	Holdings	U	TK Equity	Receipt of credit guarantee fee	1	Advances received	3
C-1 -: 1:	GK Nakasu Holdings	09	TK Equity	Provision of credit guarantee ²	2,123	_	_
Subsidiary				Receipt of credit guarantee fee	_	Advances received	2
Subsidiary	GK ACZ	09	TK Equity	Provision of credit guarantee ²	5,194	_	_
Substatary	UK ACL	U	TK Equity	Receipt of credit guarantee fee	1	Advances received	9
Subsidiary	Ichigo Ebino Suenaga ECO Power Plant GK	09	TK Equity	Provision of credit guarantee ²	2,823	_	_
				Payment of		Prepaid expenses	2
Subsidiary	GK Shinsaibashi	0_{δ}	TK Equity	credit guarantee fee to guarantor	2	Investment and other assets – other	11
	Jisho			Receipt of credit guarantee and collateral ^{4,5}	1,896	-	_

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Affiliation	Name	Voting Rights Held by Ichigo	Nature of Relationship	Transaction	Transaction Amount	Account	Balance Outstanding
Subsidiary GK LIFT2	GK LIFT2	100	Borrowing &	Borrowing ¹	318	Long-term loans of affiliates	10,371
,			Payment of Interest	Interest paid	321	Accrued expenses	80
Subsidiary GK Kichijoji Holdings	GK Kichijoji	09	TK Equity	Payment of credit guarantee fee to guarantor	1	Prepaid expenses	1
	Holdings			Receipt of collateral ^{3,6}	2,779	Investment and other assets – other	4
Subsidiony	GK Akihabara	09	TV Equity	Payment of credit guarantee fee to guarantor	_	Prepaid expenses	
Subsidiary	Jisho	Jisho	TK Equity	Receipt of collateral ^{3,6}	2,011	Investment and other assets – other	3

¹ The interest rate on loans from Ichigo to affiliates (and in certain cases, from affiliates to Ichigo) is based upon Ichigo's actual borrowing costs, with due consideration to the particular circumstances of the affiliates.

² Ichigo has provided credit guarantees to banks on loans to the subsidiary.

³ The subsidiary has received collateral from Ichigo for loans from banks.

⁴ Ichigo has received collateral from its subsidiaries for a loan of JPY 3,371 million from banks.

⁵ The subsidiary has received both guarantees and collateral from Ichigo for the loans from banks.

⁶ Ichigo has received collateral from its subsidiaries for a loan of JPY 4,790 million from banks.

⁷ Ichigo has received credit guarantees from its subsidiaries for bank loans.

⁸ Ichigo has received credit guarantees and collateral from its subsidiaries for a loan of JPY 1,444 million from banks.

⁹ Although Ichigo holds 0% of the voting rights, its wholly-owned subsidiary holds 100% of managerial authority over the investment partnership (aka TK or Tokumei Kumiai). However, the entity is considered to be Ichigo's subsidiary, because Ichigo has adopted the accounting standard under the Practical Solutions on Application of Control Criteria and Influence Criteria to Investment Partnerships (ASBJ Guidance No. 20, March 25, 2011).

¹⁰ Ichigo engages in the management of certain wholly-owned subsidiaries.

¹¹ Ichigo Land Shinchiku Co., Ltd. and Ichigo Real Estate Services Fukuoka Co., Ltd. were merged into Ichigo Estate Co., Ltd. on December 1, 2022. Accordingly, the above amounts are the transaction value for the period during which they were related parties.

¹² The above amounts do not include consumption tax and other taxes. However, the amounts recorded on the balance sheet do include consumption tax and other taxes.

IX. Notes on Revenue Recognition

Information for understanding revenue recognition is provided in <u>I. Material</u> <u>Accounting Policies</u>, E. Accounting Standards for Important Revenue and Cost.

X. Per Share Data

Net Assets per Share	JPY	157.30
Net Income per Share	JPY	4.69
Net Income per Share (fully diluted)	JPY	_

Note: Ichigo had no dilutive common shares. Therefore, diluted net income per share information has not been disclosed.

X. Material Subsequent Events

N/A