

POLARIS HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

JUNE 2023 SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL FOR THE 149<sup>TH</sup> FISCAL PERIOD



## Financial Highlights: OP and NP turned to black



- Hotel business revenue increased significantly due to the improved revenue management, a 20.0% increase in the number of hotels in operation, a 25% increase in the number of rooms to 5,622, as well as the receipt of funds for opening preparations for newly opened hotels.
- Operating income returned to black due to increasing net sales and thorough implementation of cost saving operations such as reducing rent paid, consolidating human resources, and the discontinuation of unprofitable hotel operations.
- In order to further reduce costs and strengthen our financial position, the Company recorded an impairment loss of 538 million yen as well as 151 million yen restructuring charge for the discontinuation of hotels with declining profitability.
- As a result of the acquisition of shares in Red Planet Holdings (Philippines) Limited ("RP Philippines"), the Company posted a gain of 1,461 million yen of negative goodwill which brings the company back into the black for the first time since the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017.

Unit: JPY million

	FY3/2022 (Actual)		Change vs FY3/2023
Net sales	3,712	7,018	3,306
Operating income	△ 1,332	3	1,335
Ordinary income	△ 1,623	△ 216	1,407
Profit	△ 1,830	534	2,364

### (Notes)

<sup>□</sup> Since the revenue and expenses after the acquisition of RP Philippines will be reflected in the fiscal year ending Mar 2024, they are not reflected in the revenue and operating income for the fiscal year ending Mar 2023 reflects 128 millions yen in expenses related to the acquisition.

Red Planet Hotels Manila Corporation (a different legal entity from the aforementioned-RP Philippines) as described in the January 10, 2023 press release titled "Polaris to Acquire 2 Additional Red Planet Hotel Assets in Central Manila" is scheduled to be completed in the fiscal year ending Mar 2024.

# Financial Highlights: A bigger and better balance sheet



- Total assets increased by 12,618 million yen due to RP Philippines becoming a consolidated subsidiary.
- Net assets increased by 2,718 million yen due to net income including gain on negative goodwill and exercise of stock acquisition rights (Equity ratio: 1.6%→11.8% (+10.2%))

Balance Sheet (Comp	arisum	WILL	13/2022)				Unit : JPY millio
	FY3/2022		<u>Change</u> <u>Comment</u>		FY3/2022		<u>Change</u> <u>Comment</u>
		<u>v:</u>	s FY3/2022			<u>v:</u>	s FY3/2022
Cash and deposits	2,404	4,283	1,879 -	Accounts payable - trade	-	390	390 Due to the acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY390million
Accounts receivable - trade	616	1,839	Due to the acquisition of RP's  1,223 Philippines business +JPY720million	Short-term borrowings	1,099	587	Extension of due date to from the sponsor group △  JPY300million  Repayment of c-tax loan related to the purchase of hotel property △JPY159million
Real estate for sale	5,953	5,857	▲ 96 -	Current portion of long-term borrowings	364	1,094	730 Due to the acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY626million
Other current assets	389	883	Due to the acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY448million	Lease liabilities	20	54	34 -
				Accounts payable - other	477	1,129	652 Contractually reserved portion of the consideration for th acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY457million
				Provision for loss on store closings	-	151	151
				Other current liabilities	227	1346	1,119 Due to the acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY976million
otal current assets	9,362	12,862	3,500	Total current liabilities	2,187	4,751	2,564
Buildings and structures	435	7,046	6,611 Due to acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY6,649million	Bonds payable	-	918	Conversion of convertible bond with stock acquisition 918 rights into straight bonds by changing the terms and conditions
Tools, furniture and fixtures	348	225	▲ 123 Impairment losses	Convertible-bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights	900	-	▲ 900 Same as above
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	-	61	61 -	Long-term borrowings	6,391	10,453	4,062 Due to the acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY4,067million
Land	248	476	Due to acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY228million	Lease liabilities	148	3176	3,028 Due to the acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY3,052million
Right-of-use assets	-	2,040	2,040 Due to acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY2,040million	Asset retirement obligations	167	318	151 -
Construction in progress	-	16	16 -	Other non-current liabilities	2,049	2,126	77 -
otal property, plant and equipment	1,031 6	9,867 29	8,836 23	Total non-current liabilities	9,655	16,991	7,336
Beneficial interests in real estate trust	611	316	▲ 295 Impairment losses	Share capital	1,829	12	▲ 1,817 Exercise of stock acquisition rights to shares +JPY1,094million, Reduction of capital △JPY2,911million
Deferred tax assets	-	390	Due to the acquisition of RP's Philippines business +JPY390million	Capital surplus	2,163	2,528	Exercise of stock acquisition rights to shares  +JPY1,094million, Transfer from Share capital +JPY2,911million and Compensation for a deficiency △  JPY3,640million
Other	1,024	1,187	163 -	Retained earnings	-3,808	366	4,174 Compensation for a deficiency +JPY3,640million Net profit in FY3/2023 +JPY534million
				Treasury shares	-2	-2	0
otal investments and other assets	1,635	1,893	258	Total shareholders' equity	181	2,904	2,723
				Share acquisition rights	10	5	<b>▲</b> 5
otal non-current assets	2,673	11,790	9,117	Total net assets	192	2,910	2,718
otal assets	12,035	24,653	12,618	Total liabilities and net assets	12,035	24,653	12,618
				Equity Ratio	1.6%	11.8%	10.2%

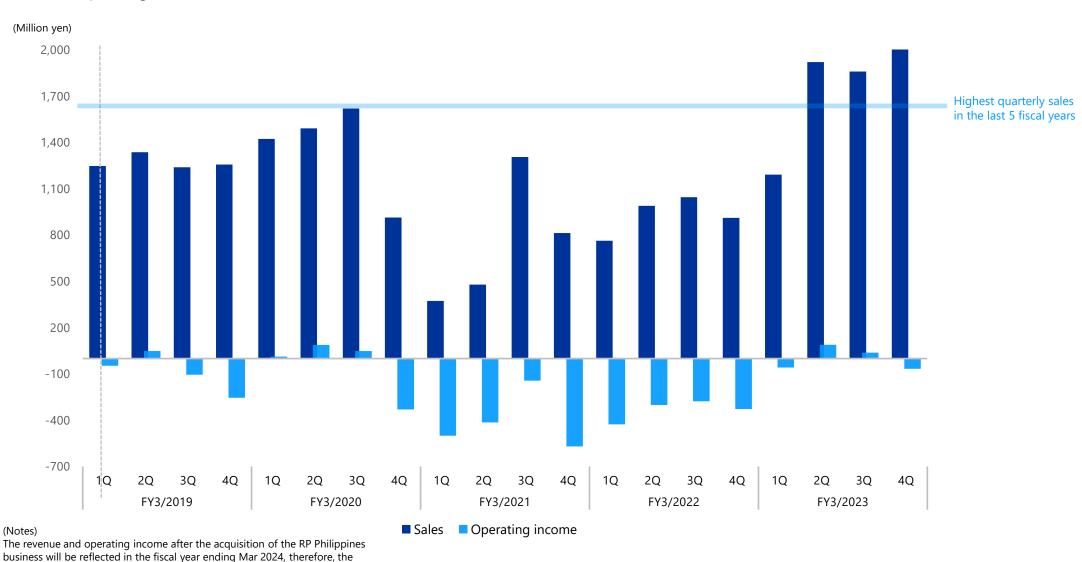
## Financial highlights: Quarterly results best in 5 years

sales and operating income for the fiscal year ending Mar 2023 are not

reflected in the above figures.



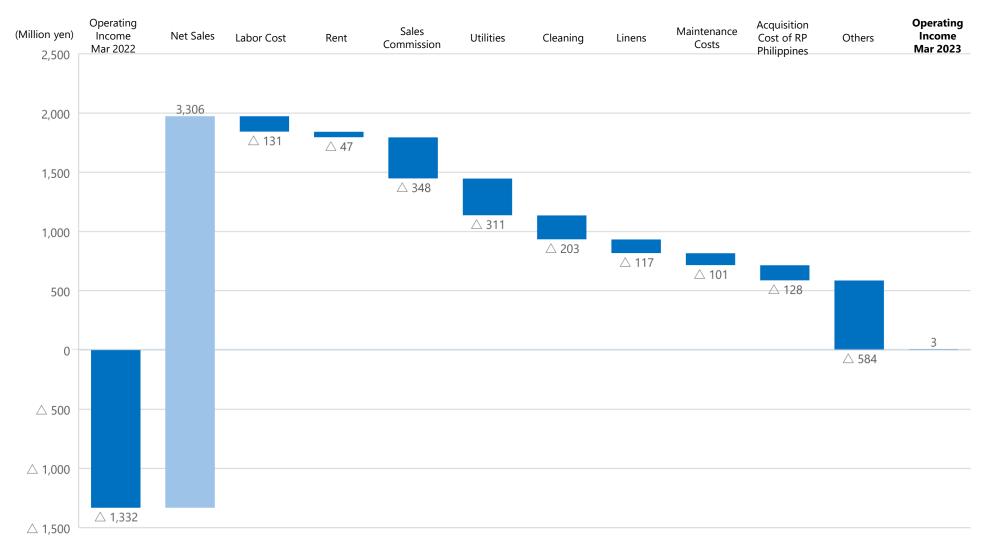
- Despite the continued impact of the spread of the Covid-19, both net sales and operating income have improved significantly since the second quarter, with net sales reaching new quarterly highs for the last five fiscal years.
- In addition to a recovery in existing hotels, the growing number of new management contract hotels significantly boosted both sales and operating income.





## Financial highlights: Net sales/operating income analysis of change

- Net sales increased significantly from the previous period, partly due to an increase in the number of hotels in operation
- Although some expenses rose from the previous period due to the increase in net sales, appropriate cost controls kept the increase relatively low, resulting in a significant improvement in profitability.
- Even taking into account the 128 million yen acquisition cost for RP Philippines, operating income returned to black for fiscal year ended Mar, 2023.



## Financial highlights: Strong growth forecasts for FY2024



- In the domestic hotel business, both sales and operating income are expected to remain strong in FY3/2024 as the Covid-19 disaster subsides.
- Overseas hotel business is expected to see operating income profitability, however, given the relatively high interest rates compared to Japan, both ordinary income and net income are not expected to turn to black until the next fiscal year or later.

	FY3/2023 (Actual)	FY3/2024 (Forecast)	Unit : JPY million Change vs FY3/2023
Net sales	7,018	12,000	4,982
Operating income	3	800	797
Ordinary income	△ 216	100	316
Profit	534	40	△ 494

## Unit: JPY million **Domestic Net sales** 10,000 **Operating income** 600 **Ordinary income** 300 **Profit** 300 Unit: JPY million **Overseas Net sales** 2,000 **Operating income** 200

**Ordinary income** 

**Profit** 

### (Notes)

- ☐ The above forecasts do not reflect the aforementioned results related to the share purchase and sale of Red Planet Hotels Manila Corporation and the results related to the management of several hotels located in Sendai City, Miyagi Prefecture, as disclosed in the "Polaris to Operate Additional Hotels in Sendai, Japan" dated Jan 19, 2023.
- Due to the processing of consolidated financial statements, the fiscal year of overseas subsidiaries differs from that of the Company and reflects the financial figures from Jan to Dec each year. Therefore, the forecast for the fiscal year ending Mar 2024 reflects the financial results of overseas subsidiaries from Jan to Dec 2023.
- The above forecasts are based on information currently available. Actual results may differ from these forecasts due to various factors.

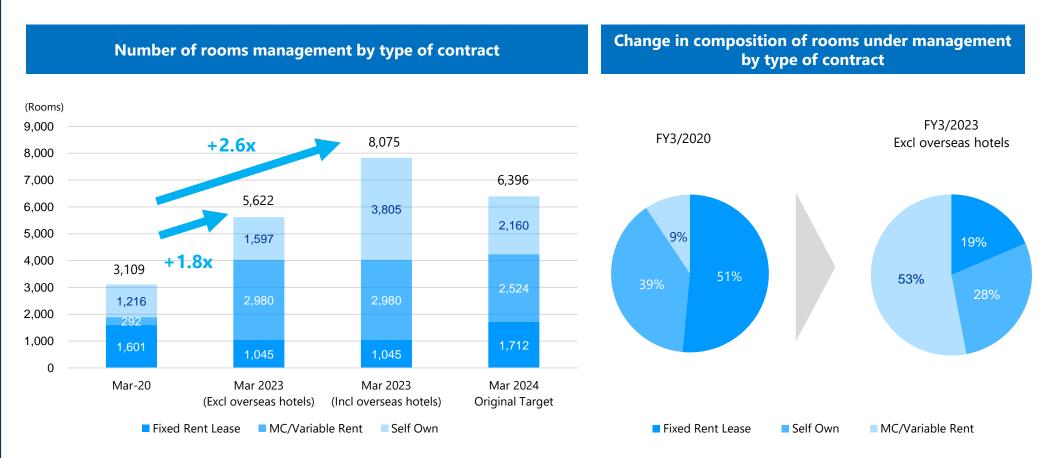
△ 200

△ 260





- Number of rooms under management has grown 2.6 times in about 3 years with sponsor support (1.8 times in domestic alone)
- Achieved the target for the number of rooms under management by the end of Mar 2024 significantly ahead of schedule through the acquisition of Red Planet's Philippine operations.
- Decreased the ratio of rooms under fixed-rent lease contracts from 51% to 19% due to an increase in the number of hotels managed under fee-based management contracts, an increase in the number of company-owned properties, and withdrawal from unprofitable hotels (8 hotels with 864 rooms in total)
- Reform of the revenue structure and reduction of operating costs will strengthen resilience to downside risks.



## **Operations: Expansion of fee-based and variable rent hotels**



- 19 new hotels (3,377 rooms) with competitive fee structures were opened between FY3/2021 and FY3/2023.
- 15 hotels (2,801 rooms) are under fee-based management contracts or full variable-rent lease contracts—the reduction in the fixed rent portion reduces operational risks while promoting the construction of a capital-efficient portfolio that generates stable revenues.

### Added in FY3/2021 Self owned Fixed-rent lease contract Management contract Best Western KOKO HOTEL KOKO HOTEL Best Western Fino Hotel KOKO HOTEL KOKO HOTEL KOKO HOTEL Best Western Plus Fukuoka Hiroshima Kagoshima Tokyo Akasaka Shin Yokohama Sapporo Odori Ginza 1 chome Sapporo Ekimae Fukuoka Tenjin Tenjin Minami Ekimae Tenmonkan 224 rooms 159 rooms 250 rooms 295 rooms 87 rooms 108 rooms 145 rooms 236 rooms 305 rooms

#### Added in FY3/2022 Added in FY3/2023 Management Variable-rent Management contract lease contract contract KOKO HOTEL Premier Osaka Premier Kanazawa Premier Residence Asakusa Residence Asakusa Tsukiji Ginza Osaka Namba Nagoya Sakae Nihonbashi Kobe Sannomiya Korinbo Shinsaibashi Kumamoto Tawaramachi Kappabashi Hamacho 100 rooms 211 rooms 188 rooms 207 rooms 204 rooms 205 rooms 223 rooms 141 rooms 47 rooms 42 rooms 8



## Sponsor synergies: Acquired key properties during hotel downturn

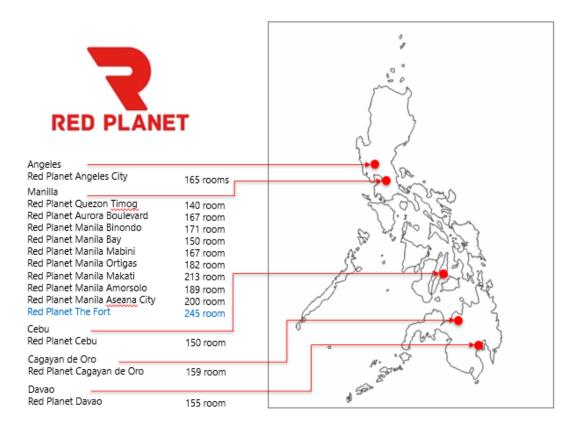
- We used the softening of the hotel transaction market during Covid-19 as an opportunity and with the collaboration of our sponsor, we acquired three hotel properties.
- The Best Western Plus Fukuoka Tenjin Minami and The Fino Hotel Sapporo Odori were initially operated under long-term fixed rent lease contracts, but after acquisition, we succeeded in significantly reducing fixed-rent payment obligations.
- As both properties were acquired below appraisal value, there remains unrealized gains on the property.

	KOKO HOTEL Tsukiji Ginza	Best Western Plus Fukuoka Tenjin Minami	Fino Hotel Sapporo Odori	
			In FIND HOTEL	
Acquisition Date	Acquisition Date Apr 2021		Dec 2021	
Acquisition Price (million yen)	Not disclosed	2,730	3,180	
Note	<ul> <li>✓ The Company and the sponsor jointly purchased, which had been operated by an affiliate of the seller (Polaris owns 6.9% and the sponsor owns 93.1%).</li> <li>✓ As the co-owner and operator, the Company is entrusted with the management of the property under a fee-based management contract and has secured unrealized profit on the property.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ The Company purchased the hotel properties owned by a third party, which was operated by Polaris group under long-term fixed-rent lease agreement, as the owner and operator.</li> <li>✓ Upon purchase, terminated the existing lease agreement, substantially reducing the fixed rent payment obligation and securing an unrealized gain on the properties.</li> <li>✓ Financed part of the acquisition with a loan from a major foreign financial institution based on an appraisal value of the properties.</li> </ul>		



## Sponsor synergies: Acquired second largest Philippine hotel chain

- Acquired 100% of the shares of a group of companies that own and operate hotels in the Republic of the Philippines under the "Red Planet" brand as owner-operators and made them wholly-owned subsidiaries. The acquisition of the group will result in a hotel portfolio of 13 hotels (2,208 rooms).
- The "Red Planet" brand is one of Asia's leading midscale, limited-service hotel brands, providing high quality service in terms of both hardware and software under a unified brand strategy. The brand boasts a high level of operational competitiveness, including a unique customer loyalty program, efficient sales and marketing operations, and an advanced IT platform, etc.
- Red Planet is the second largest hotel operator in the country in terms of the number of rooms managed, and with a dedicated customer base, it operates a highly efficient hotel management business that takes advantage of economies of scale.
- The acquisition of Red Planet allowed for a gain on negative goodwill of 1,461 millions yen—which was recorded as extraordinary income.

















- During the Covid-19 pandemic, we secured working capital and growth capital through various procurement methods in cooperation with our sponsor, with a view to further expanding the number of hotels in operation and ensuring stable management.
- As of Mar 2023, we have secured approximately 4.2 billions yen in cash and deposits and approximately 2.9 billions yen in shareholders' equity to strengthen our financial base.

July 2020
Issuance of 1st convertible bond and stock acquisition rights

- ✓ Issued 1.5 billions yen of convertible bonds with stock acquisition rights and 1.5 billions yen of stock acquisition rights (both with an exercise price of 123 yen, currently 122.5 yen) to raise funds to prepare for the opening of new hotels, repay loans and fund growth
- ✓ The bonds had a clause allowing early redemption at 110.8 yen per 100 yen of the bond amount upon request from the bondholders after Oct 2021, but in Dec 2022, based on an agreement with the underwriters, the convertible bond were changed to the following conditions.
  - The redemption date was extended from Jul 2023 to Jun 2024.
  - > The redemption amount on the redemption date was changed to 110.8 yen per 100 yen.
  - > The convertible bond-type stock acquisition rights were waived.

May 2021 Commitment Line of Credit by the sponsor

✓ Signed a commitment line agreement with the sponsor group for up to 900 millions yen in light of the impact of the prolonged Covid-19 disaster.

Oct 2021
Capital increase through third-party allotment and issuance of stock acquisition rights

- ✓ Raised approximately 5.9 billions yen in growth capital and eliminated excess liabilities by issuing 2.8 billions yen in new shares (32,557,500 shares issued) and 3.1 billions yen in stock acquisition rights (exercise price: 86 yen, maximum 36,357,600 shares issued) through a third-party allocation.
- ✓ Acquired Fino Hotel Sapporo Odori using the funds raised.
- ✓ Already raised approximately 2,180 millions yen by exercising stock acquisition rights.
- ✓ Secured 1,161 millions yen as working capital by changing the use of funds in Sep 2022, as the Company achieved its target of securing the number of hotels to operate by the fiscal year ending Mar 2024 significantly ahead of schedule.

Mar 2022 Additional funding provided by the sponsor

✓ Borrowed 300 millions yen from the sponsor group to secure working capital in light of the impact of the prolonged Covid-19 disaster.

Mar 2023
Additional funding provided by the sponsor and banks

✓ Borrowed 400 millions yen from the sponsor group and 200 millions yen from external financial institutions to secure working capital in light of the impact of the prolonged Covid-19 disaster.

## **Financials: Stock acquisition rights**



# Status of Exercise of Stock Acquisition Rights

regarding

July 2020
Issuance of stock acquisition rights
And
Oct 2021
Issuance of stock acquisition rights

## ■ 2020 Stock Acquisition Rights

### Initial

- ✓ Exercise period: From July 31, 2020 to July 28, 2023
- ✓ Number of stock acquisition rights: 121,951
- ✓ Class, description and number of shares to be issued upon exercise: 12,195,100 shares of common stock

## **Current (as of May 2023)**

- ✓ Number of stock acquisition rights: 116,951
- ✓ Class, description and number of shares to be issued upon exercise: 11,695,100 shares of common stock

Number of stock acquisition rights exercised: 5,000 (Number of common shares to be increased: 500,000 shares, amount of increase in common stock/capital reserve (total): 61,500,000 yen)

# ■ 2021 First Series of Stock Acquisition Rights Initial

- ✓ Exercise period: From Nov 25, 2021 to Nov 22, 2024
- ✓ Number of stock acquisition rights: 325,575
- ✓ Class, description and number of shares to be issued upon exercise: 32,557,500 shares of common stock

## **Current (as of May 2023)**

- ✓ Number of stock acquisition rights: 12,895
- ✓ Class, description and number of shares to be issued upon exercise: 1,289,500 shares of common stock

Number of stock acquisition rights exercised: 312,000 (Number of common shares to be increased: 31,268,000 shares, Amount of increase in common stock/capital reserve (total): 2,689,048,000 yen)

# ■ 2021 Second Series of Stock Acquisition Rights Initial

- ✓ Exercise period: From Nov 25, 2021 to Nov 22, 2024
- ✓ Number of stock acquisition rights: 38,001
- ✓ Class, description and number of shares to be issued upon exercise: 3,800,100 shares of common stock

## Current (as of May 2023)

- ✓ Number of stock acquisition rights: 38,001
- ✓ Class, description and number of shares to be issued upon exercise: 3,800,100 shares of common stock

Number of stock acquisition rights exercised: 0 (Number of common shares to be increased: 0 shares, Amount of increase in common stock/capital reserve (total): 0 yen)





- Steadily strengthening the financial base and securing funds for future growth post Covid-19.
- In addition, as part of our growth strategy to maximize revenues and lower the break-even point of the hotels we manage, we have achieved a significant increase in the number of rooms under management while leveraging the relationships of our sponsor group.

Our Challenge		Our Achievements		
Strengthen financial structure and Securing capital for future growth		<ul> <li>Borrowed 400 million yen from the sponsor group and 200 million yen from external financial institutions to secure working capital in light of the impact of the prolonged Covid-19 disaster</li> <li>Raised funds of approximately 2.2 billion yen by issuing common stock upon exercise of stock acquisition rights (the same amount was recorded in capital stock/capital surplus).</li> </ul>		
Maximize revenue and gross operating profit		<ul> <li>Centralized revenue management teams of five experienced revenue managers were established to develop impactful sales and pricing strategies to maximize revenue and gross operating profit.</li> <li>Revenue management that proactively captures improvement in demand for lodging resulted in a 66.4% increase in ADR compared to the fiscal year ended Mar 2021</li> </ul>		
	Expand Fee-For- Service management	<ul> <li>Due to an increase in the number of hotels under "Fee-For-Service" type of management contracts, the amount of rent paid per saleable room at managed hotels will be reduced by 19% compared to the fiscal year ended Mar 2022.</li> <li>Decrease in the proportion of rooms under lease agreements with fixed-rent payment obligations to 19% (51% in FY3/2020)</li> </ul>		
Lower break- even point	Develop Owner AND Operator model	<ul> <li>Seizing the opportunity presented by the sluggish hotel property market, the Company acquired a portfolio of 13 hotels (2,208 rooms) by acquiring 100% of the shares of a group of companies that own and operate hotels in the Republic of the Philippines under the "Red Planet" brand as an owner-operator and making it a wholly owned subsidiary.</li> <li>The Company will monitor trends in the hotel property transaction market and pursue opportunities to purchase hotels at a discount, especially when prices are low, while considering the realization of potential gains from the sale of properties when prices soar.</li> </ul>		
	Operating expense reduction	Optimized the number of staff per hotel by increasing shift efficiency and multitasking. Reduced labor costs per room by 21% while increasing the scale of operations.		
Evnand o	peration platform by	The number of hotel rooms under management will increase approximately 1.8 times from the fiscal year ended Mar 2020 in domestic alone, and 2.6 times including overseas hotels.		

Expand operation platform by working with sponsor

- fiscal year ended Mar 2020 in domestic alone, and 2.6 times including overseas hotels.
- 8 hotels (1,280 rooms) are newly commissioned based on "Fee-For-Service" type of management contract with Star Asia Group as the owner.



Sustainability



■ The Company will continue with its growth strategies to date and will implement initiatives to further improve profitability and realize management indicators that should be targeted in the current fiscal year, thereby increasing corporate value.

Our Goal	Our Achievements  ✓ Continuous reduction of interest-bearing debt ✓ Improvement of capital adequacy ratio			
Strengthen financial position				
Aggressive expansion	<ul> <li>✓ In Apr 2023, the Company was newly commissioned by a third-party hotel owner to manage "KAYA Kyoto Nijo Castle BW Signature Collection by Best Western" located in Kyoto City, Japan.</li> <li>✓ Plans to be commissioned by Star Asia Group to manage several hotels in Sendai City this fall.</li> <li>✓ In addition, upon completion of the acquisition of Red Planet Hotels Manila Corporation (Republic of the Philippines), Red Planet Hotel Manila The Fort (245 rooms, scheduled to open in Oct 2023), which is being developed by the acquired company, will be added to the hotel under management.</li> </ul>			
Strengthen branding	<ul> <li>✓ Redefinition of the brand concept to strengthen the recognition and brand power of its own hotel brand, KOKO hotel</li> <li>✓ Shift to an active strategy that contributes to differentiation and further profit growth by executing additional investments, including optimization of guest room composition, etc.</li> <li>✓ Further improvement of operations, including reorganization of operations and hospitality</li> <li>✓ Creation of synergies with overseas hotels</li> </ul>			
Optimization of portfolio	<ul> <li>✓ While continuing to lower the break-even point through low-cost operation, selectively consider master lease contracts for properties where earnings opportunities are expected in the post-Covid period.</li> <li>✓ Consideration of a scheme to reduce downside risk by switching from a long-term fixed-rent payment type to a contract with variable rents and low fixed-rent, while at the same time enjoying more upside potential when earnings increase.</li> <li>✓ Continue to promote the own-operator model while monitoring trends in the hotel property transaction market.</li> </ul>			
Strengthening our response to ESG, SDGs and	<ul> <li>✓ Promote various sustainability-related initiatives with the aim of achieving both sustainable social development through addressing environmental issues and contributing to local communities, and medium to long-term growth for the Group.</li> <li>✓ Strengthening governance, e.g. internal control systems, including at overseas hotels, and promoting</li> </ul>			

diversity, including the appointment of female managers.

✓ Further enhancement of corporate governance

✓ Strengthening governance, e.g. internal control systems, including at overseas hotels, and promoting

# Company market trends: Sales, ADR and occupancy all hit five year highs



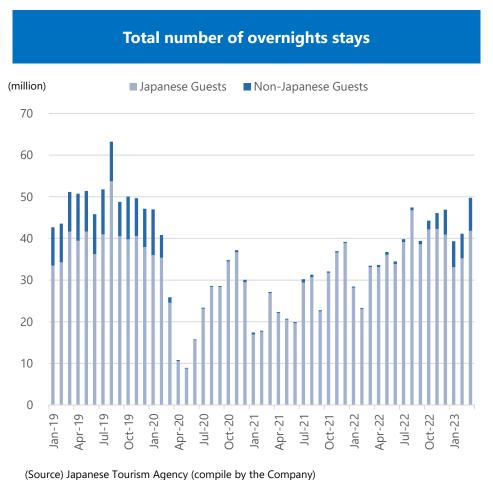
■ Revenue, ADR and occupancy rates all exceeded highest levels in the last five fiscal years—including the fiscal year ended Mar 2019.



## Hotel market trends: Recovery expected to continue



- The number of domestic overnight stays has exceeded the same month for 2019 every month since Oct 2022,
- The number of foreign overnight stays recovered to 100.5% for the same month in 2019 in Mar 2023.
- The number of regular international flights (passenger flights) by nationality has remained at 60% of the winter 2019 level though is expected to recover further due to the continued relaxation of travel measures and increase in flight capacity.







## **Appendix: Platform overview: Hotel profiles by operating contract**

- Long-term fixed-rent lease contracts, which are the most common in Japan are a high-risk management style for hotel operators—especially during market downturns and emergencies, however, during market boom times, hotel operators can enjoy solid profits above the break-even point compared to management contracts.
- In the Covid-19 disaster, the Company group aims to expand the number of hotels under management, focusing on the management scheme with management contract or variable rent contracts for operators, to achieve stable earnings growth.
- Furthermore, when the market recovers, we can consider selling the properties owned by the Group to outside parties and realize gains on the sale while continuing to secure operating revenues.

Contract Type	Fixed Rent Lease	Fixed and Variable Rent Lease	Management Contract	·	
Outline	<ul> <li>Operator rents a building from owner and operator pays fixed rent to owner</li> <li>This type has the highest volatility of profit or loss for the operator</li> <li>Most common type in Japan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Operator rents a hotel from owner and operator pays fixed rent and variable rent linked to hotel revenue or profit to the owner</li> <li>Owner and operator share risk/return regarding hotel profit</li> <li>Type has been increasing in Japan as a result of COVID-19 situation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Owner entrusts operations of hotels to the operator and the owner pays management fees from revenue and profit to the operator</li> <li>This type has the highest volatility of profit or loss for the owner</li> <li>Most common type n the US</li> </ul>		
Risk/Return for Operator	High Risk and High Return	Middle Risk and Middle Return	Stable "Fee-For-Service" (Fee as compensation for service)	Middle Risk and Middle Return (Owner-Operator)	
Conceptual diagram of relationship between hotel operating profit and operator profit	Operator Profit Profit  Hotel Operating Profit	Operator Profit Profit  Hotel Operating Profit	Operator Profit Profit  Hotel Operating Profit Loss	Owner-Operator Profit  Profit  Hotel Operating Profit  Loss	
Hotels Operated by Polaris Group	• BW Osaka Tsukamoto • BW Plus Hotel Fino Chitose • BW Plus Hotel Fino Osaka Kitahama • BW Hotel Fino Tokyo Akasaka • BW Hotel Fino Shin-Yokohama • VTH Ishinomaki • VTH Narahakidoekimae • Kinuura Grand Hotel	•Sure Stay Plus Hotel Shin-Osaka •KOKO Hotel Osaka Namba (Fully variable rent)	*BW Hotel Fino Osaka Shinsaibashi     *KAYA Kyoto Nijyo Castle BW Signature Collection     *KOKO Ginza 1 chome, KOKO Sapporo Ekimae, KOKO Fukuoka Tenjin, KOKO Hiroshima Ekimae, KOKO Kagoshima Tenmonkan, KOKO Tsukiji Ginza, Osaka Shinsaibashi, Nagoya Sakae and Kobe Sannomiya     *KOKO Premier Kanazawa Korinbo, Kumamoto and Nihonbashi Hamacho     *KOKO Residence Asakusa Tawaramachi, Asakusa Kappabashi	BW Plus Fukuoka Tenjin Minami     Fino Hotel Sapporo Odori     VTH Higashi Matsushima Yamoto     VTH Sendai Natori     VTH Furukawa Sanbongi	

## **Disclaimer**



This material is released for the purpose of providing information on the financial results for the fiscal year ended Mar 2023 (consolidated), and not intended as a solicitation to invest.

The information in this document concerning future forecasts, strategies, etc., is based on judgements made by the Company based on information reasonably available to the Company at the time this document was prepared and within the scope of what can be expected in the ordinary course of business.

However, there are risks that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements due to the occurrence of extraordinary circumstances or unforeseeable result that could not have been foreseen in the ordinary course of events.

However, the information contained in this material contains potential risks and uncertainties, and therefore, investors should not place undue reliance on the information contained herein. Therefore, please refrain from relying solely on the information contained herein.

For further details on this matter, please refer to the May 15, 2023 press release titled "[Summary] Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2023 (Under Japanese GAAP)"

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